

# Community Sports & Recreation Facilities (CSRFF) Small Grant Funding Policy

## **Objective**

The objectives of this policy are to:

- Provide an equitable and transparent framework for the assessment and ranking of Grants in line with the Department of Local Government, Sporting and Cultural Industries (DLGSCI) CSRFF Small Grant Funding guidelines.
- Ensure all Capital Seed grant applications are considered as part of a strategic process to ensure the delivery of quality, sustainable facilities which align with the Councils strategic objectives.
- Provide a framework for the allocation of the Capital Seed Funds to assist with leveraging other funding opportunities and maximising the outcomes for the community.
- Provide a framework for the allocation of the Capital Seed Funds should an applicant be unsuccessful in their application to DLGSCI Small Grant Funding programs.
- Establish an assessment process that may be used to assess other project funding requests.
- Limit the City of Albany's contribution to grant eligible projects to 33% of the total project cost.

#### **Policy Statements**

The City of Albany recognises the importance of providing or facilitating physical activity opportunities through accessible, safe and affordable facilities that meet the identified needs of the community.

The City of Albany will encourage and promote physical activity through:

- The provision or facilitation of reserves and facilities for structured community sport and recreation.
- Providing support to sporting clubs.
- Promotion of joint provision of shared and multi-use community facilities.

The City of Albany's Capital Seed Fund aligns with the DLGSCI CSRFF Small Grant Funding guidelines by:

- Developing basic infrastructure for sport and recreation.
- Supporting an increase in participation in sport and recreation with an emphasis on physical activity, through rational development of good quality, well-designed and well-utilised facilities.
- Supporting joint provision and shared use of facilities.

## A. Eligibility

Applicants for CSRFF Small Grant Funding programs must:

- Be either a Local Government Authority (LGA) or not for profit sport, recreation or community organisation.
- Be incorporated under the Associations Incorporation Act 1987 (WA).
- Have an Australian Business Number (ABN).

Applicants for Capital Seed Funding must:

- Be a not for profit sport and recreation community organisation within the boundaries of the City of Albany municipality.
- Be incorporated under the Associations Incorporation Act 1987 (WA).
- Have an ABN.
- Be applying for the DLGSCI Small Grants Round.
- Have discussed their project with the City's Recreation Services staff.

As per the CSRFF Guidelines the types of projects which will be strongly supported for Capital Seed Funds include:

- Upgrades and additions to existing facilities.
- Construction of new facilities to meet sport and active recreation needs.

- Lighting projects.
- Projects which are 'shovel ready'.

Priority will also be given to projects:

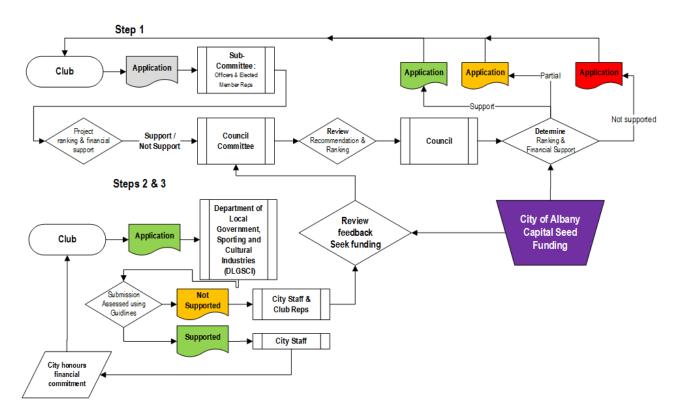
- · Which lead to contemporary models of joint provision, facility sharing and rationalisation; and
- That clearly demonstrate that the project can be delivered and meets the CSRFF guidelines, clubs and communities expectations.

#### B. Financial Contribution

Local government is not obliged to contribute to any successful CSRFF grant.

Request for the Capital Seed Fund may be considered with the following conditions: Capital Seed Fund will only be awarded in support of successful CSRFF applications.

- Capital Seed Funding of a maximum of one third of the total estimated project costs (excluding GST), may be
  awarded to unsuccessful applicants providing that the applicant is able to source the remaining two thirds of the
  total estimated project costs (excluding GST) to enable completion of the project.
- The City's contribution will not exceed a maximum of one third of the total estimated project costs (excluding GST).
- If quotes are inaccurate applicants are responsible for sourcing additional costs.
- Applicants are responsible for understanding and managing the GST component of their grant application.
- Applicants must make at least one attempt to leverage CSRFF funding, and demonstrate that other alternate funding opportunities have been explored.



**Application Process Map** 

## D. Budget Allocation and Timeframe

The total Capital Seed Funds budget to be allocated each financial year to be determined on an annual basis by Council.

Unallocated Capital Seed Funds to be carried forward to the following financial year.

#### E. Out of Scope

It is not the intent of this policy to reference, influence or impact other funding or financial assistance programs delivered by the City, through City Business Units or other programs that may be delivered from time to time, however the assessment process may be used to assess other project funding categories (refer to: Definitions).

#### **Legislative and Strategic Context**

The CSRFF and Capital Seed Funds for community sport and recreation groups directly relate to the City of Albany Community Strategic Plan (As amended) as outlined in table below:

Strategic Plan Theme	Objective	Community Priorities
Health & Participation	To develop and support a healthy inclusive and accessible community	Develop a range of activities and facilities that connect people, promote a healthy community and are appropriate for all ages.  Community Sporting Infrastructure Support Programs (Capital Seed Funds).

#### Responsibility and Policy Custodian Review Position and Date

Oversight and delivery of activity generated by this Policy is within the Community Services Directorate.

This policy and procedure is to be reviewed by the document owner every two years.

This forms part of the future Sport and Recreation Futures Plan suite of documents (2015 – 2030).

#### **Associated Documents**

All following documents relate to this policy:

- Sport and Recreation Futures Plan (2015 2030) Working Draft
- DLGSCI CSRFF Guidelines and Application Form
- DLGSCI Project Assessment Sheet
- City of Albany Public Health Plan

#### **Acronyms**

CSRFF	Community Sport and Recreation Facility Fund
DLGSCI	Department of Local government, Sporting and Cultural Industries
SSA	State Sporting Association
LGA	Local Government Authority

#### **Definitions: 1**

- Health: the World Health Organisation defines health as 'a state of complete physical, mental and social
  wellbeing and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity.' Health and wellbeing take into account the places
  people live and the policies that shape their lives, as well as the individual lifestyles people pursue.
- Organised Sport and Recreation: involves participation in fixtured sporting events (e.g. netball/hockey/football)
  or activities which require the supervision or expertise of an instructor (e.g. aerobics)
- Sport Spaces: provide a setting for formal structured activities. Sport spaces provide a venue for formal
  structured sporting activities such as team competitions, physical skill development and training. Sport spaces
  are designed to accommodate playing surface, buffer zones and infrastructure requirements of specific or
  general sporting activity. Players and spectators attend with the express purpose of engaging in organised
  sporting activity, training, and competition or watch the game. Most sport spaces can be accessed by community
  members for informal sport and recreation
- Recreation: an activity of leisure for free time often done for enjoyment and can be considered healthy, fun and social
- Recreation Spaces: Provide a setting for informal play and physical activity, relaxation and social interaction.
   Recreation spaces can be accessed by all to play, socialise, exercise, celebrate or participate in other activities that provide personal satisfaction or intrinsic reward.
- Active Public Open Space: typically provides for more formal recreational pursuits and organised sporting
  activities (e.g. ovals, soccer pitches, netball courts). Active spaces within parks may also be hard non-green
  spaces, such as basketball and tennis courts which are important facilities for physical activity and exercise
- **Incidental Activity:** includes active play and recreation, for example walking the dog, swimming, walking and cycling for recreation, walking for public transport.
- Open Space Classification (from DLGSCI): based on the function and catchment hierarchy. The function of the space refers to its primary use and expected activities:
  - Recreation spaces provide a setting for informal play and physical activity, relaxation and social interaction
  - Sport spaces provide a setting for formal structured sporting activities
- Nature spaces: provide a setting where people can enjoy nearby nature and protect local biodiversity and natural
  area values
- Co-Location: Locating/integrating two or more facilities on the same or adjacent sites
- Facility Sharing: Locating/integrating two or more groups which utilise the same facility and operate under a shared management structure.
- Categorisation of Projects:
  - Small Grant Projects: Value of total projects up to \$300,000. Projects of this scale are usually local in scale, planning is generally simple and does not require a project/facility manager. The annual and forward planning grants are more complex, require greater planning and consideration through the annual budget process. The financial total project costs for these types of grants are beyond the budget allocation and scope of the capital seed funding policy.
  - Annual Grants Projects: Value of total project costs of between \$300,000 to \$500,000. Beyond the scope of the financial support provided through the Capital Seed Funding Allocation. Projects of this scale are usually of a district level, require significant planning and project management skills. Clubs engage more closely with local government authorities. Annual Grants Projects are usually considered during the Council budget process. Examples Large floodlighting projects, clubroom upgrades, reticulation systems, and new playing services.
  - Forward Planning Category: Are complex projects with total project costs over \$500,000. Complex projects of this nature are usually considered during the Council budget process. Example: Swimming pool, large synthetic fields, new clubrooms, and leisure/recreation centres.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Healthy Active by Design www.healthyactivebydesign.com.au/

Document Approval				
Document Development Officers:	Document Owner:			
Manager Recreation Services	Executive Director Community Services			

# **Document Control**

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# **Document Revision History**

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1.0	Manager Recreation Services	Adoption Reference: OCM 25/08/2015 Resolution CS022. Synergy Ref: NP1547269.	01/09/2015
2.0	Manager Governance & Risk (MGR)	Adoption Reference: OCM 25/02/2020 Resolution CCS214. Synergy Reference: NP20109050	12/03/2020
2.1	MGR	Reviewed with annual review of delegations register in 2021, 2022, 2023.  OCM 28/03/2023 Resolution AR131.	19/07/2023