Development Application Proposed Service Station Development

Lot 60 & 61 (6 & 4) Bayonet Head Road and Lot 62 (212) Lower King Road Bayonet Head, WA PLANNING SOLUTIONS G

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1 Preliminary

1.1 Introduction

Planning Solutions acts on behalf of Liberty Oil Convenience, the proponent of the proposed development at Lots 60 and 61 (6 and 4) Bayonet Head Road and Lot 62 (212) Lower King Road, Bayonet Head (**subject site**). Planning Solutions has prepared the following report in support of an Application for Development Approval for the redevelopment of the existing service station, retail building, and liquor store located on the subject site, culminating in the Liberty Convenience Centre Bayonet Head.

This report will discuss various matters pertinent to the proposal, including:

- Background.
- Site details.
- Proposed development.
- Statutory planning framework.

The coordinated redevelopment of the subject site comprises the modification and modernisation of the existing retail building and liquor store, redevelopment of the service station refuelling facilities, as well as the formalisation of vehicle access, parking, signage, and landscaping on the subject site. Together, the redevelopment will modernise the retail service provided, and improve the flow and safety of vehicles through the subject site.

The proposal will improve the interaction and interface with the broader town centre, and increase the overall capacity of the service station, providing an improved amenity and service to the broader locality. The upgraded development will continue to provide essential and uninterrupted sale of fuel and convenience goods to the local community and patrons traveling along Lower King Road.

Accordingly, Planning Solutions requests the Regional Joint Development Assessment Panel (**JDAP**) approve the development.



2 Background

2.1 Previous Approvals

The existing development was initially approved by the Town of Albany on 5 June 1985. The approved development comprised the initial general store and fuel bowsers. Several amendments to the development have been subsequently approved, including the expansion of the retail building, incorporation of a nursery and kitchen, as well as the installation of a canopy over the fuel bowsers.

A retail liquor store component was approved by the City 10 December 2012.

Refer **Appendix 1** for a copy of the previous development approvals.

2.2 Meeting with the City of Albany

Consultation and pre-lodgement engagement occurred with the City of Albany (City) with respect to the proposed redevelopment.

On 24 August 2020, Planning Solutions attended a meeting with senior officers of the City. The City provided no 'in-principle' objection to the redevelopment from a land use perspective, subject to general compliance with the relevant standards of the planning framework, and development occurring within the boundaries of the subject site. It was also suggested to improve existing hardstand and landscaping where possible to improve the overall appearance of the development.

The outcomes of the above meeting have informed refinement and finalisation of the development application and development plans. Particulars of the proposed development are further detailed at section 4 of this report.



3 Site Details

3.1 Land Description

The subject site comprises three greenfield lots known as Lots 60 and 61 (6 and 4) Bayonet Head Road and Lot 62 (212) Lower King Road, Bayonet Head. Refer to **Table 1** below for a description of the subject site.

Table 1 - Lot Details

Lot	Plan / Diagram	Volume	Folio	Area (m²)
60	Diagram 32620	1368	21	890
61	Diagram 32620	1973	477	2,640
62	Diagram 32620	1512	331	809
			Total	4,339

Refer **Appendix 2** for copies of the Certificates of Title and Diagrams.

3.1.1 Notifications and Encumbrances

No limitations, interests, encumbrances, or notifications applicable to the proposed development are listed on the Certificates of Title.

3.2 Location

3.2.1 Regional Context

The subject site is located within the regional City of Albany, approximately 390km south of Perth, and approximately 270km south-east of Bunbury. The subject site is situated within the suburb of Bayonet Head, a satellite suburb located approximately 5.5km northeast of the Albany city centre.

The subject site is situated at the corner of Bayonet Head and Lower King Roads and is accessed by both roads. Lower King Road is a two lane (one in each direction) arterial road which links the subject site to the Albany city centre. Bayonet Head Road is an undivided road providing access to the surrounding locality and Oyster Harbour to the east.

Bus services are provided along Bayonet Head Road, with bus stops located adjacent to the subject site. The subject site has access to the adjacent footpath network. Bus route 804 connects Oyster Harbour and Bayonet Head to the Albany city centre. No dedicated cycling infrastructure is located in proximity to the subject site.

3.2.2 Local context

The subject site is immediately bound by the Bayonet Head Shopping Centre to the south and a Telstra exchange to the east. Single detached residential dwellings are on the opposite side of Bayonet Head Road. The Allambie Park Cemetery is situated opposite the subject site, on the opposite side of Lower Kind Road. The Eyre and Wylie Memorial is situated within the cemetery and is listed on the City's Municipal Inventory.



Mcgonnell Park is located 100 metres north-east of the subject site. Flinders Park Primary School is situated approximately 730m north east.

Broadly, the subject site is surrounded by low density residential development, cleared and remnant bushland, as well as various rural pursuits.

3.3 Land Use and Topography

The subject site is located within an existing Local Centre, currently comprising a Liberty service station, 'Oyster Harbour Store', and 'Celebrations' liquor store. The Bayonet Head Shopping Centre is located adjacent to the subject site, anchored by Woolworths.

The Celebrations liquor store currently operates within an approved liquor licence area of approximately 352m^2 , which includes the existing serving counter, cool room and display area. A copy of the existing *Liquor Licencing Act 1988* defined licensed area (outlined in red) is provided at **Appendix 3** of this report. A liquor licence for the existing liquor store was granted on 6 June 2014, and amended on 16 April 2018 to extend trading permits.

Two full movement crossovers currently service the subject site. An informal car park is provided on the side and rear of the existing building. A pylon sign is located on the north western portion of the site, within the road reservation.

The subject site slopes gently from a low of 17 AHD in the north west to a high of 21.7 AHD in the south east.

Refer to **Figure 1**, aerial photograph and **photographs 1 – 9** depicting the subject site and surrounds.

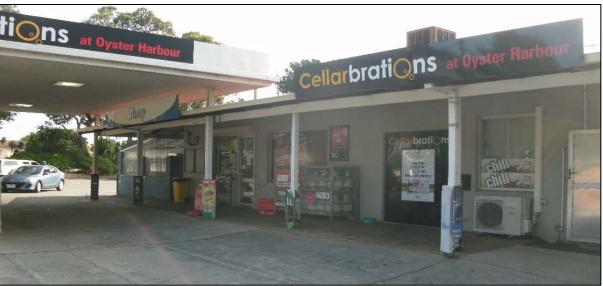




Photograph 1 – Retail building and refuelling facilities, viewed from the north.



Photograph 2 – Refuelling facilities, viewed from the south.



Photograph 3 – Existing retail building entrance and façade.





Photograph 4 – Existing retail building façade, northern elevation.



Photograph 5 – Existing retail building façade, southern elevation.



Photograph 6 – Rear of subject site showing informal parking.





Photograph 7 – Bayonet Head Road, looking west.



Photograph 8– Bayonet Head Road, looking west.



Photograph 9 – Lower King Road crossover, looking west.



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AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH

LOT 60 & 61 (6 & 4) BAYONET HEAD ROAD AND LOT 62 (212) LOWER KING ROAD BAYONET HEAD, WA FIGURE 01



4 Proposed Development

This application seeks development approval for the coordinated redevelopment of the existing local centre on the subject site.

The development comprises the removal of the existing refuelling facilities and canopy, modification and modernisation of the existing retail building, installation of two new refuelling canopies and facilities, replacement of the existing fuel tanks, as well as the formalisation and modification of existing parking, landscaping, and signage.

The proposed redevelopment will continue to provide for the retail sale of fuel, as well as convenience goods and liquor, with no amendment to the approved use proposed.

The proposed development is supported by a range of expert assessment and input which demonstrates it is entirely appropriate from a traffic/access and bushfire point of view. The site is also services by essential utility infrastructure including water supply and wastewater disposal.

4.1 Site Layout and Built Form

Specifically, the proposed development comprises:

 Modification and minor expansion of the existing retail building, comprising a total gross area of 500m².

The modification comprises the removal of the covered courtyard, minor expansion of the building, and reorientation of the internal layout. Ultimately, the building will comprise a retail area, liquor area, independent dining area, storeroom, point of sale and kitchen. The liquor area will be reconfigured to be independent to the retail area.

The upgraded retail building includes new shopfront glazing and fascia signage. A new entrance portal is located to the northern façade facing the petrol canopy.

- Removal of the existing refuelling facilities and canopy on the western portion of the subject site, replaced by:
 - Nine light vehicle fuel bowsers with 18 refuelling bays and new canopy, located within the northern portion of the subject site.
 - Four heavy vehicle bowsers with eight refuelling bays and new canopy, located within the eastern portion of the subject site.

The new canopies comprise 5.0m clearance from the finished floor level.

- A bin store and adjacent loading bay situated on the south eastern corner of the subject site.
- Formalisation of the two existing crossovers.
- Replacement and relocation of the existing underground fuel storage tanks and fill point.
- 15 car parking spaces for customers and staff (including one universal access bay) on the eastern portion of the subject site.
- Approximately 673m² (15.5% of site area) of landscaping (existing and new) along the street frontages and lot boundaries.
- Various Liberty Oil corporate imagery associated with the proposed development, including a 6m-high fuel ID sign at the north-western corner of the subject site.



- Various hardstand upgrades resulting from the replacement of aging refuelling equipment.
- Directional line markings to enhance sound manoeuvrability of vehicles through the site.

The redeveloped retail building will continue to be located within the central portion of the subject site. The redeveloped building retains the existing overall form, with the bulk and scale remaining consistent with the existing building envelope. The proposed façade treatment is consistent with Liberty's corporate imagery and includes full height glazing to Lower King Road (western elevation), providing an improved street interface. Entrances and internal layouts have also been modified to improve access and service provision.

The repositioned bowsers and canopies have been designed in a manner to allow the most optimal access and manoeuvrability through the subject site. Vehicles ingress via Bayonet Head Road and utilise either the light or heavy vehicle bowsers located on the northern and eastern sides (respectively) of the retail building. Vehicles then continue straight, egressing the site via Lower Kind Road. This layout minimises conflict between vehicles, with the separation of heavy vehicle traffic being consistent with best practice service station design.

A 6m-high ID sign is provided at the site's north-western corner to maximise exposure to vehicles travelling along Lower King Road. This arrangement ensures there is sufficient exposure for patrons travelling along Lower King Road to identify the facility, and ingress the subject site in a safe and coordinated manner.

Parking, waste, and loading has been formalised on the eastern portion of the subject site.

Refer **Appendix 4** for a copy of the development plans, which depict the proposed development.

4.2 Traffic, Parking and Access

The development retains and formalises the two existing full movement crossovers at Bayonet Head and Lower Kind Roads, respectively. Hardstand will be replaced where necessary.

Parking has been formalised with a total of 15 customer and staff bays, comprising 14 standard bays and one accessible bay are provided on the eastern portion of the subject site.

The proposed development is also supported by a Transport Impact Assessment (**TIA**) prepared by Transcore. The TIA has assessed the access / egress network, impacts on the road network, and traffic generation of the development.

The TIA concludes that both the Lower King Road / Bayonet Head Road intersection and the proposed crossovers will continue to operate efficiently following redevelopment of the subject site. The TIA also confirms that the overall quantity of traffic generated by the proposed development is insignificant.

Refer **Appendix 5** for a copy of the Transport Impact Assessment.

4.3 Operations

The retail sale of fuel and convenience goods will continue to be provided 24 hours per day, seven days a week. The liquor store will continue to operate within the hours designated under the existing liquor licence.



The liquor store is configured in a way that it can be closed off from the remainder of the retail area. This enables the remainder of the facility to operate 24 hours per day.

A dedicated bin store is situated within the parking area on the eastern portion of the subject site. The bin store will be serviced by a dedicated servicing bay adjacent. Deliveries will occur adjacent to the retail building, with service vehicles temporarily stopping to unload.

The underground fuel filling point for the proposed development is located in the central-eastern portion of the subject site. Fuel tankers will access via Bayonet Head Road, manoeuvre to the filling point and egress onto Lower King Road, similar to the heavy vehicle movements.

Service vehicles, waste collection and the fuel tankers will access the site outside the peak operating times of the business, resulting in minimal traffic conflicts between customers, employees, and service vehicles.

Swept path modelling prepared by Transcore demonstrate service vehicle movements do not affect any kerbing or structures. The proposed servicing arrangements are therefore safe, coordinated, and acceptable.

Refer to **Appendix 5** for the swept path modelling, contained within Transcore's TIA.

4.4 Landscaping

The proposed development provides a total of approximately 673m², being 15.5% of the total subject site area. New landscaping is provided along the street and lot boundaries adjacent to the new car parking area. Existing landscaping, including mature trees, on the southern lot boundary and verges will be retained and enhanced.

A detailed landscaping plan can be provided to the City as a condition of development approval to detail the type of landscaping within the subject site and verge areas.

4.5 Signage

The proposal incorporates the removal of all existing signage, replaced by Liberty corporate branding.

Specifically, the proposed signage comprises:

- A 6.0m high Liberty illuminated pylon sign located within the north west corner of the subject site.
- 2.3m x 0.5m 'Time Saver' fascia sign on the north elevation, immediately above the retail building entrance.
- 3.1m x 0.9m Liberty logo and 1.4m x 1.4m Liberty logo and text on the light vehicle fuel canopy.
- 4.2m x 1.3m Liberty logo and diesel text on the heavy vehicle fuel canopy.

All signage is designed to reflect the architectural elements of the building and structures. The signage content and location are provided within the development plans provide at **Appendix X** of this report.

4.6 Bushfire Management



The subject site is located within a designated bushfire prone area in accordance with the Department of Fire and Emergency Services Map of Bushfire Prone Area. Accordingly, a Bushfire Management Plan (**BMP**) and Bushfire Risk Management Plan (**BRMP**) have been prepared by Eco Logical Australia to demonstrate appropriate bushfire risk management for the roadhouse development.

A Bushfire Attack Level (**BAL**) of BAL-12.5 to BAL-19 was identified for the majority of the subject site, with the BMP concluding that the bushfire protection requirements outlined in the BMP provide an adequate standard of bushfire protection for the proposed upgrades in accordance with the relevant State Bushfire Protection Guidelines. These bushfire protection requirements include the maintenance of an Asset Protection Zone (**APZ**) over the subject site.

Refer **Appendix 6** for the Bushfire Management Plan and Bushfire Risk Management Plan.

4.7 Stormwater Treatment

A Puraceptor system will also be used for the treatment of runoff captured from the refuelling forecourt areas of this development. A Puraceptor is an underground collection system which treats stormwater by separating fuels, oils and other potential contaminants from stormwater runoff. The treated stormwater will then be discarded into the site's stormwater management system, while the captured contaminants are retained within a separate chamber for collection and removal off site.

Use of a Puraceptor is standard industry practice, and is generally implemented on all new fuel retailing sites across Australia. A detailed stormwater management plan can be provided at the detailed design phase and form a condition of planning approval.



5 Statutory Planning Framework

5.1 Regional Planning Scheme

There is no Regional Planning Scheme applicable to the subject site.

5.2 City of Albany Local Planning Scheme No. 1

5.2.1 Zoning, Land Use and Permissibility

The subject site is zoned 'Local Centre' under the provisions of the City's Local Planning Scheme No. 1 (**LPS1**). Refer **Figure 2** – zoning map.

Pursuant to Clause 3.2.13 of LPS1, the objectives of the Local Centre zone are:

- (a) To provide small-scale local shopping facilities catering for the daily convenience retailing (including fuel) and service needs of the local community, which are compatible with the surrounding residential uses; and
- (b) Control the amount of net lettable floorspace available within identified local centres in accordance with the recommendations of the Activity Centres Planning Strategy.

The existing land use is classified as 'Service Station', defined under LPS1 as:

Service Station means premises other than premises used for a transport depot, panel beating, spray painting, major repairs or wrecking, that are used for –

- (a) the retail sale of petroleum products, motor vehicle accessories and goods of an incidental / convenience retail nature; or
- (b) the carrying out of greasing, tyre repairs and minor mechanical repairs to motor vehicles

The proposed development comprises the upgrading of the existing service station and reconfiguration of the liquor store on the subject site, and does not propose to amend the established land use.

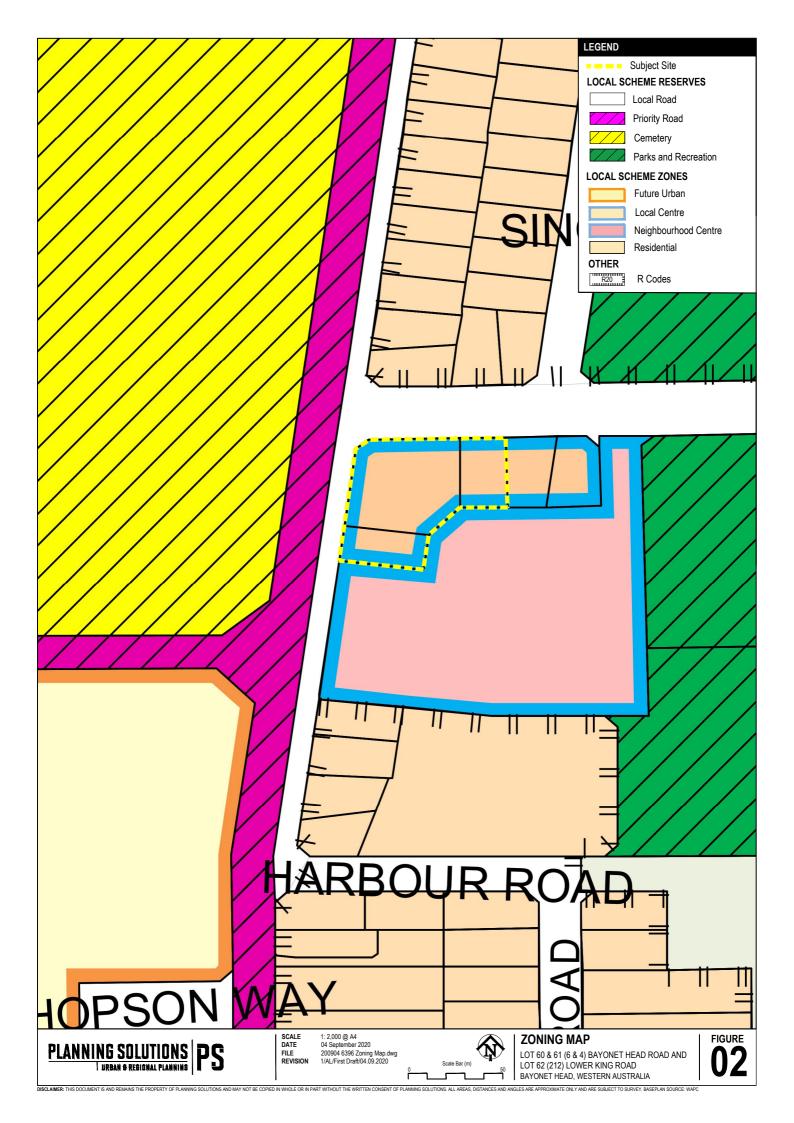
In addition, the subject site fronts Lower King Road and Bayonet Head Road, being a Priority Road and Local Road reserve respectively. The development does not propose any works within these reserves, with the two existing crossovers being retained.

5.2.2 Local Centre Zone Development Requirements

Section 4.5.11 of LPS1 provides the development standards applicable to the Local Centre zone. These requirements are addressed in **Table 3** below.

Table 3: Local Centre Zone development requirements

Provision	Requirement	Proposed	Compliance
4.5.11 General D	evelopment Requirements - Local Cen	tre Zone	
4.5.11.1 Maximum NLA	Maximum NLA for a shopping centre development	The proposed NLA area is 500m^2 as detailed in the floorplan.	√
	As per Table 3 - 600m² NLA		





4.5.11.2 Planting of Trees	Minimum 1 tree per 6 car parking spaces	15 formal car parking spaces and 13 bowser spaces are provided, requiring 5 trees to be planted. The development retains seven trees. Notwithstanding, the detailed design of additional landscaping areas, including shade trees, will be provided as a condition of development approval.	✓
	Trees must be capable of growing at least three metres in height	Large landscaping areas are provided along the southern and eastern boundaries of the site. These areas can contain larger trees. A landscape plan can be provided as a condition of development approval to detail what landscaping will be provided in these areas.	✓
4.5.11.4 Building Façade	The building facade of a Local Shopping Centre shall be designed to present visual interest with design elements similar to those in the street. In this regard, consideration shall be given to building height, roof pitch and building materials.	The retail building is a single storey building, consistent with the built form in the immediate locality, and provides material consistent with a commercial development. The existing retail building comprises a pitched roof structure, which will be retained through the redevelopment. The service station retail building extension is designed to match this existing built form, as well as surrounding residential priorities.	✓

As demonstrated in the **Table 3** above, the proposed development is complaint with the Local Centre zone requirements and warrants approval accordingly.

5.2.3 All Zones Development Requirements

Further site and development standards applicable to all zones is provided within clause 4.8 of LPS1. Those requirements applicable to the proposed development are addressed in **Table 4** below.

Table 4: Site and development requirements

Provision	Requirement	Provided	
4.8.1.1 Major / Priority Road Approval	Approval from the relevant road control authority is required for the construction of a vehicle access/egress point onto a Major Road or Priority Road.	The development does not propose any modifications to the existing crossovers, including to Lower King Road, a priority road under LPS1. Preliminary engagement with the City was undertaken and is summarised in section	
		two of this report. The City offered its support to the proposed retention of the existing crossovers.	✓
		The proposed access arrangements have also been supported by a TIA prepared by Transcore traffic engineers. The outcomes confirm that all intersections and crossovers will perform at the highest level	



		of service both post development and following a 10 year development horizon.	
4.8.1.4 – Access Point Design	All vehicle access points shall be designed so that all vehicles can enter and leave the lot in a forward gear.	All proposed crossovers provide for forward gear access and egress.	✓
4.8.1.5 Crossover Location	No vehicle crossover shall be located within the corner truncation of any lot having two or more street frontages.	No crossover is proposed within the corner truncation.	✓
4.8.1.6 Road Widening	On Major Roads and Priority Roads shown on the Scheme Map, the Local Government may require additional land to be added to widen or extend the road in support of subdivisional approval or as a condition of granting planning approval.	At time of submission of this application, no road widening plans have been identified.	√
4.8.1.11 Service Areas	The Local Government shall require an area to be provided on-site other than a car parking bay, for the loading and unloading and servicing or dispatch or receipt of goods and materials associated with any commercial or industrial use.	Services vehicles are proposed to temporarily offload adjacent to the retail building, consistent with existing operations.	Variation
4.8.1.12 Design of Service and Loading Areas	All loading and servicing areas and associated vehicle crossings required to be provided shall comply with the following requirements: (a) Be located, constructed, drained, paved, lit and screened from public view to the satisfaction of the Local Government; (b) Designed to ensure that vehicles using them are able to enter and leave the premises in a forward gear; (c) Constructed to prevent traffic conflict with any adjoining vehicle crossovers, parking areas, public roads or rights-of-way; (d) Be marked on-site and permanently retained for that exclusive use; (e) Be suitably designed and treated to ensure that activities carried out in the loading and service area do not cause nuisance to adjoining land uses due to the emission of noise, dust, smoke, light or other pollutants.	 (a) The proposed loading area is situated at the rear of the building, and screened from view. (b) Service vehicles are capable of entering and exiting the subject site in forward gear. (c) The loading area is not adjacent to the car parking area, any crossover or right-of-way. (d) Service vehicles will temporarily stop adjacent to the retail building. As such, the loading area is not marked. (e) The service areas will be used for loading and collection of waste, with no activities capable of causing major nuisance undertaken in this area. 	Variation



4.8.2 Sewerage and On-site Effluent Disposal	Any building or development that is required to dispose of liquid effluent shall: a) Be connected to the Water Corporation reticulated sewerage system unless advised by the Water Corporation that a connection cannot practically be provided; or b) Provide an on-site effluent disposal system. c) Implement a disposal process for chemical or oil substances in accordance with the Environmental Protection Authority guidelines.	The proposed development will be serviced by the existing sewerage network.	✓
4.8.4 Use of Setback Areas	 4.8.4.1 A person shall only use land within the setback area for one or more of the following purposes: a) A means of access/egress; b) Display of approved public artworks; c) The daily parking of passenger vehicles in an approved car parking d) area; e) The loading and unloading of vehicles; f) Landscaping with lawns, gardens, trees, shrubs and structures; g) Rural pursuits in the case of land within an agricultural related zone; h) Private open space in the case of group and multiple dwellings. i) In an Industry zone, a trade display; or j) In a Commercial zone, a verandah, awning, pergola or the like to provide weather protection over an alfresco dining area, for the display of goods or for other similar activity. 	Land within the setback areas will only be used for access, landscaping, parking and signage. It is noted that the light vehicle canopy protrudes into the side setback area. However, the refuelling point is setback 3.6m.	√
Table 8 - Site Red	quirements – Local Centre Zone		
Max Plot Ratio	0.5	Combined area of retail building and liquor store – 0.11.5 (500m²)	✓
Min Front Setback	7.5m	The retail building to Lower King Road is setback a minimum 13.1m. The minimum setback to the light vehicle canopy is 1.5m. However, it is noted that this is measured from the corner truncation. Overall, the setback predominately varies between 9.7m and 7.9m. In addition, the canopy is a permeable structure with no inside walls. This ensures all sightlines are maintained from all angels, and vehicles have uninterrupted access to the forecourt area.	Variation

Comment: The development proposes the retention of the existing retail building on the subject site, limiting the available space to locate the canopy. The proposed location of the light vehicle canopy is the most optimal location to allow safe and efficient manoeuvrability, site exposure, and street interface.



In addition, it is noted that the existing canopy is setback 2.7m from Lower King Road. As such, the relocated canopy offers a like for like replacement.

Min Setback	Rear	3m	Retail building – 8.4m Petrol Canopy – 3.1m	✓
Min. Setback	Side	3m	Retail building – 7.3m.	✓
Table 9 -	Landsc	aping Requirements – Local Centre Zone	•	
Landscap	oing	Minimum 10% of site area	The proposed development provides a total of approximately 673m² landscaping, being 15.5% of the total subject site area.	✓

5.2.4 Car Parking Requirements

Table 6 of LPS1 details the car parking rates for various uses. An assessment of the car parking requirements for the subject site is provided in **Table 5** below.

Table 5: Car Parking

Land Use	Parking Standard	Variable	Required Car Bays
Service Station	1 per pump + 1 per employee + 1 per 20m² retail area	13 bowsers 2 employees Approx. 284m² retail area within retail building.	13 bays 2 bays 15 bays
Shop (liquor store)	1 per 20m² NLA	Liquor Store – Approx. 85m²	5 bays
		Total Bays Required	35 bays
		Total Bays Provided	41 (including 26 bays adjacent to bowsers and air and water bay)
		TOTAL SURPLUS	6 bays

As demonstrated in the **Table 6** above, the proposed development provides adequate on site car parking facilities.

5.2.5 Bicycle Parking Requirements

Table 6 of LPS1 also details the bicycle parking rates for various uses.

Whilst no parking is required for the Service Station use, the liquor store component requires one bay per 20 car parking bays. As such, one bicycle bay is required for the proposed development.

One bicycle bay is proposed adjacent to the retail building.

5.3 City of Albany Local Planning Policies

5.3.1 Signs Local Planning Policy

The City's Signs Local Planning Policy (**Signs LPP**) details the development standards for advertising devices. Table 1 of the Signs LPP details the specific requirements for particular signage types. These requirements are addressed in the following table.



Table 7: Signs LPP requirements

Requirement	Provided	Compliant
Monolith Sign		
Max Height – 6m	6m.	✓
Max Width – 3m	2.1	✓
Max Area – 15m²	12.6	✓
Veranda Signs - On or Above Fascia		
Max Height – 0.8m	'Time Saver' retail building signage: 0.5m.	✓
	Light vehicle canopy: 'Liberty' Canopy Logo – 1.4m. 'Liberty' Canopy Text – 0.9m.	Variation
	Heavy vehicle canopy: 'Liberty' Diesel Text and Logo – 1.3m.	Variation

Justification:

The additional 'Liberty' canopy signage scale is required due to the positioning of the signs. Due to the canopy height, the sign will be placed approx. 5.8m above ground level, which reduces the overall the visibility of the sign. The height of the sign is also a reflection of the canopy fascia height, and the signage height has been designed to architecturally match this.

Max Width – 2.5m	Time Saver – South Elevation - 2.3m	✓
	All other veranda signs – between 1.4m and 4.3m width.	Variation

Justification:

The proposed canopy signs have been designed in a proportional manner to the overall width of the canopy, and are typical of this style of development. The signs are integrated into the overall fascia and do not present in a dominant manner, ensuring they are sympathetic to their surrounds.

The signs are considered acceptable and warrant approval accordingly.

'Max Area – 3m	'Time Saver' retail building signage: 1.15m².	✓
	Light vehicle canopy: 'Liberty' canopy logo – 2.8m. 'Liberty' canopy text – 2.79m.	✓
	Heavy vehicle canopy: 'Diesel' text and logo – 5.6m.	Variation

Justification:

The proposed Liberty 'Diesel' text and logo sign has been designed in a proportional manner to the overall width of the canopy, and is typical of this style of development. The sign is integrated into the overall fascia and does not present in a dominant manner, ensuring it is sympathetic to its surround. The sign is used to identify the set of bowsers for heavy vehicles (utilising diesel fuel) and as such, must be at an appropriate scale to ensure vehicles can manoeuvre to the correct side of the subject site when entering from Bayonet Head Road.

As such, the sign is considered acceptable and warrants approval accordingly.



Max Height Above NGL - 5m	Retail building signage: 3m.	✓
	Canopy signage – 6.7m.	Variation
Justification:		
The height of the proposed canopy signs is the direct result of the requirement for a minimum canopy height. It is considered that the overall height is acceptable and warrants approval accordingly.		

As demonstrated in the **Table 7** above, the proposed development is consistent with the provisions of the City's sign policy and warrants approval accordingly.

5.3.2 Public Art Local Planning Policy

The City's Public Art Local Planning Policy (**Public Art LPP**) requires a 1% contribution of the estimated total project cost for commercial developments valued over \$1.5 million to development of a public artwork. This requirement will be addressed following development approval.



6 Conclusion

This application seeks approval for the redevelopment of the existing development on the subject site, providing a service station and liquor store within the subject site. The proposal presents a coordinated retail concept which integrates a range of convenience services for passing trade, and presents a substantial improvement to the ageing facilities currently provided within the subject site.

In summary, the proposal appropriately response to all the relevant aspects of the planning framework and warrants approval for the following reasons:

- The proposal seeks a redevelopment and refurbishment of the existing facilities within the subject site, intended to improve the appearance and functionality of the development.
- The retail building refurbishment provides a substantial improvement to the appearance and operation of the existing centre.
- The subject site will be provided with an abundance of high quality landscaping areas, including deep landscaping areas adjacent to sensitive lot boundaries.
- The location and configuration of the refuelling bowsers will improve the separation of heavy vehicles with light vehicles and pedestrian traffic, consistent with best practice service station design.
- Traffic assessment on the proposed development has demonstrated that both the Lower King Road and Bayonet Head Road intersection, as well as all proposed crossovers will continue to operate at an acceptable level of service over the entire assessment horizon.
- The development design has been informed with input from officers of the City of Albany.

Having regard for the above, the proposal demonstrates a substantial improvement to the existing service station and retail building configuration, appearance and functionality. Accordingly, we respectfully request the Regional JDAP approve the development.



Appendix 1 Previous Development Approvals

Application Form No. 655

THIRD SCHEDULE

FORM 2

SHIRE OF ALBANY

To the Building Inspector:

As the Builder or person causing and directing the work undermentioned to be executed, I hereby apply for a Building License for same.

The following are particulars of the proposed works:-

-	ರ್ಷ	CHITTE	T A PETE.	OBI
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4		-		

4 1 01.011.011.	
Ward	Street Loven KING ROADS BAJONET HEAD ROADS
Plantagenet Loc. 1/60 Lot No. 6/	House No.
New Buildings to be used as General STo	* * 5/GN
Additions and/or Alterations to	
The nature of the work is Double BRICK,	Color BOND ROOF C/FLOOR
Builder BSSJR PANNETT	
Plumber WM*PF HUME	
Estimated Value \$ 60,000	
Dimensions of Building or Structure	
Area 278.056 sq.m. Depth 14-400 mm.	Width 19-450 mm. Height 3085 mm.
Number of Storeys /	
Owner: Name G J = WE AUGUSTSON	Address ECLIPSE DRIVE Phone 447257
Occupier: Name PJ& MF PASS	Address 14 EVANS ROPE OFFICE HAPhone 44 7125
Classification number sought by owner if not previo	
Signature of Applicant B. 8 Par	
Address 3 HANBA COURT COLLINGWOOD HIS	HTS 94BAN / Date 9 /4 /85
THIRD SCHEDULE — FORM 1	FEES:
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960 By-law 6.3	BUILDING
Certificate NumberSHIRE OF ALBANY	State of the State
CERTIFICATE OF CLASSIFICATION	KERB/BITUMEN DEPOSIT \$:
Date of Certificate	APPLICATION FEE \$:50
situated at	OTHER \$;
(description of land) as a building of the class or classes specified herein	
Storey or Portion of Building Class or Classes of Building	
	TOTAL \$ 78-3/4
	TOTAL \$ 78-34
Signed Shire Clerk NOTE: The use of the above building or any portion thereof for a	The second secon
purpose not covered by this certificate is an offence.	Receipt No.

GENERAL STORE

Lot 61 Lower King Road, Oyster Harbour, ALBANY

Conditions of Approval

 Building to comply with the relevant provisions of the Food Hygiene Regulations.

Special Reference to:-

- a) Smooth and impervious floor covering coved to wall surfaces.
- b) Display shelving see Regulation 23
- c) Installation and construction of coolroom see Regulation 10, 11 & 12
- d) Double bowl kitchen sink and handbasin to be provided in the shop area.
- e) Fly screening on all openable windows, and front doors to have self closers.
- f) Window sills to have a 450 slope.
- g) Internal brick work to have rolled or flush joints.
- h) Bin area to have impervious floor surface with provision of a drainage sump and stand-pipe to allow the washing of refuse receptacles.
- (2) Two refuse bins to be provided near the entrance area of the premises for use by patrons.
- (3) If foods are to be prepared or processed on the premises at a future date, the involved area of the premises would be subject to further requirements. Eg. rendering of wall surfaces, tiling and painting etcetera. (Covered by latest advice sheet)
- (4) Internal floor design plan illustrating display shelves, fittings, refrigeration cabinets and benches. Check out area and food preparation area is to be submitted prior to commencement of work in these areas - see Regulation 20.

R.J. THACKER SENIOR HEALTH-BUILDING SURVEYOR

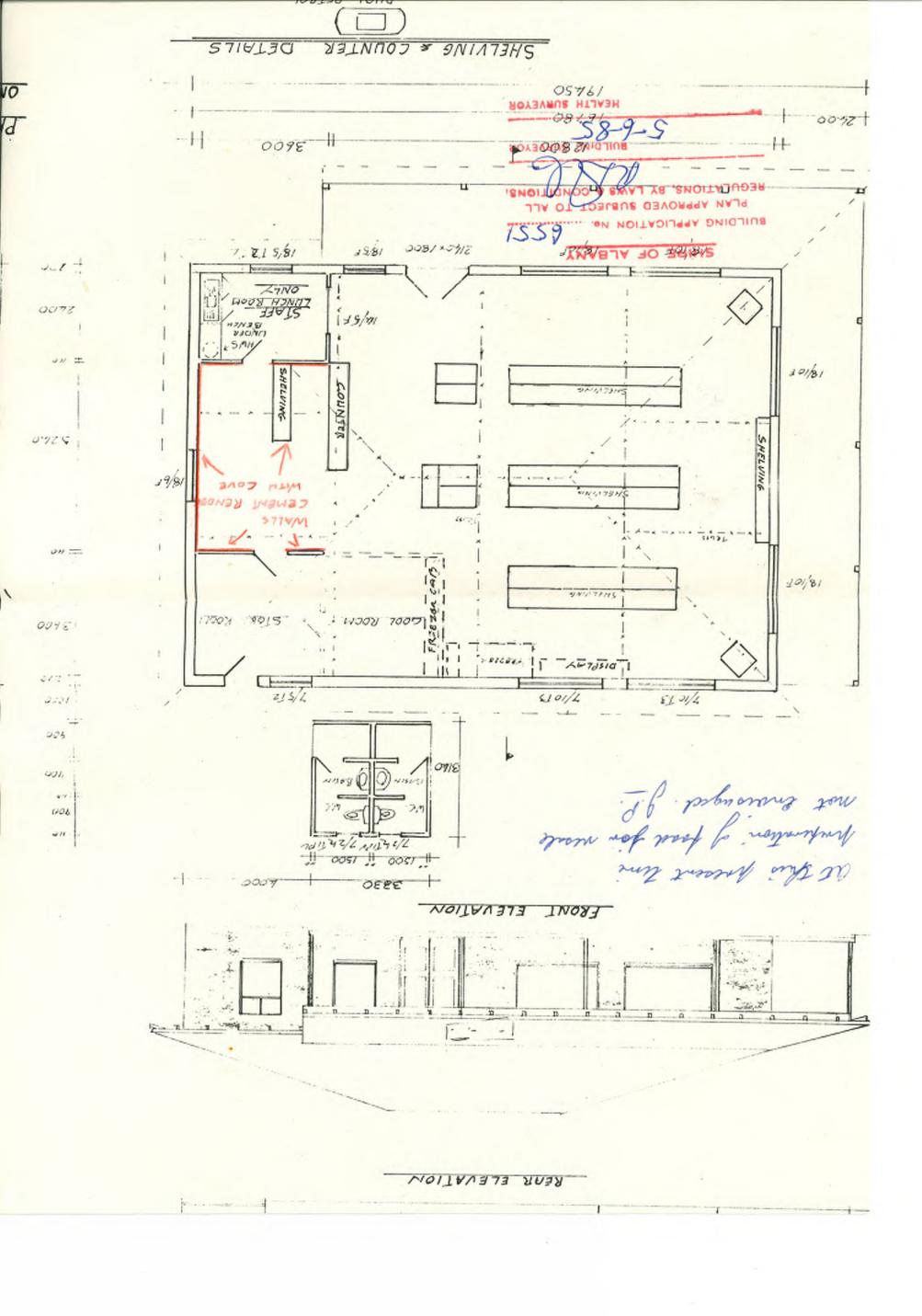
SHIRE OF ALBANY

BUILDING APPLICATION No.

PLAN APPROVED SUBJECT TO ALL
REGULATIONS, BY LAWS & CONDITIONS

BUILDING SURVEYOR

HEALTH SUNVEYOR



BUILDING APPLICATION No. REGULATIONS, BY LA PLAN APPROVED SUBJECT SHIRE OF ALBANY POSITION NOT CANK TEST INSTRUMENT PENETROMETER 16 \$ ROD 9 kg WT. FALLING 600 CUENT 8301INB Depth COMMENTS 1200 8 8 8 BUILDING HEALTH SURVEYOR 14 BRIDGES STREET ALBANY 6330
PHONE: 41 5957 0 8 00 BRYDNET HOND & 12 F 0 MONNE! PENETROMETER 8 W (1) (1) (1) 0 NE らった LAND HALF LAND 0 0 0 € € 4 0 NE COMBACTOR TESTING 0 W 000 100 O 0 0 244 I SHIME SHITTY OWNER × CHANGLE STOREY RESIDENCE

SINGLE STOREY RESIDENCE

SINGLE STOREY INDUSTRIAL BUILDING

NO RESPONSIBILITY IS TAKEN FOR THE SUITABILITY OF THE MATERIAL BELOW THE DEPTH

OF THE TEST. DATE THE COMPACTION OF THE IMPORTED SAND OR THE IN SITU SAND FILLING AS TESTED IS CONSTRUCTING BY NORMAL METHODS THEREON A — SIGNATURE COMPACTION TEST CERTIFICATE SITE PLAN STREET 00 WHI RE MIE



Western Australian Fire Brigades Board

Our Ref. K.

KJL:LJG:NR94/4

Your Ref.

480 Hay Street, Perth, Western Australia, 6000

Phone Enquiries:

Mr Longman

The Town Albany PO Box 484 ALBANY WA 6330 23rd April, 1985



Dear Sir,

PROJECT

NAME :

: General Store

ADDRESS

: Cnr Lower King and Bayonet Head Roads Albany

CLASS

: VI Occupancy : 4 Construction

TYPE OWNER

: GJ & WE Auguston

Plans for the above project have been examined by Officers of the Fire Prevention Department of the Brigade, who advise their acceptance as regards Standards of Safety in the event of fire.

This correspondence does not obviate a total responsibility by the developer to comply with the building regulations and applicable standard codes, apart from exceptions authorised in writing or as determined by appeal.

A copy of this correspondence has been forwarded to the Builder together with the return of stamped plans.

Yours faithfully,

KJ LONGMAN

For CHIEF OFFICER

RECEIVED

1 MAY 1985

SHIRE OF ALBANY

BUILDING APPLICATION No..

PLAN APPROVED SUBJECT TO ALL REGULATIONS, BY LAWS & CONDITIONS

PUIL D.MC CUBUEVO

BUILDING SURVEYOR

HEALTH SURVEYOR

PLAN EXAMINATION FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACT 1963

Examination of this plan indicates that in addition to the Regulations already complied with, compliance with the following regulations is also necessary.

LOT NO. 61, 212 LOWER KING ROAD, ALBANY WA 6330

SHOPS AND WAREHOUSES HEALTH, SAFETY AND WELFARE REGULATIONS

- (4) LIGHTING To Australian Standard Code AS 1680-1976.
- 6(2) SANITARY CONVENIENCES

Suitable for a maximum of 12 males and 20 females.

10(2) WASHING FACILITIES

Suitable for a maximum of 20 males and 20 females.

AS 1677-1974 Compliance recommended for refrigerators and cool rooms.

THIS PLAN HAS BEEN ASSESSED IN RELATION TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACT AND THE REGULATIONS. THE REQUIREMENT AS STIPULATED ON THE ASSESSMENT ARE IN ADDITION TO THOSE SHOWN ON THE PLAN.

SHIRE OF ALBANY

PLAN APPROVED SUBJECT TO ALL

REGULATIONS, BY LAWS & CONDITIONS

BUILDING SURVEYOR

It should also be noted that certain requirements could change depending on the number of employees and/or the type of industry. Further upgrading could be requested at the time of occupancy.

Attention is drawn to Section 37 of the Factories and Shops Act 1963. Penalty for non-compliance \$200.

Section 37: The owner of any place that another person intends to occupy or use as a factory, shop or warehouse, shall before permitting that person to so occupy or use the place, serve on the Chief Inspector a notice in writing of the intended occupation and use of the place as a factory, shop or warehouse.

R. A. ELKINGTON, Chief Inspector.

Date April 18, 1985

SPECIFICATIONS for

GENERAL STORE
The A T IN E AUCUS
FOR G. J. 9 W.E. AUGUST SON
Lot No. 6 /
Street LOWER KING ROAD AND
BAYONET HEAD ROADS
SHIRE OF ALBANY
BUILDING APPLICATION No. 6 55
PLAN APPROVED SUBJECT TO ALL

REGULATIONS, BY

HEALTH SURVEYOR

B.S. & J.R. PANNETT

Reg. BUILDERS 4473
3 Hakea Court,
Collingwood Heights,
ALBANY, W.A. 6330.
Phone 44 7402

PRELIMINARY

1. GENERALLY

This is a minimum standard specification and reference shall be made to attached addendums and to plan for additional items.

2. SITE Levels shown on plan have been used to quote price.

3. MATERIALS & WORKMANSHIP

All workmanship specified herein shall be the best of their respective kinds. All materials unless otherwise specified to be new.

4. PLANT

All materials, labour, cartage, scaffolding shall unless otherwise specified be supplied by builder.

5. CARE OF THE WORKS

The care of the works and everything appertaining thereto including all work executed by subcontractors under the contract together with all risks of damage arising from weather, carelessness of workmen or any other cause shall rest with the main contractor from the date of commencement unto the completion and delivering the works to the proprietor.

6. SHED

Temporary shed and toilet shall be provided by builder.

7. NOTICES, FEES, ETC.

The contractor is to give all notices required by the various local authorities necessary to the execution and completion of this contract and is to supply any drawings or documents required, obtain permits, licences, etc. and pay all fees required.

8. SCAFFOLDING ACT

The builder shall comply with the requirements of the scaffolding act and pay all fees.

9. MAKE GOOD DAMAGE

The builder shall make good all damage to the works, to roads, footpaths and adjoining property from whatever cause arising and shall indemnify the proprietor from all claims for damage to persons, stock or property.

10. OWNER Owner shall ensure all survey pegs are in the correct position.

Owner shall have surveyor check and replace pegs if any doubt exists.

Owner shall clear site to provide working room or arrange with builder to have work done at a separate cost.

CARPENTER AND JOINER

1. TIMBER:

Unless otherwise specified timber shall be Jarrah to top plate and Karri above. Facias and barges to be dry dressed.

2. ALL SIZES AND SPANS:

To conform with building bylaws.

3. WINDOW HEADS:

Timber frame maximum span for 150x75mm 2300mm

4. ANGLE IRON:

For brick openings up to 1500mm 76x76x8
" " 1500mm to 2700mm 102x102x8
" " 2700mm to 3150mm 127x76x10
" " Over 3150mm Eng. detail required.

5. FLOOR - CONCRETE:

Floor on fill shall be 100mm thick reinforced with_____ mesh and laid on plastic moisture barrier.

6. FLOOR - TIMBER: ·

Shall be T and G Jarrah.

7. GENERALLY TIMBER WILL BE:

Sole plates 150x50mm 350mm long. Stumps 100x100mm at 1200mm centres. Braced where required. 100x75mm at 1500mm centres Bearers Joists 100x50mm at 450mm centres 75x50mm 75x50mm at 450mm centres 75x16mm Braces Coiling Joists75x50mm at 450mm centres Wangers 200x38mm at 1800mm centres Under Purlins100x75mm at 1800mm centres 125x50mm at 900mm centres for tile roofs Rafters Collar Ties 75x50mm Alternate rafters Roof Struts 75x75mm at 1800 centres Ridge 175x25mm Valley Boards150x25mm Eaves Trimmers75x38mm As shown in plan Beams Sub floors under concrete shall be 150x25 Jarrah.

8.

Stumps to be well tarred

Top plates to be lapped

Rafters to be birds mouthed to top plate

Collar ties to be bolted to rafters

8.	(continued)	Where roof struts can not be used steel trusses or smith
		straps should be used.
		Bath shall be let into wall and well supported.
		Architraves shall be ex 75x25mm D.B.
		Skirting shall be ex 100x25mm S.B.
		Doors shall be water proof externally,
		Internal doors paint finish PAINT
		Clear "
		Louvre
		Flydoors
		Fly screens to all windows
		Window type ALBANI GLASS ALMMINIUM
		window type
9.	WHITE ANTS	All under floor areas to be treated for white ants.
10.	FLOOR SANDING	Timber floors to be sanded on completion of house.
		Fine sanding if required will be an extra.
		Fine sanding if required will be an extras
11.	CLOTHES HOIST	Rotary clothes hoist will be provided.
12.	BATH ROOM	Mirror and towel rail in bath room.
13.		Kitchen cupboards and vanity unit to the extent shown
	& VANITY UNIT	on plan or in addendum.
14.		P.C. Items will be stove
		wall tiles
		floor tiles
	LIGHT FITTINGS	front-door.
15.	LIGHT FITTINGS	Supplied by owner.
16.	TILES TO BATH	-ROOM:
-0.	1100 10 1111	To be glued to 10mm hardiflex.
		av oc grade ve somm market avec
17.		Three rows of tiles over kitchen cupboards
	+	Mosaic tiles to
		Mosaic tiles to
18.	EAVES	Eaves to be lined with 4mm hardiflex.
19.	GABLES	Gables
20.	ACCESS DOOR	Access door under floor where practical.
21.		
41.	TOILET DOORS:	Shall open out or be hung on tamic hinges.

INTERNAL LININGS

	All ceilings to be 10mm gyprock (SMSPENDED CEILING)
	W.C. walls 4mm hardiflex Laundry Walls 4mm hardiflex
	Bathroom walls 10mm hardiflex
	All other walls 10mm gyprock. FACE BRICK
DE A DUI	
PEATUR	RE WALL:
	PAINTER
	Painter will supply paints of good quality and apply
	to owner's colour scheme.
	ELECTRICIAN
	Owner will direct electrician on position of lights are
	Number of lights and power points AS PER QUOTE
	Number of fluorescent lights AS PER QUOTE
	BRICKS
	MIDLAND POMPEII
	ROOF
	TRIMDECK HI TEN COLOR BOND

PLUMBER

ANT CAPPING:	To be cut and soldered where required.
-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	
EAVES GUTTERIN	G: To be long line riveted and soldered and clipped every 900mm.
DOWN PIPES:	100x50mm where required. (Round if to pipe columns).
RAIN WATER SUM	PS: If required or concrete spoon drain.
W.C. TOILET FL	UMES: Positioned where required and fixed to plaster ceiling flange.
ELECTRIC EXHAU	ST FANS: Flued through to open air. Minimum diameter 139.7mm
METAL CANOPY C	VER STOVE: Same area as top of stove through to open air. Minimum diameter 139.7mm.
ROOF FLASHINGS	To be 41b. sheet lead dressed and soldered to all flues.
VENTS E.N.P. S	TACK: To be tested M.W.S.S.D. clipped and bolted and fitted with cowl.
SIDE FLASHINGS	To be sheet lead (41b.) or P.G.1. where required.
ALL BACK VENTS	Fitted where required with wire baskets etc.
WATER SERVICE	: 19mm copper/galvo. 2 external standpipes.
ALL CONCEALED	COPPERWORK: To department requirements and test to 3001b. per square inch.
ALL TAPS IRWEI	Irwell 98/88. Owner choose colour and shape.
ALL OUTLETS TO	D BE CHROME:
	Kitchen sink. Wash trough. Bath.
	Basin Bath
TRAPS, FITTING	To be brass and fitted with I.O. where necessary.
w.c. TOILET S	Type CARAMO UNISET colour.
BATH:	Size Type Colour
TROUGH:	Size Cabinet Colour
BASIN:	Type KRISTILE FIRM COTOUR Type KROSTILE FORK THEFT Size
SINK: HOT WATER SYS	
HOT WATER SIS	Type 60 LITRE REECTRIC
ROOMHEATING:	Type
EARTHENWARE D	RAINS: P.V.C. Laid to M.W.S.S.D. bylaws.
SEPTIC TANKS	AND LEACH DRAINS:

Installed to public health authority requirements.

CONCRETE:

To be ready mixed concrete mixed and delivered in accordance with A.S. 1379. Concrete for all work shall have a minimum strength of 20 M.P.s at 28 days.

PLACING:

Concrete shall be poured continuously in as large an area as possible and vibrated to expel air pockets.

CURING:

Concrete shall be kept wet for seven days.

FOOTINGS:

Unless otherwise instructed footings under 270mm and 225mm walls are to be \$60mm x 250mm reinforced with T.M.8 Mesh. Under 110mm walls footings to be 300mm x 250mm reinforced with T.M.8 Mesh. Steel to have 50mm cover.

Footings in clay soils to be in accordance with Building Inspector's requirements.

FLOORS:

To be a minimum of 100mm thick and reinforced with F62 Mesh.

Slab thickened to form 300mm x 200mm deep beam under load bearing walls
Laundry, W..C, Bathroom, Floors, graded to floor

wastes.

SUSPENDED FLOORS:

All beams and suspended slabs to be designed by a structural engineer.

BRICKLAYER

WORKMANSHIP:

Build to a gauge of 7 courses to 600mm perpends to be kept true angles plumb and square and joints horizontal. Bricks well wetted and laid on a full bed of mortar.

CAVITY WALLS:

To have No.8 galv. wire ties built in every fourth course in height and not more than 900mm apart and staggered.

BRICK VENEER WALLS:

To have wall ties 3.5 mm thick built into wall 450mm horizontally and 600mm vertically.

ARCHES:

Brick arches to be formed of header bricks laid on edge properly formed to distribute load evenly to piers and adjacent walls.

MORTAR:

Shall be screened sand with cement well mixed to manufacturers recommendations.

COMPLETION:

The job will be left clean and tidy. Maintenance Period shall be three months. Owner shall supply a

CONCRETE:

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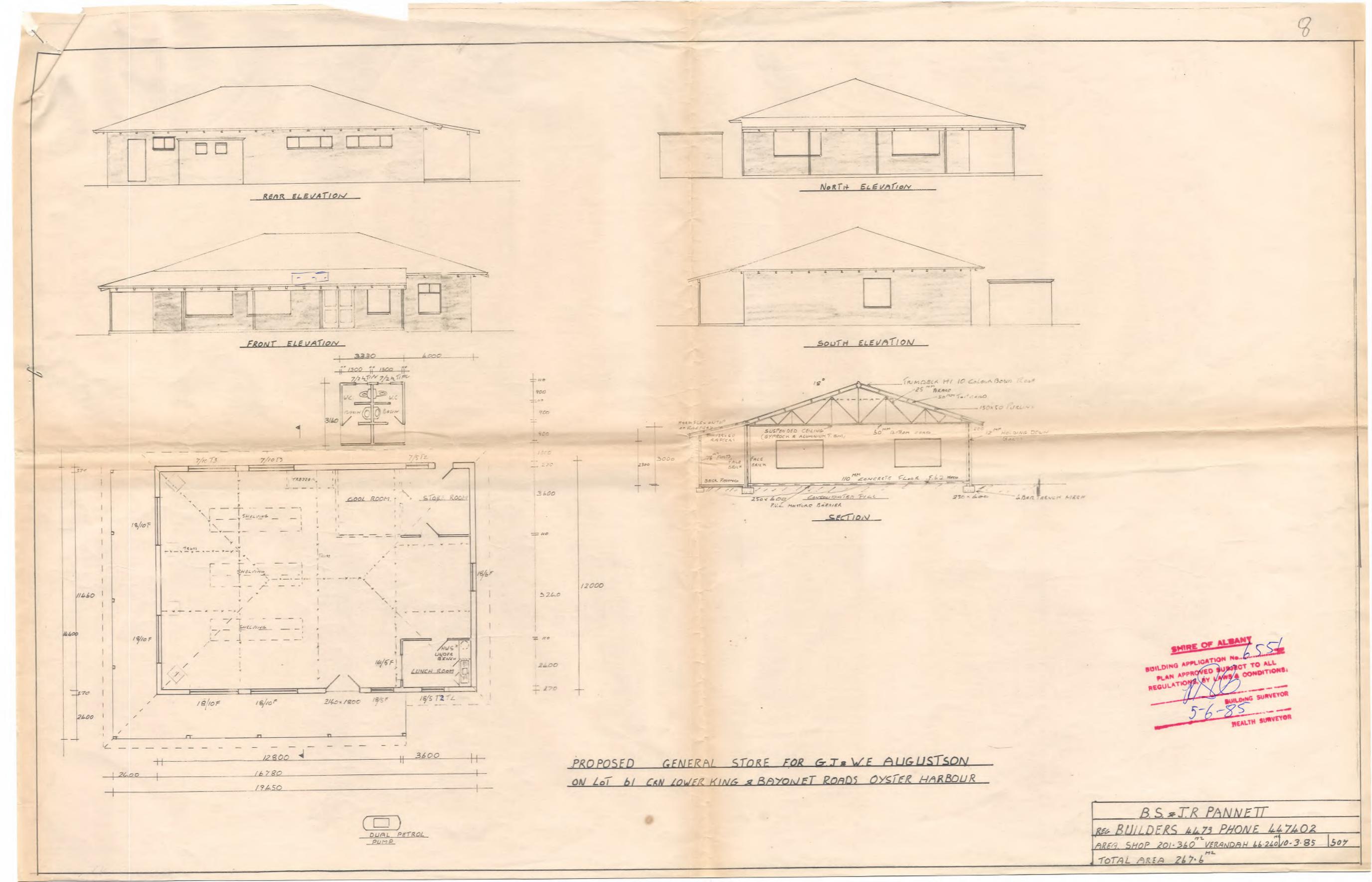
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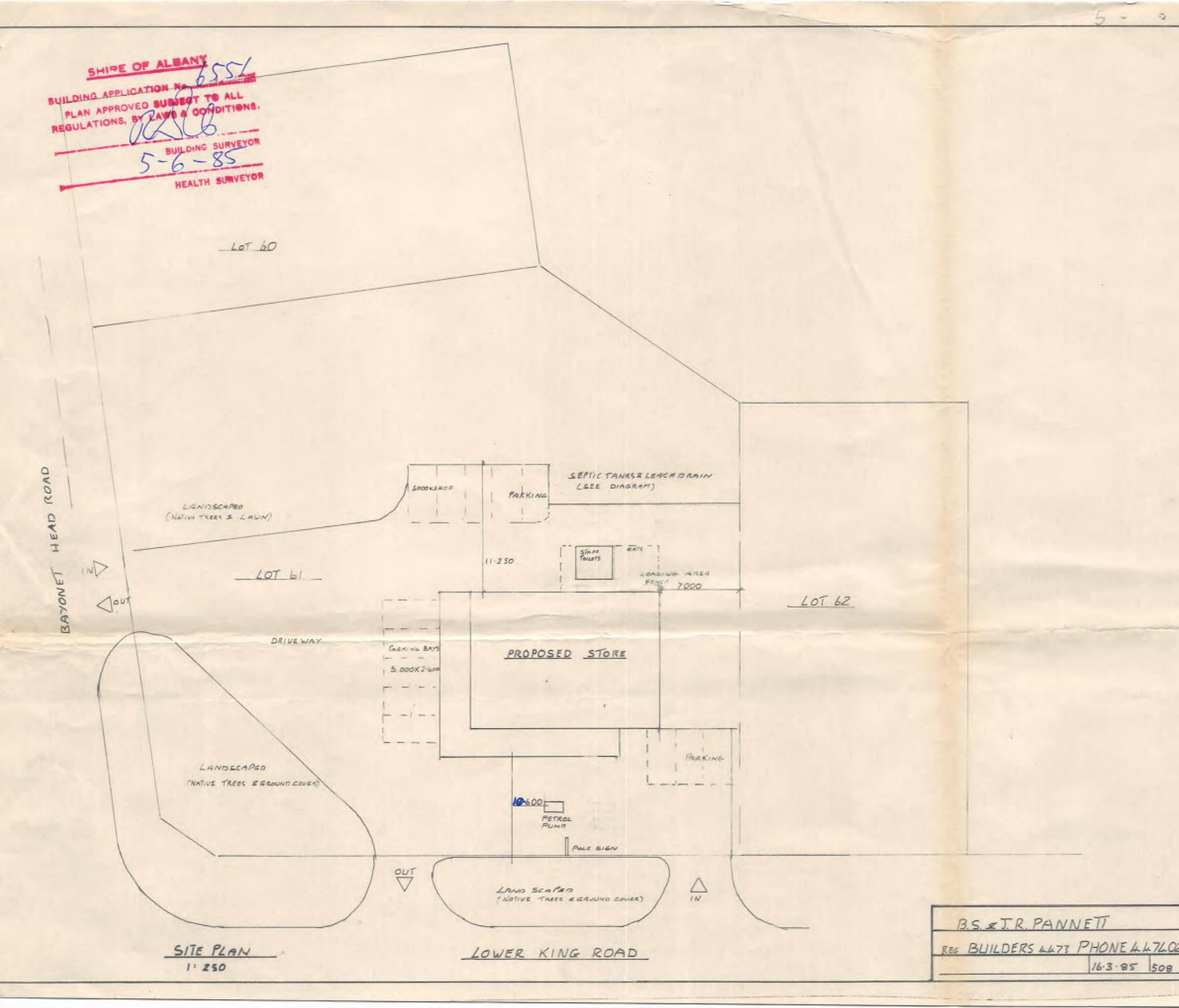
MORTAR:

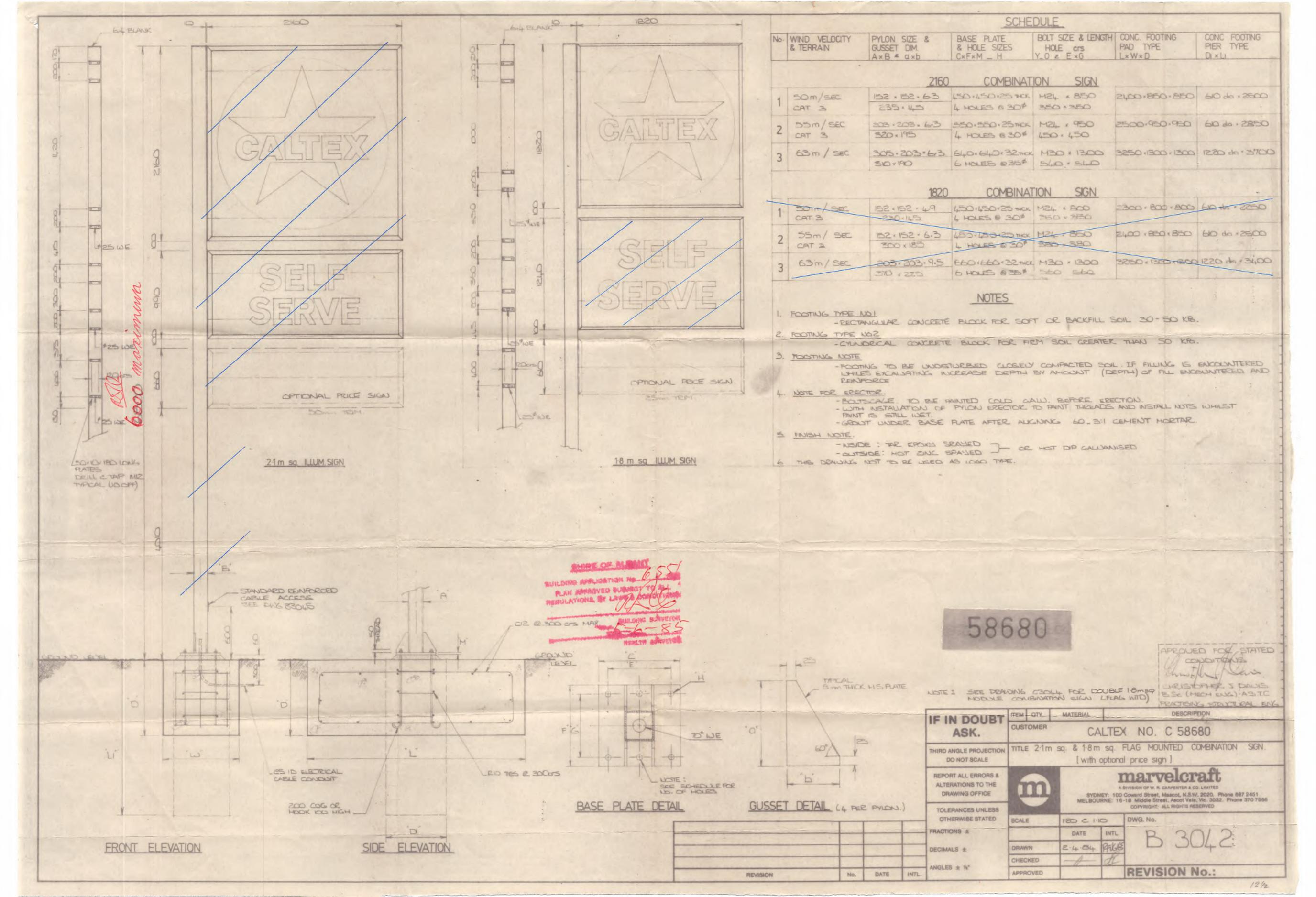
Shall be screened sand with cement well mixed to manufacturers recommendations.

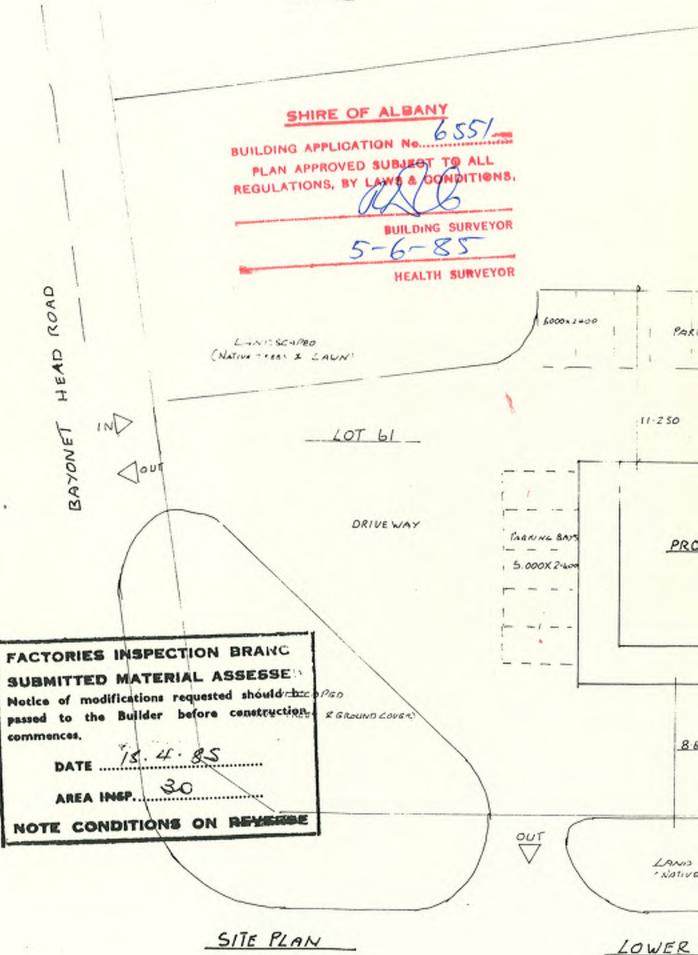
COMPLETION:

The job will be left clean and tidy. Maintenance
Period shall be three months. Owner shall supply a









1: 250

Application Form No. 7700 Licence No. 6534 Date Issued 30-3-88

THIRD SCHEDULE

FORM 2

SHIRE OF ALBANY

To the Building Surveyor:

As the Builder or person causing and directing the work undermentioned to be executed, I hereby apply for a Building Licence for same.

THE FOLLOWING ARE PARTICULARS OF THE PROPOSED WORKS:—

Loc. No. 1196 Lot No. 61 Ho	use No. Map Ref. No.
New Buildings to be used as SHOP	
Additions and/or Alterations to EXISTING	SHOP
Materials to be used DOUBLE BRICK	
Builder B.S. & J.R. PANNETT	
Plumber W. M. of F. HUME	
Estimated Value \$ 22, 289	
Dimensions of Building or Structure: (e.g. including the total re	
Area 87.7 sq.m. Depth mm. Wi	idth mm. Height mm.
Number of Storeys	
	dress EC/4/PSE DAINE Phone 447257
Occupier Name P. Augustson Ad	Idress ALBANY Phone
Classification number sought by owner if not previously	
Signature of Applicant B8 Form	
Address 3 HAKER CRT ALBAN	// Date 19/2/88
INFORMATION REQUIRE	
— FOR PLANNING (DOMINANT USE OF LAND, EXISTING: (e.g. "vacant")	PROPOSED (DETAILED) USAGE OF BUILDING: (e.g. "storage of farm machinery and equipment, inc. truck, tractor")
DOMENIANT LIST OF LAND, PROPOSED, (a.g. "erozing of Live-	(e.g. storage of farm machinery and equipment, me. cross, disease y
DOMINANT USE OF LAND, PROPOSED: (e.g. "grazing of Live- stock")	
	ESTIMATED NUMBER OF PERSONS ON SITE when development is being fully utilised:
ESTIMATED DATE OF COMPLETION:	persons
OFFICE USE	ONLY
	FEES
DATE RECEIVED	BUILDING * 35:
	KERB/BITUMEN DEPOSIT \$:
REFERRED TO COUNCIL:	APPLICATION FEE \$:
	OTHER \$:
REFERENCE No.	TOTAL \$36-00

WARD CHRI Authorising the construction of certain buildings in the Street, Lot and in accordance with the approved plans, drawings and as per application No.

Specifications and subject to the provisions of the Uniform Buildings By-laws, 1974, made under the Local Government Act, 1960. specifications for inspections.

This licence is vold if the work covered by it is not substantially commenced within 12 months of the date of the issue of this licence. GRANTED TO BS & T.R. PAWNETT. WARNING — THIS DOCUMENT SHALL HAVE NO EFFECT UNTIL THE IMPRINT OF THE CASH REGISTER IS HEREON. TOTAL RECEIVED THE AMOUNT PRINTED ABOVE BY CASH REGISTER D.: Surveyor ... BUILDING LICENCE Application Form ... Building Fees ... Other Fees OFFICE COPY ONLY 6534 licence, 30, 3., / 3.8. Mercer Road, Albany, W.A. 6330 No. SHIRE OF ALBANY Telephone 41 2311

9

Shire Clerk.

Your Ref: Our Ref: 398194 Enquiries Duty Officer Date 18 February 1988

> B S & J R Pannet 3 Hakea Court Collingwood Heights ALBANY WA 6330

PLAN EXAMINATION FACTORIES AND SHOPS ACT 1963

LOT 61, LOWER KING ROAD, ALBANY WA 6330

The plan submitted has been assessed by this Department and has been found to comply with the basic requirements of the Factories and Shops Act 1963.

However, this letter does not obviate the owner/occupier's responsibility to comply with any additional requirements of the Factories and Shops Act and Regulations which may arise from any work process, or any other statutory requirements.

R A Elkington CHIEF INSPECTOR

FACTORIES AND SHOPS BRANCH

SMIRE OF ALBANY

PLAN APPROVED SUBJECT TO ALL
REGULATIONS, BY DAYS & CONDITIONS

BUILDING SURVEYOR

HEALTH SURVEYOR



Western Australian Fire Brigades Board

Our Ref. KJL:JH: 314056

Your Ref.

Perth, Pertn, Western Australia, 6000 Telephone : (09) 323 9300 Facsimile : (09) 221 1935 Cables : Fireboard Perth

480 Hay Street,

Phone Enquiries: Mr Longman

29 February 1988

The Town Clerk Town of Albany PO Box 484

ALBANY WA 6330

Dear Sir.

PROJECT

NAME

Oyster Harbour Store (Extensions)

ADDRESS

Lower King Road, Albany

CLASS TYPE

VI Occupancy 5 Construction

Plans for the above project have been examined by Officers of the Fire Prevention Department of the Brigade, who advise their acceptance as regards Standards of Safety in the event of fire.

This correspondence does not obviate a total responsibility by the developer to comply with the building regulations and applicable standard codes, apart from exceptions authorised in writing or as determined by appeal.

A copy of this correspondence has been forwarded to the builder together with the return of stamped plans.

Yours faithfully,

KJ LONGMAÑ

FOR CHIEF OFFICER

BUILDING APPLICATIO PLAN APPROVED REGULATIONS

SHIRE OF ALBANY ENCRIVED

3 - MAR 1988

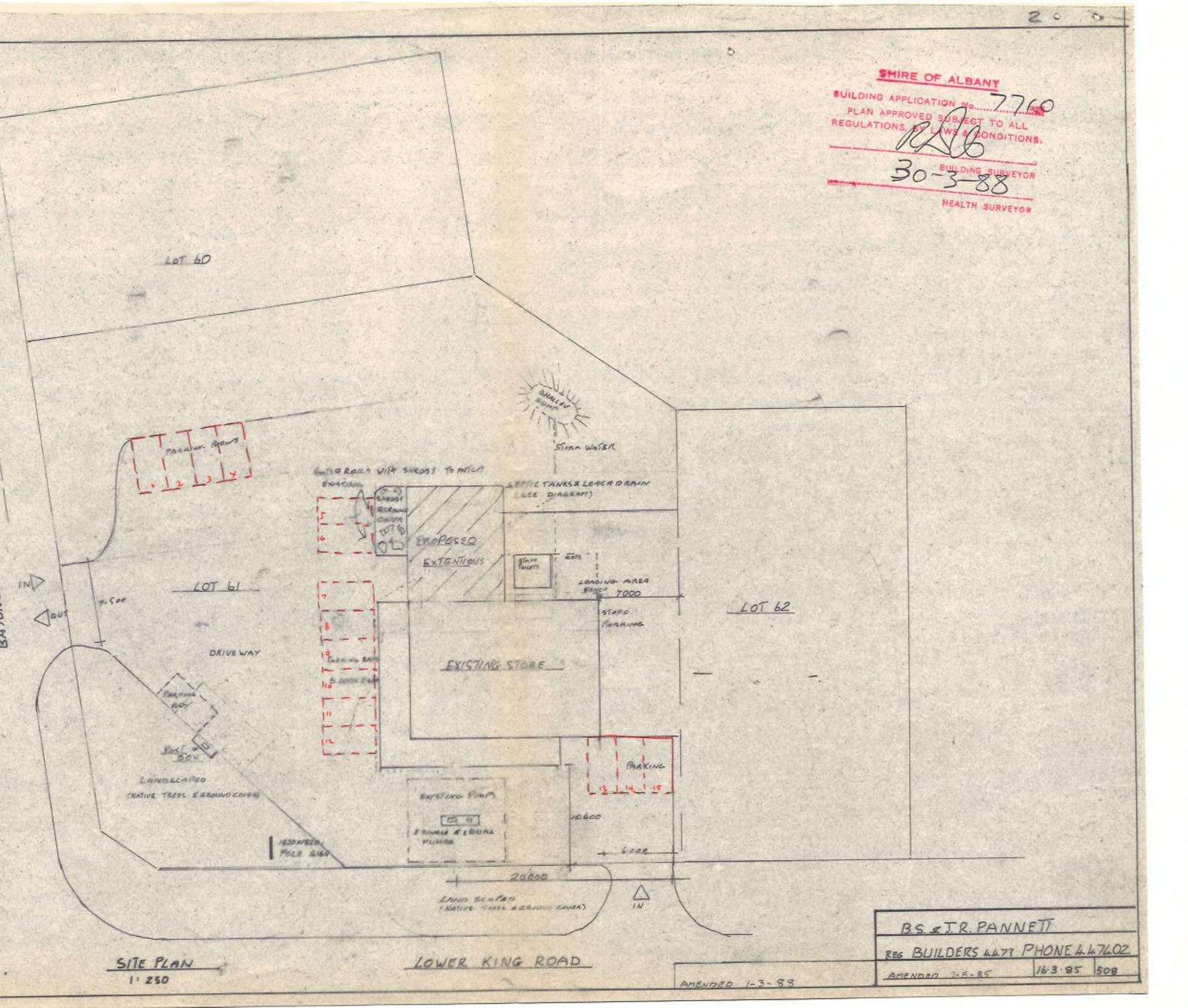
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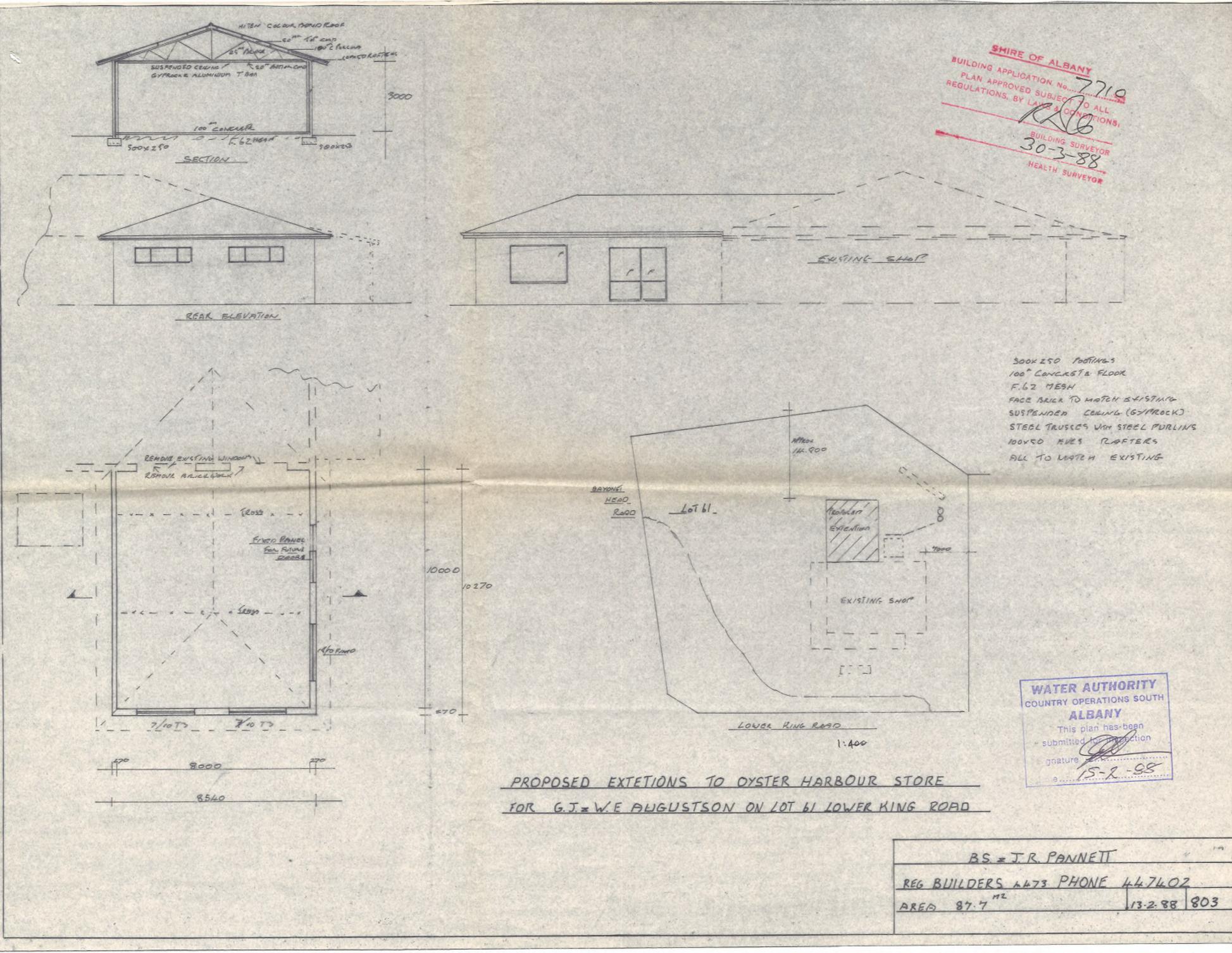
SC/ASC

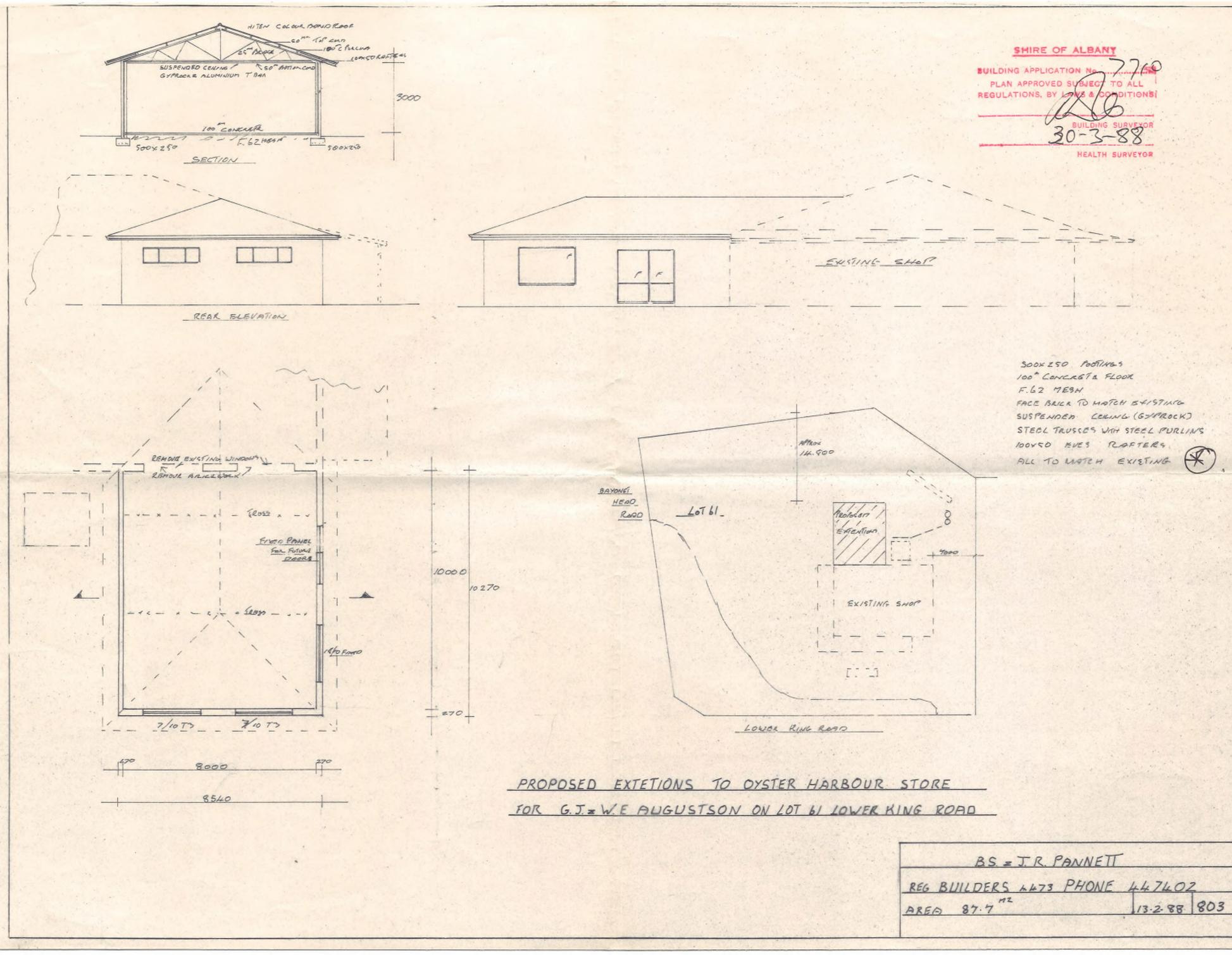
ENG/PLAN

HISTORDG

Council/Caree (Gare)







ation Form No. 96091

THIRD SCHEDULE FORM 2

SHIRE OF ALBANY

DEPARTMENT		
PLANNING	Dak	
HEALTH	e	
ENGINEERING	75	
13.09	Annual .	

To the Building Inspector:

As the Builder or person causing or directing the work undermentioned to be executed, I hereby apply for a Building Licence for same.

The following are particulars of the proposed works:-

The following are particulars of t	ne proposed works	
SITUATION A 20725		
SITUATION ROAD		
Street LOWER KING ROAD Suburb	BAY'T HEND	
Plantagenet Loc. 1196 Lot No. 61	House No.	Section 1
New Buildings to be used as STORE Room		<u> </u>
Additions and/or Alterations to EXISTING ST		
Materials to be used BRICK & STEEL		
Builder B. S PAINIETT Reg. No. 444		402
Plumber W.19 & PF Hune	0189	36281
Estimated Value S 50 000	n	
Dimensions of Building or Structure 8-6 × 10-6		
Area - Dwelling m2 : Garage	m2 :Total m2 : Height	mm.
Number of Storeys flow P/C + 82 WILLIA	2M	
Owner: Name I. K & R.C. WILLIAM Address	Phone	
Occupier: Name (/ Address		
Classification number sought by owner if not previously classifi		
Signature of Applicant BBR Signat		
Address 3 HAKED CRI ALM		
THIRD SCHEDULE - FORM I	FEES:	
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960 By-Law 6.3	DUIL DING	\$100:00
	BUILDING	\$700:00.
	KERB/BITUMEN DEPOSIT :	S :
Certificate NumberSHIRE OF ALBANY	APPLICATION FEE Weste	\$ 16:00
CERTIFICATE OF CLASSIFICATION	B.C.I.T.F. LEVY	s 100 : an
Date of Certificate		700 00
This is to certify that the Council has approved the use of the building situated at		
(description of land) as a building of the class or classes specified herein.		
Storey or Portion of Building Class or Classes of Building		04/ 40
	TOTAL	· 416 : 00
The state of the s	Licence No. 10796	Date 10 APR 1996
Signed Shire Clerk	Receipt No.	
NOTE: The use of the above building or any portion thereof for a purpose to covered by this certificate is an offence.	ot .	

SHIRE OF ALBANY

Mercer Road, Albany, WA 6330 Telephone 41 2311

OFFICE COPY ONLY

RECEIVED THE AMOUNT PRINTED ABOVE BY CASH REGISTER

Chief Executive Officer

WARNING — THIS DOCUMENT SHALL HAVE NO EFFECT UNTIL THE IMPRINT OF THE CASH REGISTER IS HEREON 6.00

BUILDING LICENCE 16.00 CHE 0.00

15,04,96,96091 51305 3 HANEA BUNT COLLING WOOD CHO KILLS OF CHE 3.50 PANNETT Address:

Granted to:

Authorising the construction of certain buildings in the MLLBROOK Ward BIYONET HEAD

.... Location No. Lot No.

Street/Road

***216,00

Subdivision (3.4 Towler Local Government Act 1960.

Whenever required so to do by the Building Surveyor, the holder of this licence shall produce the approved plans, drawings and specifications for inspection.

This licence is void if the work covered by it is not substantially commenced within twelve months of the date of issue of this licence.

Building Surveyor: ... R. C.L.

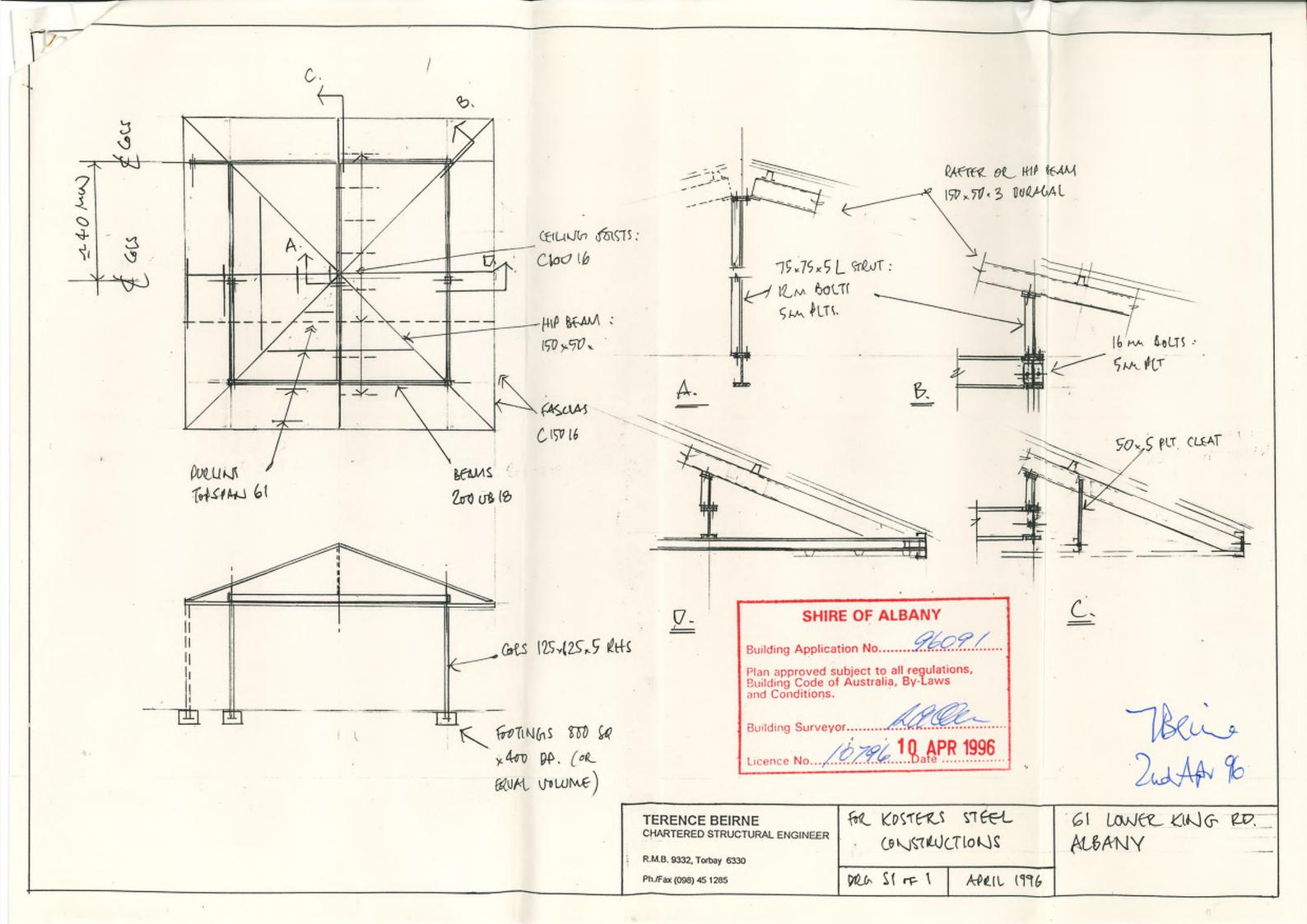
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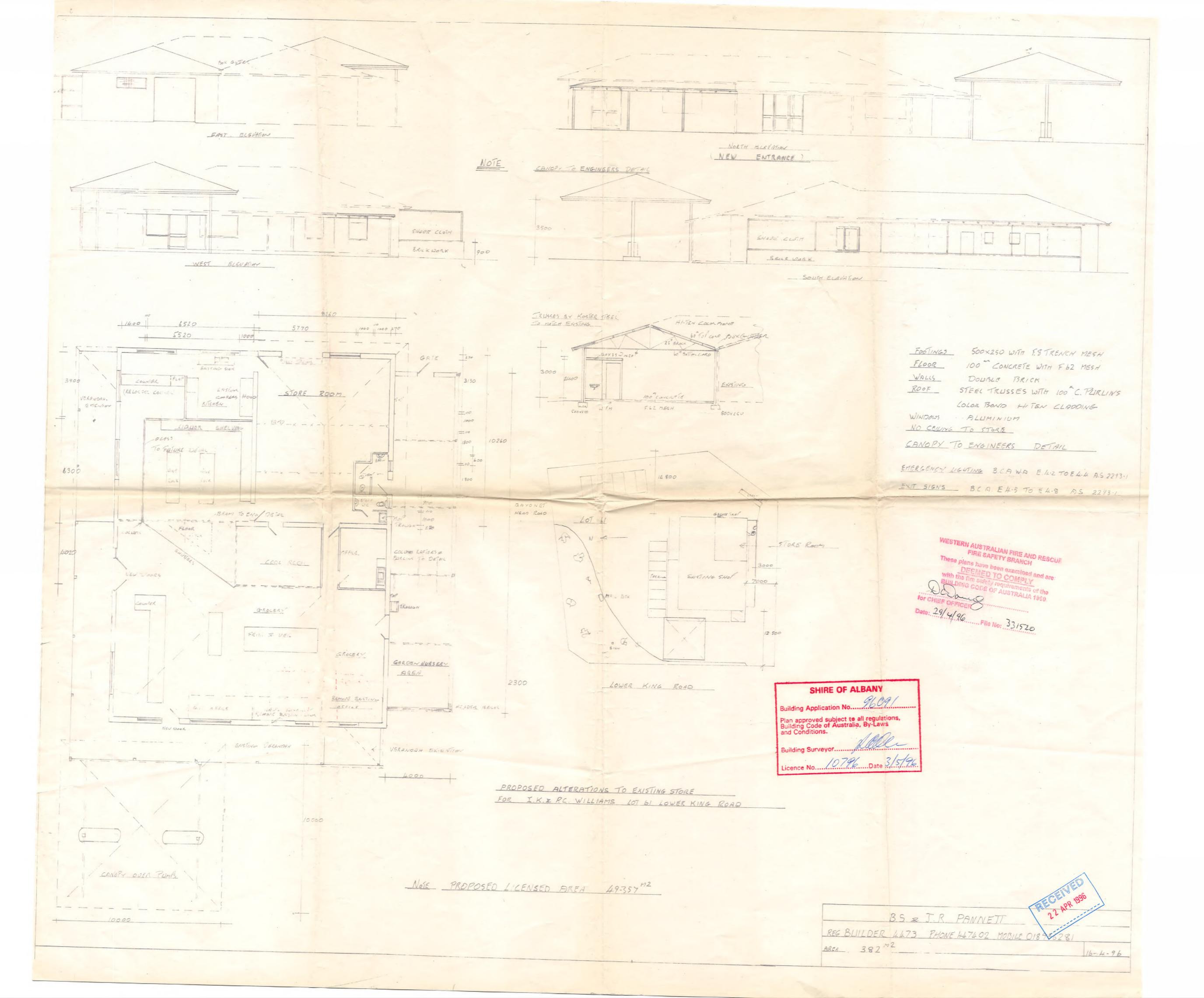
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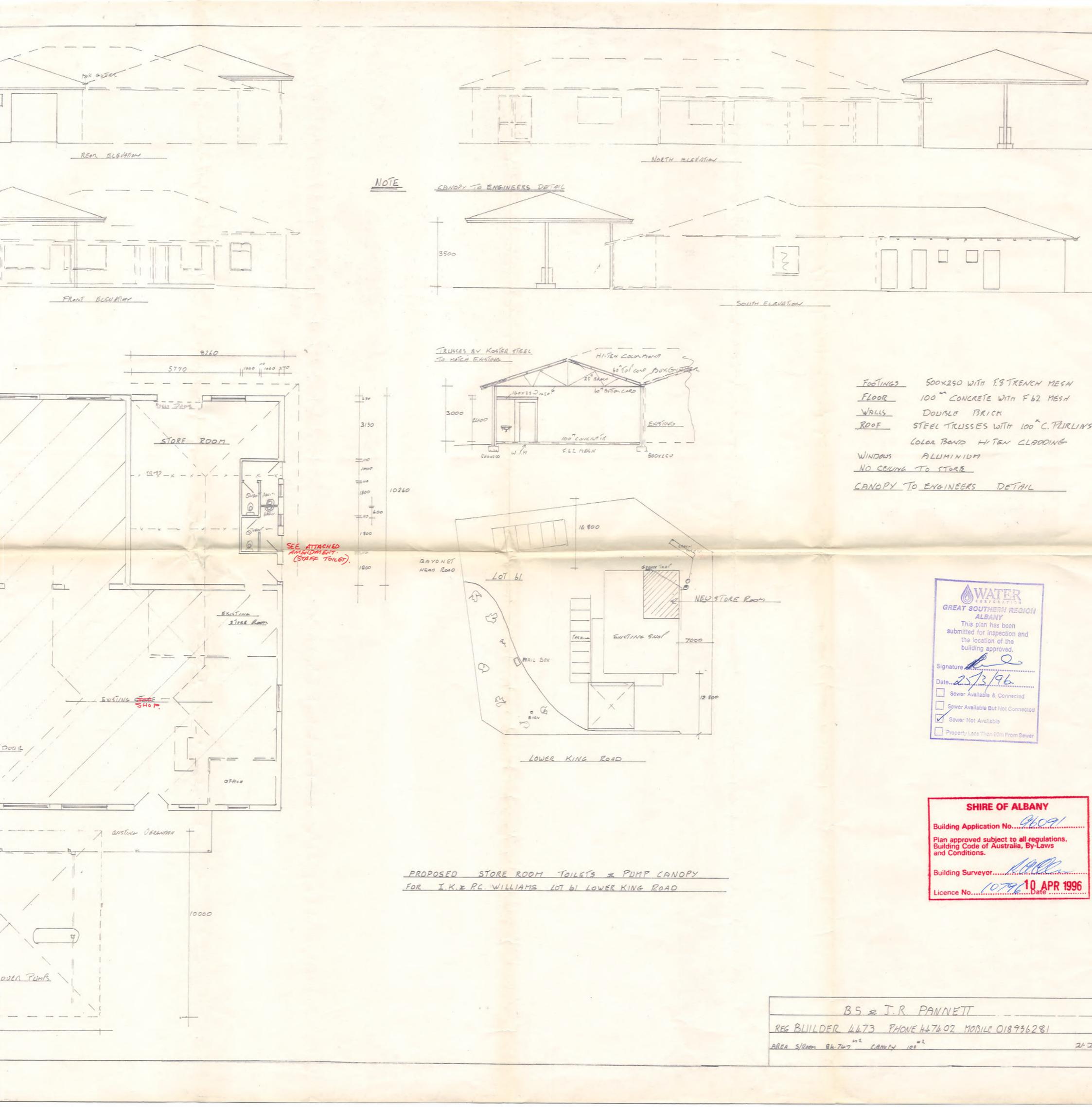
Building Fees:

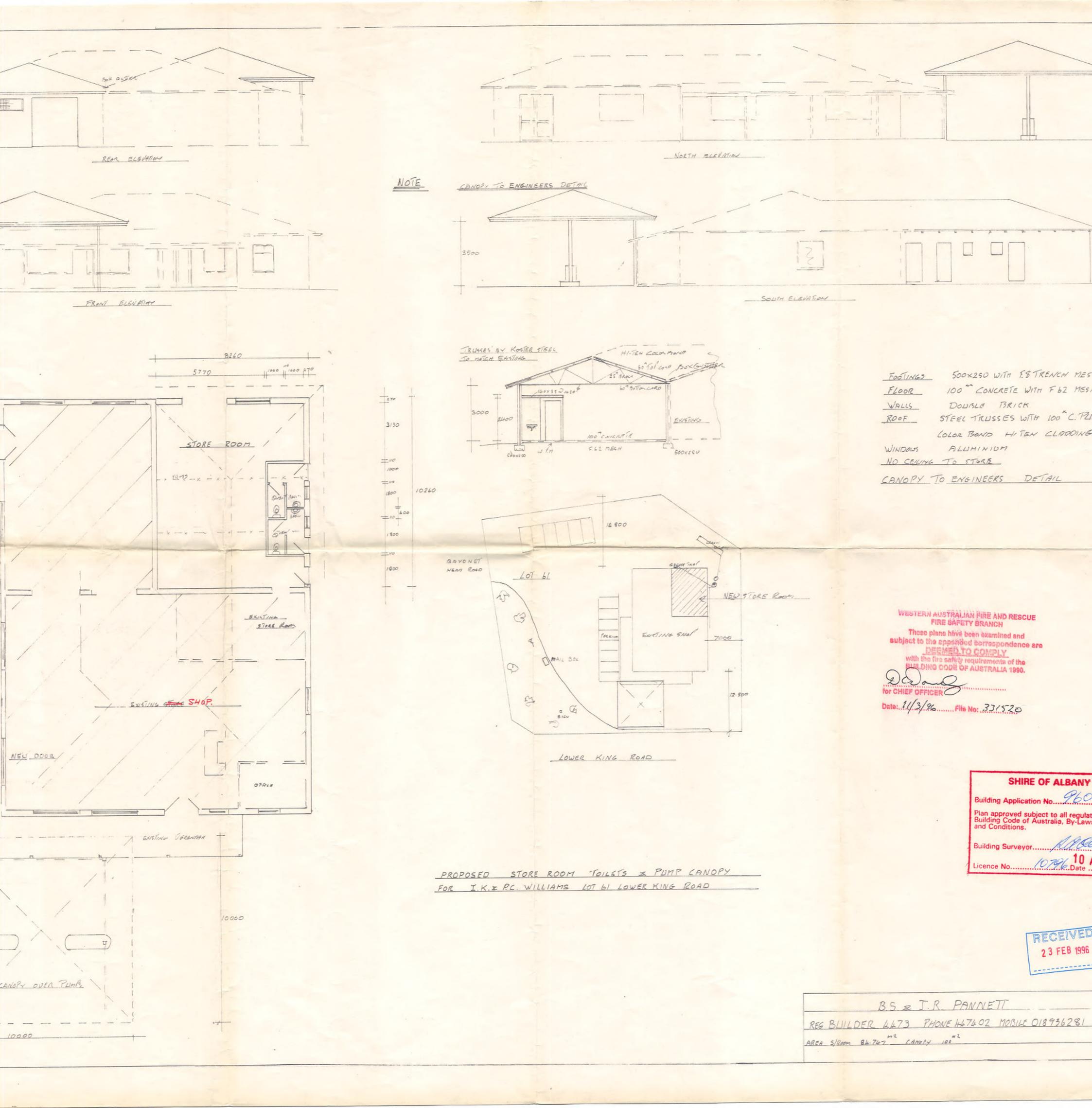
Other Fees:

TOTAL:







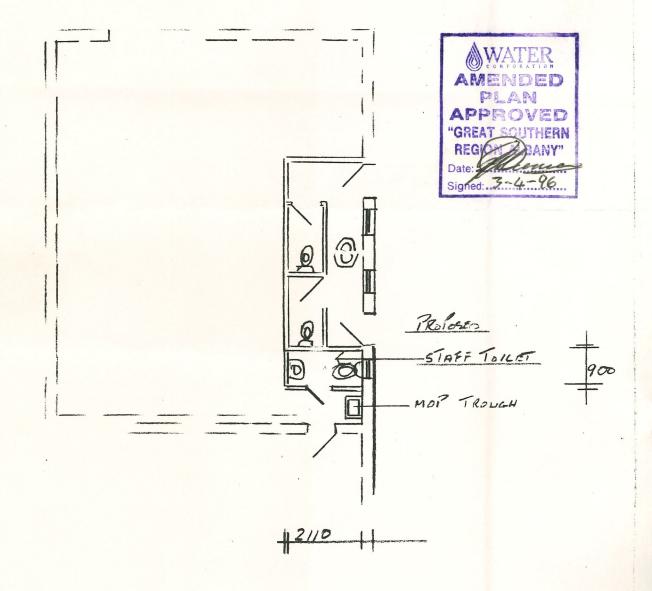


SHIRE OF ALBANY

Building Application No......

Plan approved subject to all regulations, Building Code of Australia, By-Laws and Conditions.

Building Surveyor.....



PROPOSED ADDITIONAL TOILET, FOR I.K & P.L. WILLIAMS LOT 61 LOWERKING 2040

96127

Application Form N

THIRD SCHEDULE FORM 2

SHIRE OF ALBANY

DEPARTMENT
PLANNING
HEALTH
ENGINEERING

To the Building Inspector:

13.09

As the Builder or person causing or directing the work undermentioned to be executed, I hereby apply for a Building Licence for same.

The following are particulars of the proposed works:-

	Licence No	Date 29	MAY 1996
	TOTAL	s60	: 00
Storey or Portion of Building Class or Classes of Building		45	
(description of land) as a building of the class or classes specified herein.	# PSC #20 961073	20	- 663
This is to certify that the Council has approved the use of the building situated at	4 000 420	20	-00
Date of Certificate 19	B.C.I.T.F. LEVY	s	1
SHIRE OF ALBANY CERTIFICATE OF CLASSIFICATION	APPLICATION FEE	\$	1
Certificate Number	KERB/BITUMEN DEPOSIT	S	4 1
Dy-Gav 0.5	BUILDING	s40	00
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1960 By-Law 6.3	FEES:		
Address 3 HAKEA CRT	Date 18-4	-96	
Signature of Applicant BSR Signature			
Classification number sought by owner if not previously classified			
Owner: Name LKXPC WILLIAAddress Lower			
Number of Storeys 11 CON P/4			
Area - Dwelling m2 : Garage m	2:Total //3 M2 m2: Height	mm.	
	2. AL		
Plumber WN& P.F. Hone Estimated Value \$ 10.000	Association of the second of t		-
Builder B. Star Reg. No. 447	Phone 447	936	28/
Materials to be used BRICK & STEEL			
Additions and/or Alterations to EXISTING 9	HOP		
New Buildings to be used as PLANT NUNSER	> & VERANDAH		
Plantagenet Loc. 1196 Lot No. 6/4	House No.		
Street BATONET HEAD ROAD Suburb	BAYONEIMEAD		
and BAYEVET HELD DAD	BANDUEIMANA		

29/05/96/

	10851	Telephone 41 2311 WARNING — THIS DOCUMENT SHALL H WARNING — THIS DOCUMENT SHALL H WARNING — THIS DOCUMENT SHALL H BL Granted to: S. AMACT Address: Authorising the construction of certain buildings in the ot No. Jubdivision Jubdi	Mercer Book ALBANY
TOTAL	Building Fees: Other Fees:	Trieghone 41 2311 RECEIVED THE AMOUNT PRINTED ABOVE BY CASH REGISTER OO Chief Executive Office BUILDING LICENCE BUILDING LICENCE Office BUILDING LICENCE Office Chief Executive Office BUILDING LICENCE Office BUILDING LICENCE Office Street/Road Authorising the construction of certain buildings in the Ot No. Authorising the approved plans, drawings and specifications and subject to the provisions of the Local Government Act 1950. Ocal Government Act 1950. The Building Surveyor, the holder of this licence shall produce the approved plans, drawings and specifications made under the his licence is void if the work covered by it is not substantially commenced within twelve months of the date of issue of this licence. Building Surveyor. Building	
40 - 60	40 - 00.	Chief Executive Officer REGISTERIS HEREON, 00 Street/Road Head Street/Road Medifications for inspection.	

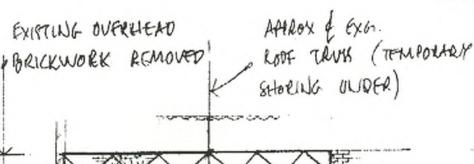
29 APR 1996

Advance com formed to Koster S/C FAY 416806

TERENCE BEIRNE CHARTERED STRUCTURAL

R.M.B. 9332, Torbay 6330

Ph./Fax (098) 45 1265



PLUVIDE LODE POINT AT EXG TAUG BOMMON

(SITE WELD TO NEW TANK)

CHORDS: 75×50×2.5 0/64.

WEGS: 50+25 x 2

SHIRE OF ALBANY

Building Application No..

Exb (M) WHU WT of Building Code of Australia, By-Laws and Conditions.

Building Surveyor...

Licence No

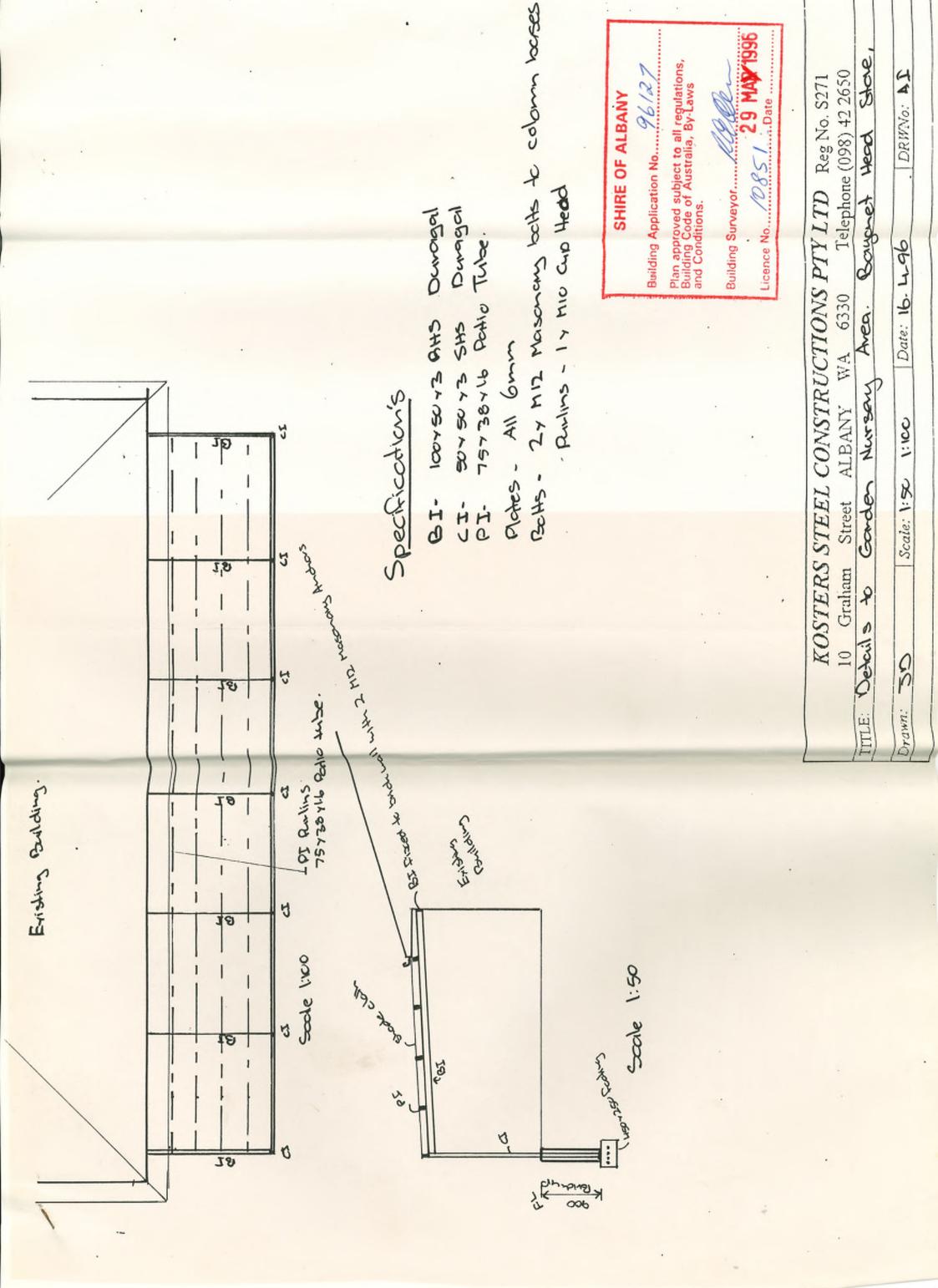
NEW INTERIOR HWITELA

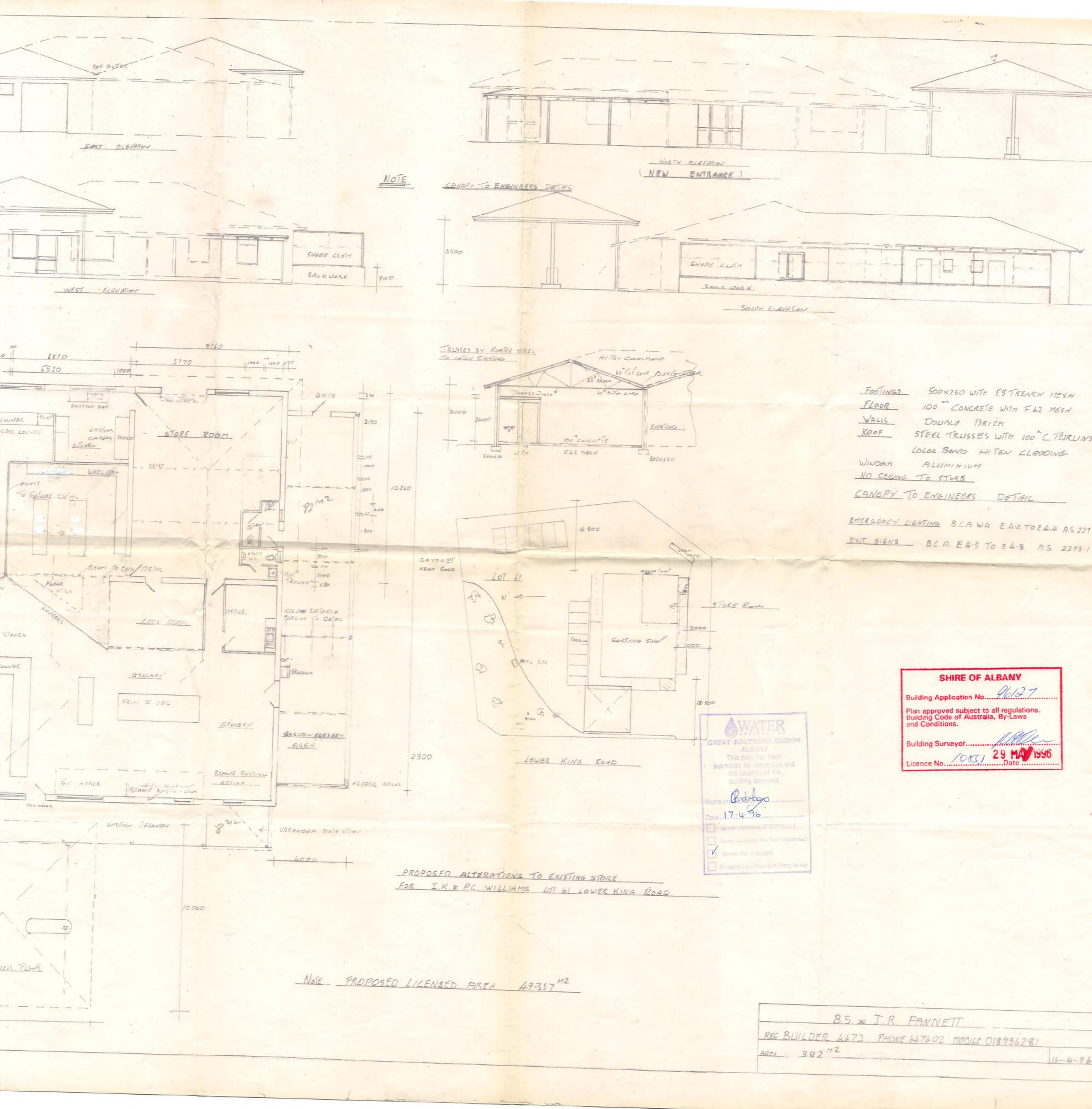
150x 50 x 6 SEATING PCT.

MARK GOOD

LOWER KING RD, ALBANY

TOR KOSTEKS STEEL CONSTRUCTIONS





4 BAYONET HEAD RD

UILDING LICENCE APPLICATION		MATERIALS Wall Frame
(Please ensure all of this column is completed) PROPERTY Location No. DETAILS Lot No. House No. Street Raymet Head Road Suburb Bayenet Head	TYPE OF WORK New Building Alterations and Additions Relocation of Building Retaining Wall	Wall Cladding Double Brick Brick Veneer Other specify Colour Concrete Metal Concrete
(Note: Application must be signed by Current Landowners) Name Christopher N MOIR Address H Highelese Cis 02386 Bayonet Head	Residential House, No. of Storeys Transportable House Convert House to Multi-Unit Residential Multi-Unit Residential, No. of Houses Shed/Garage	Roof Cement or clay tiles Metal Other specify Colour
Telephone 08) 9844/886 Sign Here Date 21/12/04 Do you wish your owners details to be shown on building statistics? Yes No	Swimming Pool New Patio/Enclosed Patio New Carport/Enclosed Carport Non-Residential Retail Shop/Complex Offices	Floor Timber ☐ Concrete ✓ Other specify ☐ Floor Area Gross Total 5 + m² Verandah _ m² Garage _ m²
BUILDER DETAILS Registration No. 11272 Name Address 29 Ba-var Road Albany WA 6330	Warehouse Workshop/Factory Other specify SITE CONDITIONS (Please circle relevant one) Soil Classification STABLE CLAY SITES OR PROBLEM SITES ON HE P	FOR OFFICE USE ONLY RECEIVAL STAMP Front Counter A A 20125 Class
Telephone (08) 98 +1 28 8 2 Fax (08) 98 +1 49 17 Mobile 0408936079 Email Date _/_/_	Wind Design Standard N1	SILOS
APPLICANT DETAILS Name Address	(Please tick the appropriate box) Chemical Physical N/A Other specify	Offices: 221 York Street Postal Address: PO Box 484
Telephone (Fax Mobile	Water Corp. Approval Obtained Has a septic form been lodged? Contract Value \$ 7500000000000000000000000000000000000	Phone: Fax: Email: ALBANY WA 6331 (08) 9841 9383 (08) 9841 9222 devt@albany.wa.gov.au Altogether Better ALBANY WA 6331 (08) 9841 9383 (08) 9841 9222 devt@albany.wa.gov.au
Email Sign Here Date/_/_	(Including GST) (Labour & materials. Including cost of labour even if owner/builder)	Locus doses and the second sec



BUILDING LICENCE All

FORM 4

Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1960 Local Government Building Regulation 13

LICENCE NUMBER: 241252

Date of Licence

0 3 MAR 2005

Owner of Land

C N MOIR

4 HIGHCLERE COURT

BAYONET HEAD WA 6330

Granted to

Rego # (11272) AIKEN PTY LTD PO BOX 1073 ALBANY WA

Authorising the construction of ADDITIONS TO SHOP on

Lot 61

Location 1196

No. 4

Street Bayonet Head Road Locality Bayonet Head Wa

As per Application No. 241252 and in accordance with the approved plans, drawings and specifications and subject to the provisions of the Local Government Building Regulations, made under the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1960.

Whenever required to do so by the Building Surveyor, the holder of this licence shall produce the approved plans, drawings and specifications for inspection.

This licence is void if the work covered by it is not substantially commenced within twelve (12) months of the date of issue and completed within twenty four (24) months of the date of issue.

Conditions attached:

City Of Albany

Building Conditions of Approval

Building Code of Australia 2004 (Volume 1 Class 2-9) (Volume 2 Class 1 & 10)

Assessment No.: A20725 BL No.: 241252

- 1. Please advise this office when work commences and to arrange for a preoccupation inspection when work is complete.
- 2. BUILDING INSPECTIONS: Please notify Council's Development Services Section on 98419383, 24 hours prior to commencement of works, on the following stages;
- 3. Footings: All setback measurements are to be in accordance with approved plans and survey pegs in position. Steel reinforcement to be placed on bar chairs and thickening placed under plumbing pipes within external footings. An Engineer's certificate of compaction must be lodged with the Development Services Section prior to an inspection being carried out.
- 4. Concrete Floor Slabs: Steel reinforcement to be placed on bar chairs. Water proof membrane to be placed under the concrete floor. Joints and penetrations through the membrane are to be taped. Termite treatment certificate, where applicable, to be lodged with the Development Services Section prior to an inspection being carried out.
- 5. Pre-Occupation: Upon completion of the works and prior to occupation, an inspection is to be arranged and carried out.
- 6. 24 hours notice to be given to this office prior to the placement of concrete.
- 7. Please ensure that Council property is adequately protected during construction work or you will be held responsible for the cost of any repair work to public infrastructure.
- 8. All setback measurements are to be accurate and survey pegs in position.
- 9. This building licence is subject to any other legal conditions, encumbrances or covernants which may be registered against the property.
- 10. PART 5 BUILDING REGULATIONS 19 23: Prior to occupancy of all OR part of the building, a Certificate of Classification is required for this class [] building.
- 11. A person who uses or occupies or permits the use or occupation of a building in contravention of Regulation 20(4) or 22 is guilty of an offence. Penalty: \$5,000 and in addition a daily penalty of \$100 for each day which the offence continues.
- 12. CONDITIONS marked in red on approved drawings must also be complied with.
- 13. VARIATIONS TO APPROVED PLANS: Amended plans must be submitted and approval gained prior to any works commencing. A practicing structural engineer may be required to certify that portion of works if works are commenced prior to obtaining approval. Council WILL NOT endorse unapproved works.
- 14. B.C.A. D1.4 EXIT TRAVEL DISTANCES Class 5 9 Buildings are required to have no point on the floor more than 20 metres from an exit, or a point from which travel in different directions to two exits is available, in which case the maximum distance to one of those exits must not exceed 40

- metres Additional exits must be incorporated to conform with the Building Code of Australia requirements.
- B.C.A. Table D3.2 REQUIREMENTS FOR ACCESS FOR PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES - Access for the disabled is required to and within the entrance floor.
- 16. B.C.A. D2.20 SWINGING DOORS A swinging door in a required exit must swing in the direction of egress unless it serves a building or part with a floor area of not more than 200 m2, it is the only required exit from the building or part and it is fitted with a device for holding it in the open position.
- 17. B.C.A. D2.21 OPERATION OF LATCH A door in a required exit, forming part of a required exit or in the path of travel to a required exit must be readily openable without a key from the side that faces a person seeking egress, by a single hand downward action or pushing action on a single device which is located between 900 mm 1200 mm from the floor.
- B.C.A. E1.6 PORTABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHERS Portable fire extinguishers [other than water type] are to be installed to cover the risk of fires in electrical equipment and the like. Extinguishers to comply with AS 2444.
- 19. B.C.A. PART E4 EMERGENCY LIGHTING Emergency Lighting and exit signs to comply with AS 2293.1. Exit signs must be clearly visible to persons approaching the exits and if an exit is not readily apparent to persons occupying or visiting the building, then exit signs with directional arrows must be installed in appropriate locations, indicating the direction to a required exit.
- B.C.A. E1.3 FIRE HYDRANTS A fire hydrant system must be provided to serve a building having a total floor area greater than 500 m2, and where a fire brigade service is available to attend a building fire. Hydrant system must be installed in accordance with AS 2419.1.
- 21. B.C.A. E 1.4 FIRE HOSE REELS A fire hose reel system must be provided in accordance with AS 2441, and the nozzle end of a fully extended fire hose reel fitted to the reel and laid to avoid any partitions or other physical barriers will reach every part of the floor of the storey. Internal hose reel to be located within four metres of a fire exit.
- B.C.A. PART E.4 EMERGENCY LIGHTING, EXIT SIGNS AND WARNING SYSTEMS - Emergency lighting system must be installed in every storey of a class 6 building where the floor area exceeds 300 m2. Emergency lighting to be installed in accordance with AS 2293.1.

This Building Licence is subject to any other legal conditions, encumbrances or covenants which may be registered against the property.

Additional Conditions/Notes:

This Building has been assessed as a Class 06 and Type Construction.

If you are aggrieved by any of the imposed building conditions you can appeal to the:

State Administrative Trlbunal Level 4 12 St Georges Terrace Perth WA 6000

Telephone: (08) 9219 3111 1300 306 017 (STD callers) Faesimile: (08) 9325 5099

Application form can be obtained from the Tribunals website: www.sat.justice.wa.gov.au



BUILDING CONTROL DISCLAIMER

This disclaimer of legal liability or responsibility shall have, and is intended to have, effect as a condition of the building licence hereby issued.

Whilst Council has inspected the plans and specification with a view to ascertaining the extent of compliance of the proposed building with all relevant bylaws, regulations and statutory provisions, ("the statutory provisions") and reserves the right to carry out site inspections, Council disclaims all legal liability and responsibility for:

- actual compliance by the plans and specification with the statutory provisions: or for
- (ii) any defect (latent or patent) in the design and/or construction of the subject building:
- (iii) any defect in the site and it's capacity to support the foundation system / footings or in the materials used in the construction of the building.

You as builder/building owner must take responsibility in relation to each and all of the foregoing matters and not rely upon the Council in relation thereto.

By acting upon this permit, you as builder/building owner release and discharge the Municipality from all liability in relation to such matters, and indemnify the Municipality from all claims for loss or damage sustained by you and any successors in title by reason of non-compliance by plans and specification and/or the building with the statutory provisions, or by reason of any such defects.



CITY OF ALBANY

BAYONET HEAD SHOP ADDITIONS 4 BAYONET HEAD ROAD, BAYONET HEAD

HEALTH CONDITIONS – APPLIC 241252

17 February 2005

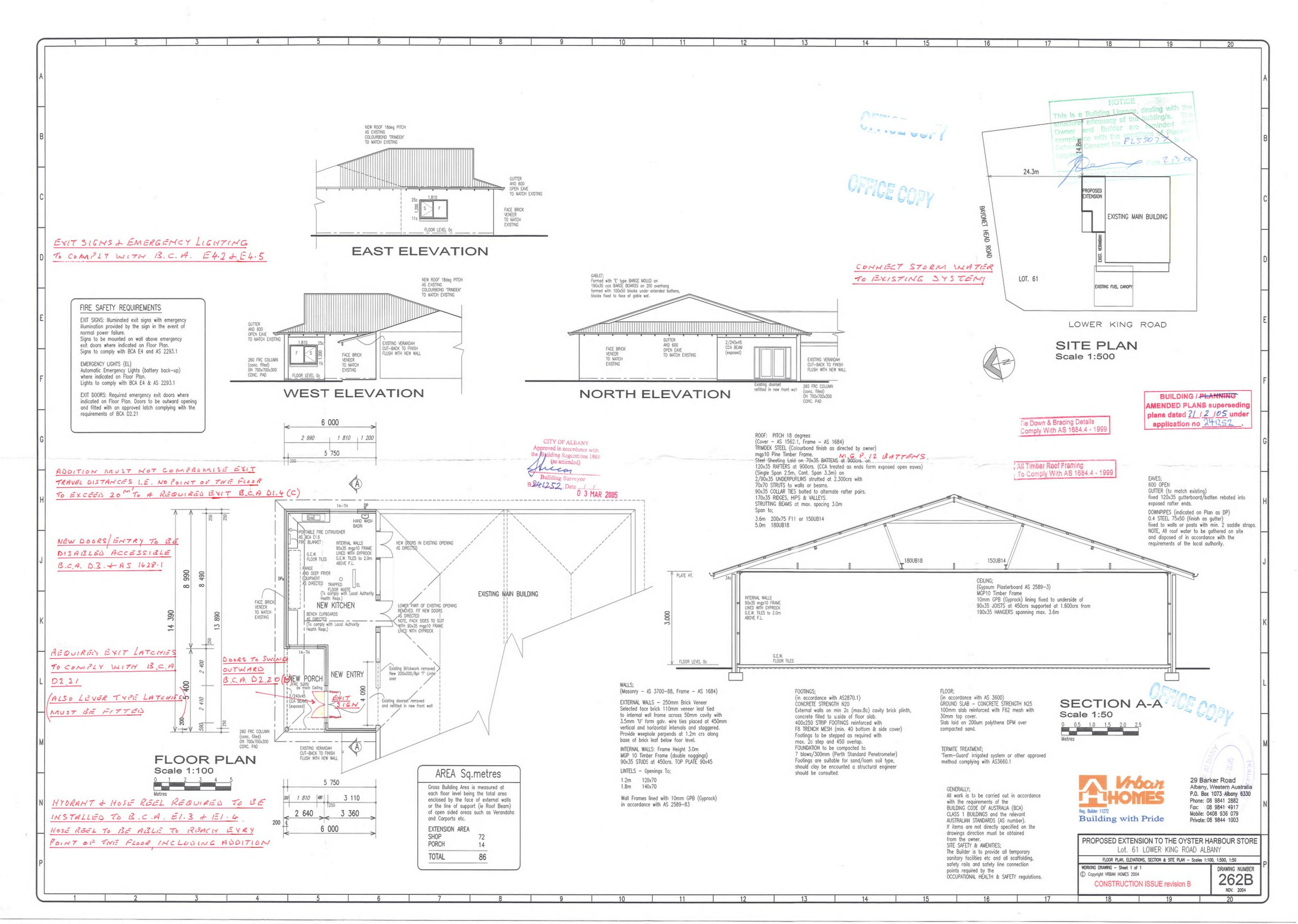
The following aspects are required in premises of this health risk classification:

- The premises are to comply with the requirements of both the Food Hygiene Regulations 1993 and National Food Safety Code.
- The walls are to be tiled (or similar smooth, durable, impervious and easy to keep clean surface) to full ceiling height above all work areas.
- 3. A flush ceiling is to be installed and is to be painted in a scrubable paint.
- Sufficient artificial light to be provided in the food area and the light fittings are to be suitably covered to retain any accidental breakage of these fittings.
- 5. A hand basin shall be provided in the kitchen area for hand washing purposes. This basin is to be a minimum of 11 litres in capacity, 500 mm long and 400 mm wide. The basin's water supply shall be activated through a system that requires no conventional taps. Water flow shall be activated by a sensor, or through the use of an elbow or leg.
- Hot water is to be provided to the unit used for hand washing and the kitchen sink at temperature of greater than 75 degrees C.
- A commercial paper towel and liquid soap dispensers to be provided on the wall adjacent to the unit used for hand washing purposes.
- All surfaces in the food handling areas are to be smooth, impervious, durable and easy to clean.
- The refrigerator and all other heavy appliances such as stoves are to be elevated 150 mm above the floor or provided with castors so it can easily be moved to allow the underlying floor surface to be cleaned.
- All doors and windows are to be self-closing or fitted with screens.
- The floor is to be tiles, commercial grade vinyl, treated high MPA concrete (or similar smooth, durable, impervious and easy to keep clean surface) graded to a trapped 100mm floor waste).
- The cupboards are to be sealed tubular steel with working surface and shelving being water resistant, smooth, durable, impervious and easy to keep

clean and appropriate for the level and duty of food handling taking place in the kitchen.

It is strongly recommended that the contractor constructing the cupboards contact council's health section to verify Council's construction requirements.

Gregg Harwood



SHIRE OF ALBANY

MERCER ROAD, ALBANY, 6330 TELEPHONE: (098) 41 2311

TOWN PLANNING SCHEME NO: 3

PLANNING SCHEME CONSENT NO: 96/073

		LANDOWNER	<u>APPLICANT</u>	
NAME	:	TICON PTY LTD & IK & PL WILLIAMS	IK & PL WILLIAM	3
ADDR	ESS:	C/- POST OFFICE LOWER KING WA 6330	SAME AS LANDO	WNER
DESC	RIPTION OF	LAND:		
		LOCATION 1196 LOT 61 BAYONET	HEAD ROAD, BAYONET	HEAD
PLAN	NING SCHE	ME CONSENT IS HEREBY GRANTEI	to develop the above d	escribed land for
	irpose of: Al	DDITIONS TO SHOP (VERANDAH,C/	NOPY AND GARDEN NU	JRSERY): subject to the
1.		val is valid for a period of 2 years. If d just be obtained.	evelopment is not complet	ed within this period a new
2.	Developme Scheme Co	ent shall occur in accordance with the onsent.	plan(s) submitted with the	application for Planning
3.		additions to or intensification of use of further Council approval.	any building or land (not t	he subject of this consent)
4.		, accessways and landscaping areas aintained in a satisfactory manner at a		rdance with the approved
5.	Details of t issue of a l	he proposed method of stormwater dis building licence.	sposal are to be submitted	for approval prior to the
(SHIF	RE PLANNER	Du.	(DATE): 2	24 May, 1996
		NOTES - IMP	PORTANT	
THIS I		IILDING LICENCE. A building licence	must be obtained before a	any building works
This F	Planning Sche	eme Consent contains the following nu	mber of conditions:	5
You m	nay appeal ag	gainst any condition contained in this c	onsent provided it is lodge	d within 60 days of the

date of issue. The Planning Department can provide further information regarding this.

A 20725

ED.PRM.I

Our Ref:

CS:SPV-1-/ LT1268163 /

Box/Vol No: Cross Ref: D8 / 33 LT1266965

Your Ref:

Enquiries:

Tom Wenbourne

10 December 2012

Department Of Racing, Gaming And Liquor PO Box 6119 EAST PERTH WA 6892

Dear Sir/Madam

RE: EXTENDED TRADING APPLICATION FOR OYSTER HARBOUR CELLARS

Planning consent for a Liquor Outlet was approved as an addition to the existing shop by the Shire of Albany on 22 May 1996 under reference 96/075. This approval was not subject to a restriction on the hours or days of operation. Accordingly a request to extend the current liquor licence accords with the relevant planning requirements of Town Planning Scheme No.3.

I hope the above is of assistance, but should you have any further queries with regard to this matter, please do not hesitate to contact me on direct telephone 9841 9268 or via email tomw@albany.wa.gov.au.

Yours sincerely

Tom Wenbourne

Senior Planning Officer

SHIRE OF ALBANY

MERCER ROAD, ALBANY, 6330 TELEPHONE: (098) 41 2311

TOWN PLANNING SCHEME NO: 3

PLANNING SCHEME CONSENT NO: 96/075

LANDOWNER

APPLICANT

NAME:

TICON PTY LTD

AS LANDOWNER

ADDRESS:

C/- POST OFFICE

LOWER KING WA 6330

DESCRIPTION OF LAND:

LOCATION 1196 LOT 61 BAYONET HEAD ROAD, BAYONET HEAD

PLANNING SCHEME CONSENT IS HEREBY GRANTED to develop the abovedescribed land for

the purpose of: RETAIL LIQUOR STORE: subject to the following conditions:

- (a) This approval is valid for a period of 2 years. If development is not completed within this period a new approval must be obtained.
- (b) Development being in accordance with the plans submitted with the application for Planning Scheme Consent.
- (c) Any future additions to or intensification of use of any building or land (not the subject of this consent) will require further Council approval.
- (d) Signs may be erected/displayed subject to the requirements of Council. Prior to any sign being displayed detailed plans shall be submitted to Council for separate approval.
- (e) Compliance with the relevant Health Regulations.
- (f) Satisfactory building plans being submitted to Council for approval.

(SHIRE PLANNER);

(DATE): 27 May, 1996

NOTES - IMPORTANT

- THIS IS NOT A BUILDING LICENCE. A building licence must be obtained before any building works commence.
- You may have a right of appeal against any condition contained in this consent pursuant to the Town Planning and Development Act 1928 (as amended) provided it is lodged within 60 days of the date of issue. The Planning Department can provide further information regarding this.

9. MATTERS FOR CONSIDERATION: RECOMMENDATIONS TO COUNCIL

P5/7 PROPOSED LIQUOR STORE - LOCATION 1196 LOT 61 BAYONET HEAD ROAD, BAYONET HEAD

BACKGROUND

APPLICATION NO.

DA/96/075

PROPOSAL

LIQUOR STORE AND USE OF

COUNCIL ROAD RESERVE

SUBJECT LAND

LOCATION 1196 LOT 61

BAYONET HEAD ROAD,

BAYONET HEAD

APPLICANT

TICON PTY LTD

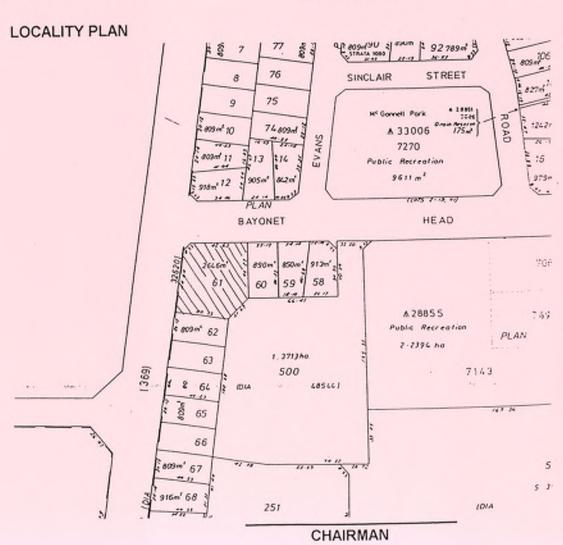
ZONE/CLASS

LOCAL SHOPPING/P

SUMMARY RECOMMENDATION

APPROVAL SUBJECT TO

CONDITIONS



9. MATTERS FOR CONSIDERATION: RECOMMENDATIONS TO COUNCIL

P5/7 PROPOSED LIQUOR STORE - LOCATION 1196 LOT 61 BAYONET HEAD ROAD, BAYONET HEAD (Continued)

DISCUSSION

- An application for Planning Scheme Consent to operate a retail Liquor Store from within the existing premises of the Oyster Harbour Store has been received. Plans of the proposal are <u>Attachment 1</u>.
- The proposal is currently being advertised. Submissions close on Monday 13th May, 1996.
- Planning Scheme Consent was granted on 6th December, 1993 to
 Ticon Pty Ltd to construct and operate a Liquor Store on the adjacent
 lot (Lot 62 Lower King Road) and the State Liquor Licensing Court
 granted a conditional licence for that site in September, 1994.
- The construction of the store did not proceed and Ticon Pty Ltd now wishes to apply to the Liquor Licensing Court to have the existing conditional licence transferred to the Oyster Harbour Store.
- Council's officers have no objection to granting Planning Scheme Consent to operate a retail liquor store subject to standard conditions.
- The applicant proposes to renovate the Oyster Harbour Store and as part of this the applicant has requested the use of 1200mm of Council's road reserve on Lower King Road for driveway access (refer Attachment 2).
- Council's officers have no objection to the use of the road reserve subject to the conditions listed in the recommendation.

RECOMMENDATION

- THAT Council grant Planning Scheme Consent to operate a retail Liquor Store on Location 1196 Lot 61 Bayonet Head Road, subject to the following conditions:-
 - (a) This approval is valid for a period of 2 years. If development is not completed within this period a new approval must be obtained.
 - (b) Development being in accordance with the plans submitted with the application for Planning Scheme Consent.
 - (c) Any future additions to or intensification of use of any building or land (not the subject of this consent) will require further Council approval.

CHAIRMAN

9. MATTERS FOR CONSIDERATION : RECOMMENDATIONS TO COUNCIL

P5/7 PROPOSED LIQUOR STORE - LOCATION 1196 LOT 61 BAYONET HEAD ROAD, BAYONET HEAD (Continued)

- (d) Signs may be erected/displayed subject to the requirements of Council. Prior to any sign being displayed detailed plans shall be submitted to Council for separate approval.
- (e) Compliance with the relevant Health Regulations.
- Satisfactory building plans being submitted to Council for approval.
- THAT Council grant permission for the applicant to use 1200mm of road reserve on Lower King Road subject to:
 - (a) No objections being received from Western Power, the Water Corporation and Telecom.
 - (b) More detailed cross sections being submitted to, and approved by Council's Engineering Department.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

MOVED: Cr Beeck

SECONDED: Cr Wilson

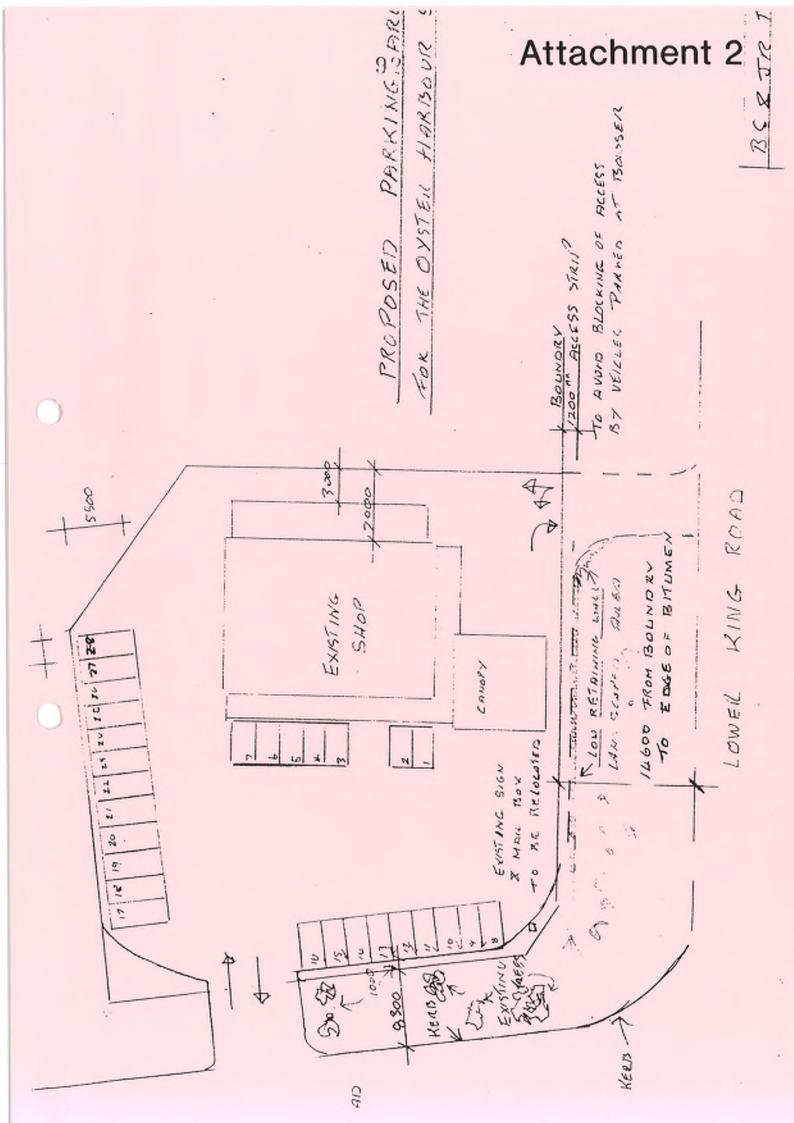
- THAT COUNCIL GRANT PLANNING SCHEME CONSENT TO OPERATE A RETAIL LIQUOR STORE ON LOCATION 1196 LOT 61 BAYONET HEAD ROAD, SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS:-
 - (A) THIS APPROVAL IS VALID FOR A PERIOD OF 2 YEARS. IF DEVELOPMENT IS NOT COMPLETED WITHIN THIS PERIOD A NEW APPROVAL MUST BE OBTAINED.
 - (B) DEVELOPMENT BEING IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS SUBMITTED WITH THE APPLICATION FOR PLANNING SCHEME CONSENT.
 - (C) ANY FUTURE ADDITIONS TO OR INTENSIFICATION OF USE OF ANY BUILDING OR LAND (NOT THE SUBJECT OF THIS CONSENT) WILL REQUIRE FURTHER COUNCIL APPROVAL.

CHAIRMAN

- 9. MATTERS FOR CONSIDERATION: RECOMMENDATIONS TO COUNCIL
 - P5/7 PROPOSED LIQUOR STORE LOCATION 1196 LOT 61 BAYONET HEAD ROAD, BAYONET HEAD (Continued)
 - (D) SIGNS MAY BE ERECTED/DISPLAYED SUBJECT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF COUNCIL. PRIOR TO ANY SIGN BEING DISPLAYED DETAILED PLANS SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO COUNCIL FOR SEPARATE APPROVAL.
 - (E) COMPLIANCE WITH THE RELEVANT HEALTH REGULATIONS.
 - (F) SATISFACTORY BUILDING PLANS BEING SUBMITTED TO COUNCIL FOR APPROVAL.
 - THAT COUNCIL GRANT PERMISSION FOR THE APPLICANT TO USE 1200MM OF ROAD RESERVE ADJACENT TO THE PETROL BOWSER ON LOWER KING ROAD SUBJECT TO:
 - (A) NO OBJECTIONS BEING RECEIVED FROM WESTERN POWER, THE WATER CORPORATION AND TELECOM.
 - (B) MORE DETAILED CROSS SECTIONS BEING SUBMITTED TO, AND APPROVED BY COUNCIL'S ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT.
 - (C) COUNCIL HAVING THE RIGHT TO VARY OR RESCIND THIS ARRANGEMENT AT ANY TIME.

CARRIED.

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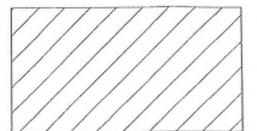
COOL ROOM OFFICE EXPANDED LICENCED/ LIQUOR AREA REQUESTED 16790 22790 SERVING COUNTER OPENING TO STORE **EXISTING LICENCED** LIQUOR AREA KITCHEN 820 820 ENTRY RANGE & DEEP FRYER EQUIPMENT ************************

CITY OF ALBANY

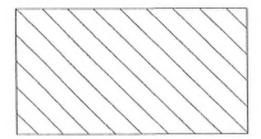
PLANNING SCHEME CONSENT

Is hereby granted under the provisions of the City of Albany, Town Planning Scheme No. 3 (as amended) subject to compliance with the conditions on the attended notice.

No. 96/075 Date 5/11/2012



EXPANDED LICENCED LIQUOR AREA REQUESTED



EXISTING LICENCED LIQUOR AREA

BUILDING / PLANNING REVISED PLANS superseding plans dated __/_/ as decided on 27151/9% under application no 96/075.

CLIENT - Oyster Harbour Store PROJECT - Extension of Liquor Licenced Area LOCATION - Lo1 61, Lower King Road ALBANY TITLE - PROPOSED PLAN SCALE - 1:100 DRAWINGS & SPECIFICATIONS - Omni Estimating PAGE - 1 of 1 REVISION - 29th. March 2012

TOWN PLANNING SCHEME 3 - DISTRICT SCHEME

GRANT OF PLANNING CONSENT

File Ref:

A20725

Application No:

P255037

Corro No:

PA9773

Date:

27 January 2005

Owner of Land:

C N Moir

4 Highelere Court

BAYONET HEAD WA 6330

Applicant:

Vrban Homes

Po Box 1073

ALBANY WA 6331

Planning consent is hereby GRANTED for:

(Lot) 61 (Loc) 1196 (Property) 4 Bayonet Head Road Bayonet Head Wa 6330

for the purpose of: ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS (KITCHEN ADDITION)

and carry out development in accordance with the approved plans dated 27 January 2005 subject to the Schedule of Conditions specified on page 2 of this Consent.

If development is not completed within two years, a fresh approval must be obtained before commencing or continuing development.

It should be noted that this is a planning consent only and is not a building licence. You are advised that before commencing any construction a building licence must be obtained, and before occupancy of the building the conditions of your planning consent must be complied with.

SCHEDULE OF CONDITIONS:

A. Conditions of an ongoing nature:

- A1 All access areas and parking spaces being marked out and maintained in good repair.
- A2 All runoff from impervious surfaces being contained within the property and disposed of, via a trapped sump located within the property, by connection to the existing drainage system.
- A3 No signs are to be erected on the lot without Council's approval, in accordance with the City Of Albany's Sign Bylaws.

ADVICE TO THE APPLICANT:

All development is required to comply with the Building Regulations and the Building Code of Australia.

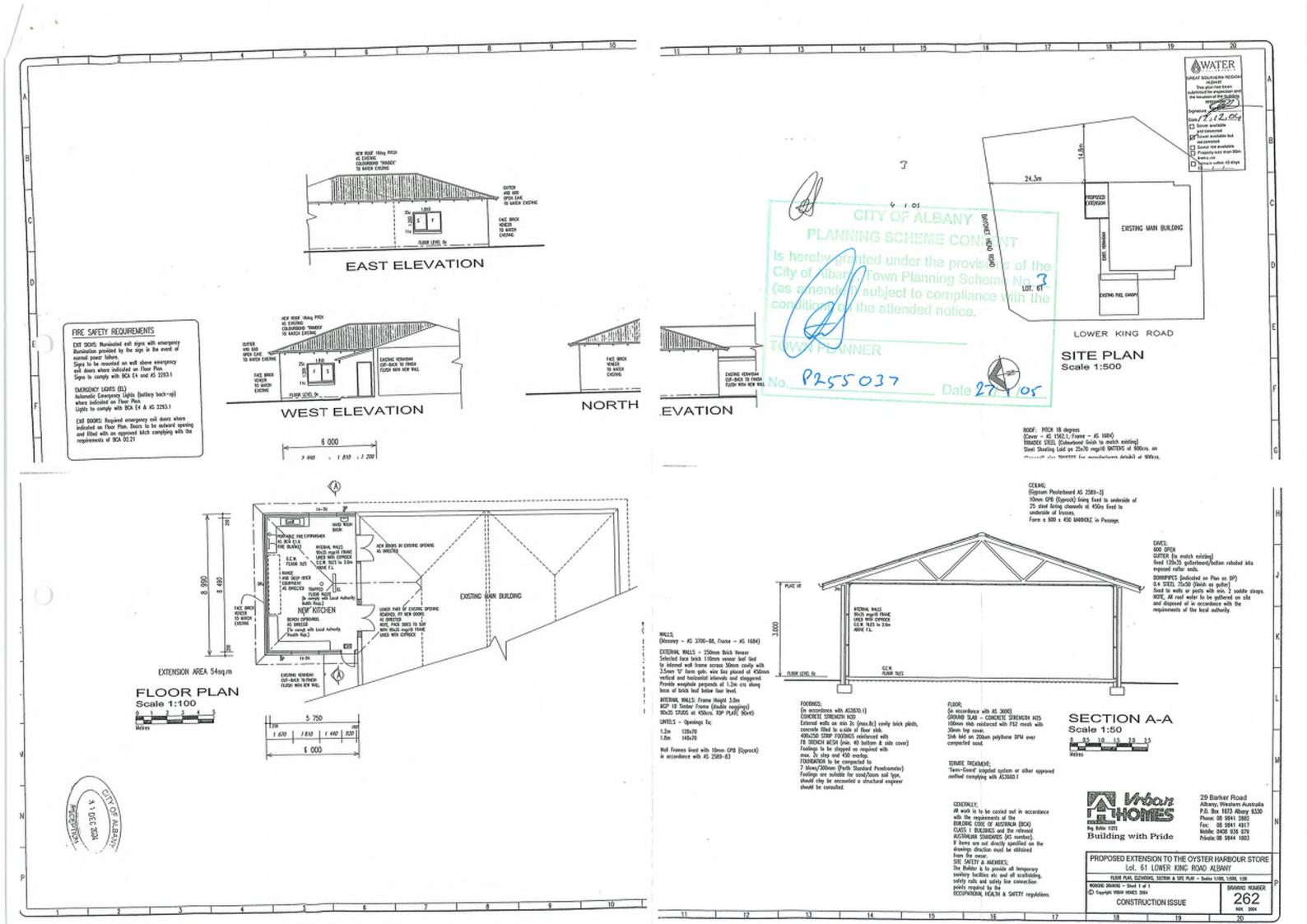
Development is required to comply with all relevant Health regulations.

NOTES:

This Planning Scheme Consent contains the following number of conditions: 3

You may appeal against any condition contained in this consent provided it is lodged within sixty (60) days of the date of issue. The Planning Section of the Development Services Team can provide further information regarding this.

Adrian Nicoll Planning Officer





Appendix 2 Certificates of Title and Diagram

WESTERN



AUSTRALIA

REGISTER NUMBER **60/D32620**

DUPLICATE DATE DUPLICATE ISSUED EDITION

2 30/10/2015

VOLUME 1368 FOLIO 21

RECORD OF CERTIFICATE OF TITLE

UNDER THE TRANSFER OF LAND ACT 1893

The person described in the first schedule is the registered proprietor of an estate in fee simple in the land described below subject to the reservations, conditions and depth limit contained in the original grant (if a grant issued) and to the limitations, interests, encumbrances and notifications shown in the second schedule.



LAND DESCRIPTION:

LOT 60 ON DIAGRAM 32620

REGISTERED PROPRIETOR:

(FIRST SCHEDULE)

CHRISTOPHER NOEL MOIR OF 13 BAUDIN PLACE SPENCER PARK

(T J081893) REGISTERED 11/11/2004

LIMITATIONS, INTERESTS, ENCUMBRANCES AND NOTIFICATIONS:

(SECOND SCHEDULE)

1. N161250 MORTGAGE TO NATIONAL AUSTRALIA BANK LTD REGISTERED 29/10/2015.

Warning:

A current search of the sketch of the land should be obtained where detail of position, dimensions or area of the lot is required.

* Any entries preceded by an asterisk may not appear on the current edition of the duplicate certificate of title.

Lot as described in the land description may be a lot or location.

-----END OF CERTIFICATE OF TITLE------

STATEMENTS:

The statements set out below are not intended to be nor should they be relied on as substitutes for inspection of the land and the relevant documents or for local government, legal, surveying or other professional advice.

SKETCH OF LAND: 1368-21 (60/D32620)

PREVIOUS TITLE: 1311-850

PROPERTY STREET ADDRESS: 6 BAYONET HEAD RD, BAYONET HEAD.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITY: CITY OF ALBANY

NOTE 1: DUPLICATE CERTIFICATE OF TITLE NOT ISSUED AS REQUESTED BY DEALING

N161250

NOTE 2: N171777 DUPLICATE CERTIFICATE OF TITLE EDITION 2 ISSUED IN ERROR ON DEALING

N161250 AND HAS BEEN DESTROYED BY THE WESTERN AUSTRALIAN LAND

INFORMATION AUTHORITY TRADING AS LANDGATE

WESTERN



AUSTRALIA

REGISTER NUMBER
62/D32620

DUPLICATE DATE DUPLICATE ISSUED EDITION

VOLUME FOLIO **331**

N/A

RECORD OF CERTIFICATE OF TITLE

UNDER THE TRANSFER OF LAND ACT 1893

The person described in the first schedule is the registered proprietor of an estate in fee simple in the land described below subject to the reservations, conditions and depth limit contained in the original grant (if a grant issued) and to the limitations, interests, encumbrances and notifications shown in the second schedule.



N/A

LAND DESCRIPTION:

LOT 62 ON DIAGRAM 32620

REGISTERED PROPRIETOR:

(FIRST SCHEDULE)

CHRISTOPHER NOEL MOIR OF 4 HIGHCLERE CLOSE, BAYONET HEAD, ALBANY

(T J081893) REGISTERED 11/11/2004

LIMITATIONS, INTERESTS, ENCUMBRANCES AND NOTIFICATIONS:

(SECOND SCHEDULE)

1. *N755527 MORTGAGE TO NATIONAL AUSTRALIA BANK LTD REGISTERED 2/11/2017.

Warning:

A current search of the sketch of the land should be obtained where detail of position, dimensions or area of the lot is required.

* Any entries preceded by an asterisk may not appear on the current edition of the duplicate certificate of title.

Lot as described in the land description may be a lot or location.

-----END OF CERTIFICATE OF TITLE------

STATEMENTS:

The statements set out below are not intended to be nor should they be relied on as substitutes for inspection of the land and the relevant documents or for local government, legal, surveying or other professional advice.

SKETCH OF LAND: 1512-331 (62/D32620)

PREVIOUS TITLE: 1311-850

PROPERTY STREET ADDRESS: 212 LOWER KING RD, BAYONET HEAD.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITY: CITY OF ALBANY

NOTE 1: DUPLICATE CERTIFICATE OF TITLE NOT ISSUED AS REQUESTED BY DEALING

J041352.

CT 1512 0331

AUSTRALIA

331

CERTIFICATE OF TITLE

UNDER THE "TRANSFER OF LAND ACT, 1893" AS AMENDED

P. 33,

Page I (of 2 pages) 1512VOL.

I certify that the person described in the First Schedule hereto is the registered proprietor of the undermentioned estate in the undermentioned land subject to the easements and encumbrances shown in the Second Schedule hereto.

PERSONS ARE CAUTIONED AGAINST ALTERING OR ADDING TO THIS CERTIFICATE OR ANY NOTIFICATION HEREON

Dated 28th August, 1978

ESTATE AND LAND REFERRED TO

Estate in fee simple in portion of Plantagenet Location 1196 and being Lot 62 on Diagram 32620, delineated and coloured green on the map in the Third Schedule hereto, limited however to the natural surface and therefrom to a depth of 609.6 metres.

FIRST SCHEDULE (continued overleaf)

John Crawford, Carage Albany tenants in

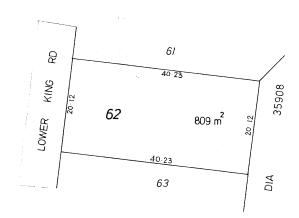
SECOND SCHEDULE (continued overleaf)

1. MORTGAGE B580077 to Custom Credit Corporation Limited. Registered 28.8.78 at 10.26 o'c

Discharged D1092

THIRD SCHEDULE





NOTE: RULING THROUGH AND SEALING WITH THE OFFICE SEAL INDICATES THAT AN ENTRY NO LONGER HAS EFFECT. ENTRIES NOT RULED THROUGH MAY BE AFFECTED BY SUBSEQUENT ENDORSEMENTS



www.landgate.wa.gov.au

Superseded - Copy for Sketch Only

LT. 37 INITIALS B INITIALS E & \otimes STATE OF THE STATE SEAL SEAL THE PERSON 9.02 REGISTERED OR LODGED 9.23 TIME 90.9 16.4.85 16.4.85 9.15 NOTE: RULING THROUGH AND SEALING WITH THE OFFICE SEAL INDICATES THAT AN ENTRY NO LONGER HAS EFFECT. ENTRIES NOT RULED THROUGH MAY BE AFFECTED BY SUBSEQUENT ENDORSEMENTS. NOTE: RULING THROUGH AND SEALING WITH THE OFFICE SEAL INDICATES THAT AN ENTRY NO LONGER HAS EFFECT ENTRIES NOT RULED THROUGH MAY BE AFFECTED BY SUBSEQUENT ENDORSEMENTS. Application C408680 18.8.82 REGISTERED 6.9.93 6.1.86 NUMBER D1093 D1091 D176840 F299397 Discharged CANCELLATION Withdrawn INSTRUMENT Transfer Transfer INITIALS SEAL The correct name and description of the second proprietor is Carmel Bibi Crawford, Married Woman and Eclipse Drive, 331 se Drive, Albany es Joint Cenants of 27 undivided 28th shares and T4 Evans Road, Albany, Office Manager, of 1 undivided 28th share, red Elsie Augusts 9.05 TIME 16.10.78 9.08 1512 REGISTERED of 1 6.9.93 27 undivided 28th shares are transferred to Graham John Augustson and Winifred Elsie both CERTIFICATE OF TITLE VOL. The state of the s The registered proprietors are now Graham John Augustson, Fisherman and Withi Graham John Augusten, Fisherman Winifred Elsie Augusten, Married Woman, the address of both proprictors is 26 Cloucester Drive, Resanna, Victoria, to The National Bank Of Australasia Limited. Philip John Charles Pass, of 14 Evans Road, Albany, Office Manage Ticon Pty. Ltd. of Lot 6 Lower King Road, Lower King via Albany. REGISTERED PROPRIETOR PARTICULARS to National Australia Bank Ltd. Lodged 14.3.1985 at 10.58 o'c. Married Woman both of 1 Eclipse Drive, Albany as SECOND SCHEDULE (continued) FIRST SCHEDULE (continued) Albany, as joint tenants. 9668260 F299398 B603742 Page 2 (of 2 pages) INSTRUMENT Mortgage Mortgage Caveat NATURE

WESTERN



AUSTRALIA

REGISTER NUMBER
61/D32620

LICATE DATE DUPLICATE ISSUED

DUPLICATE EDITION N/A

N/A

VOLUME FOLIO **1973 477**

RECORD OF CERTIFICATE OF TITLE

UNDER THE TRANSFER OF LAND ACT 1893

The person described in the first schedule is the registered proprietor of an estate in fee simple in the land described below subject to the reservations, conditions and depth limit contained in the original grant (if a grant issued) and to the limitations, interests, encumbrances and notifications shown in the second schedule.

BGROber'S REGISTRAR OF TITLES

LAND DESCRIPTION:

LOT 61 ON DIAGRAM 32620

REGISTERED PROPRIETOR:

(FIRST SCHEDULE)

CHRISTOPHER NOEL MOIR OF 4 HIGHCLERE CLOSE, BAYONET HEAD, ALBANY

(T J081893) REGISTERED 11/11/2004

LIMITATIONS, INTERESTS, ENCUMBRANCES AND NOTIFICATIONS:

(SECOND SCHEDULE)

1. *N755516 MORTGAGE TO NATIONAL AUSTRALIA BANK LTD REGISTERED 2/11/2017.

Warning:

A current search of the sketch of the land should be obtained where detail of position, dimensions or area of the lot is required.

* Any entries preceded by an asterisk may not appear on the current edition of the duplicate certificate of title.

Lot as described in the land description may be a lot or location.

-----END OF CERTIFICATE OF TITLE------

STATEMENTS:

The statements set out below are not intended to be nor should they be relied on as substitutes for inspection of the land and the relevant documents or for local government, legal, surveying or other professional advice.

SKETCH OF LAND: 1973-477 (61/D32620)

PREVIOUS TITLE: 1512-330

PROPERTY STREET ADDRESS: 4 BAYONET HEAD RD, BAYONET HEAD.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITY: CITY OF ALBANY

NOTE 1: DUPLICATE CERTIFICATE OF TITLE NOT ISSUED AS REQUESTED BY DEALING

J041352.

Volume 1512 Folio 330



AUSTRALIA

REGISTER BOOK FOL. VOL.

Page 1 (of 2 pages) 1973

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CERTIFICATE OF TITLE

UNDER THE "TRANSFER OF LAND ACT, 1893" AS AMENDED

I certify that the person described in the First Schedule hereto is the registered proprietor of the undermentioned estate in the undermentioned land subject to the easements and encumbrances shown in the Second Schedule hereto.





Dated 6th September, 1993

ESTATE AND LAND REFERRED TO

Estate in fee simple in portion of Plantagenet Location 1196 and being Lot 61 on Diagram 32620, delineated on the map in the Third Schedule hereto, limited however to the natural surface and therefrom to a depth of 609.6 metres.

FIRST SCHEDULE (continued overleaf)

Ticon Pty. Ltd. of Lot 6 Lower King Road, Lower King via Albany.

SECOND SCHEDULE (continued overleaf)

1. CAVEAT F165538. Lodged 19

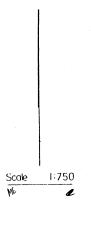


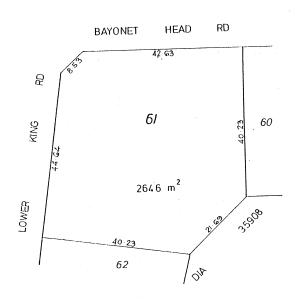
Withdrawn G196652 7.6.96



2. MORTGAGE F299401 to $\underline{\mbox{National Australia Bank Ltd.}}$ Registered 6.9.93 at 9.05 hrs.

THIRD SCHEDULE





NOTE: ENTRIES MAY BE AFFECTED BY SUBSEQUENT ENDORSEMENTS.

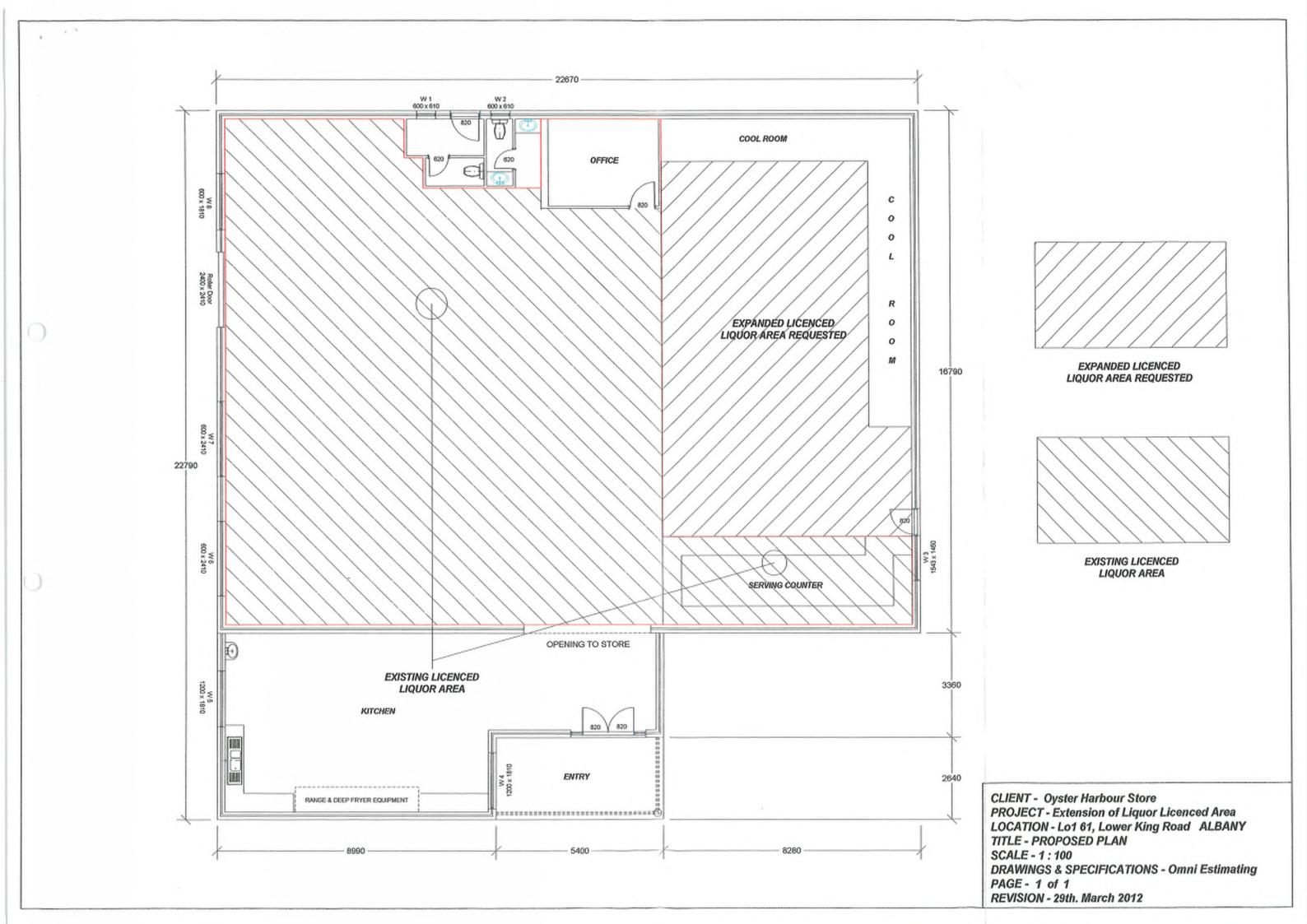
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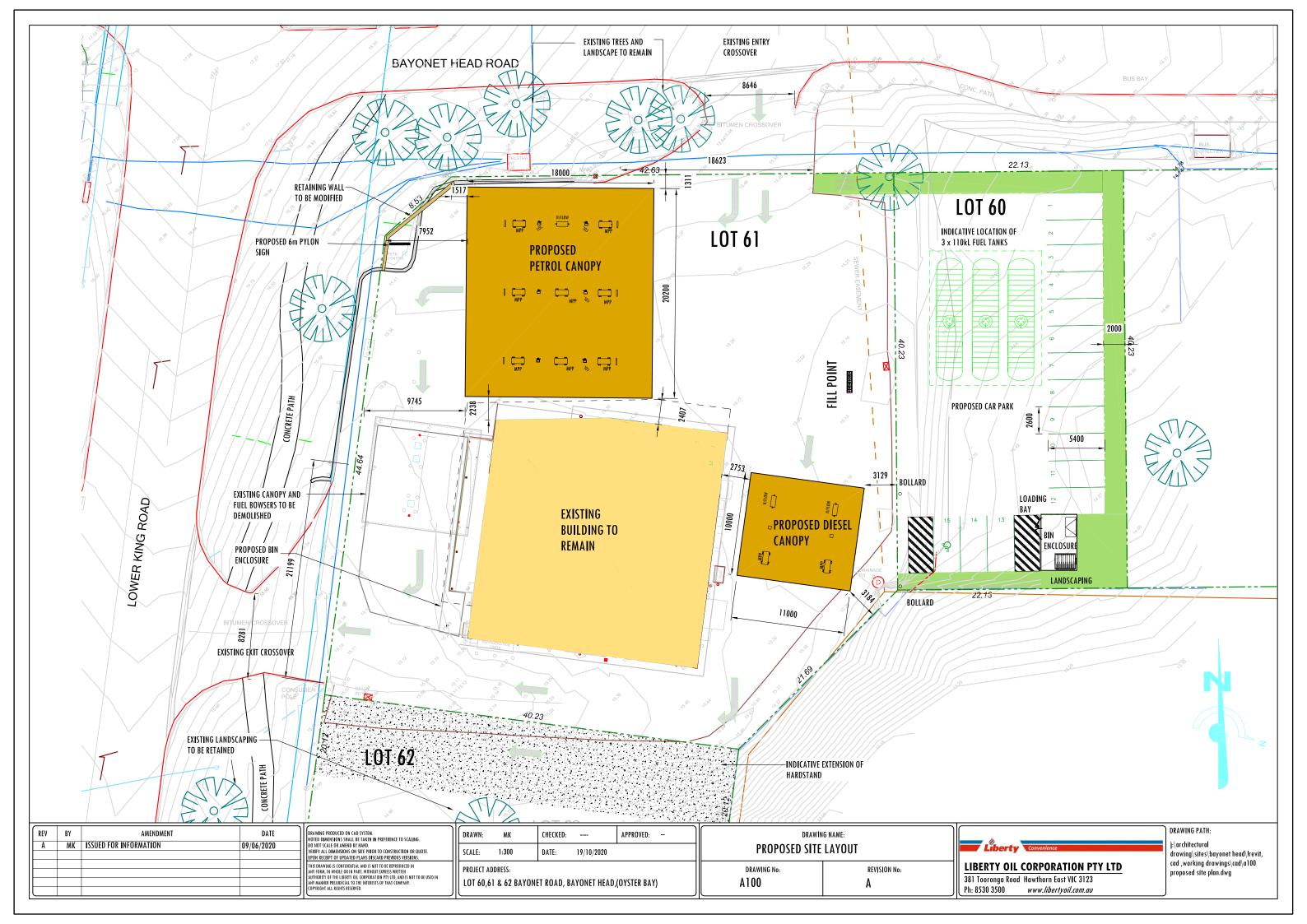


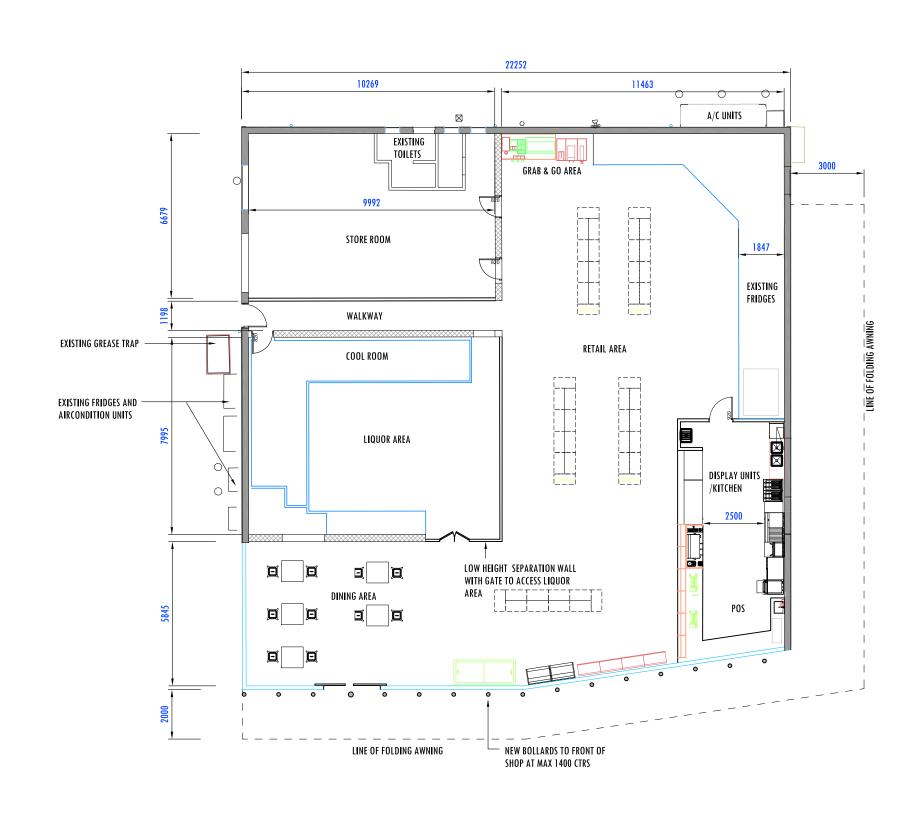
Approved Liquor Licence Area





Appendix 4 Development Plans





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VERIFY ALL DIMENSIONS ON SITE PERIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OR QUOTE.
UPON RECEPT OF UPDATED PLANS DISCARD PREVIOUS VERSIONS.
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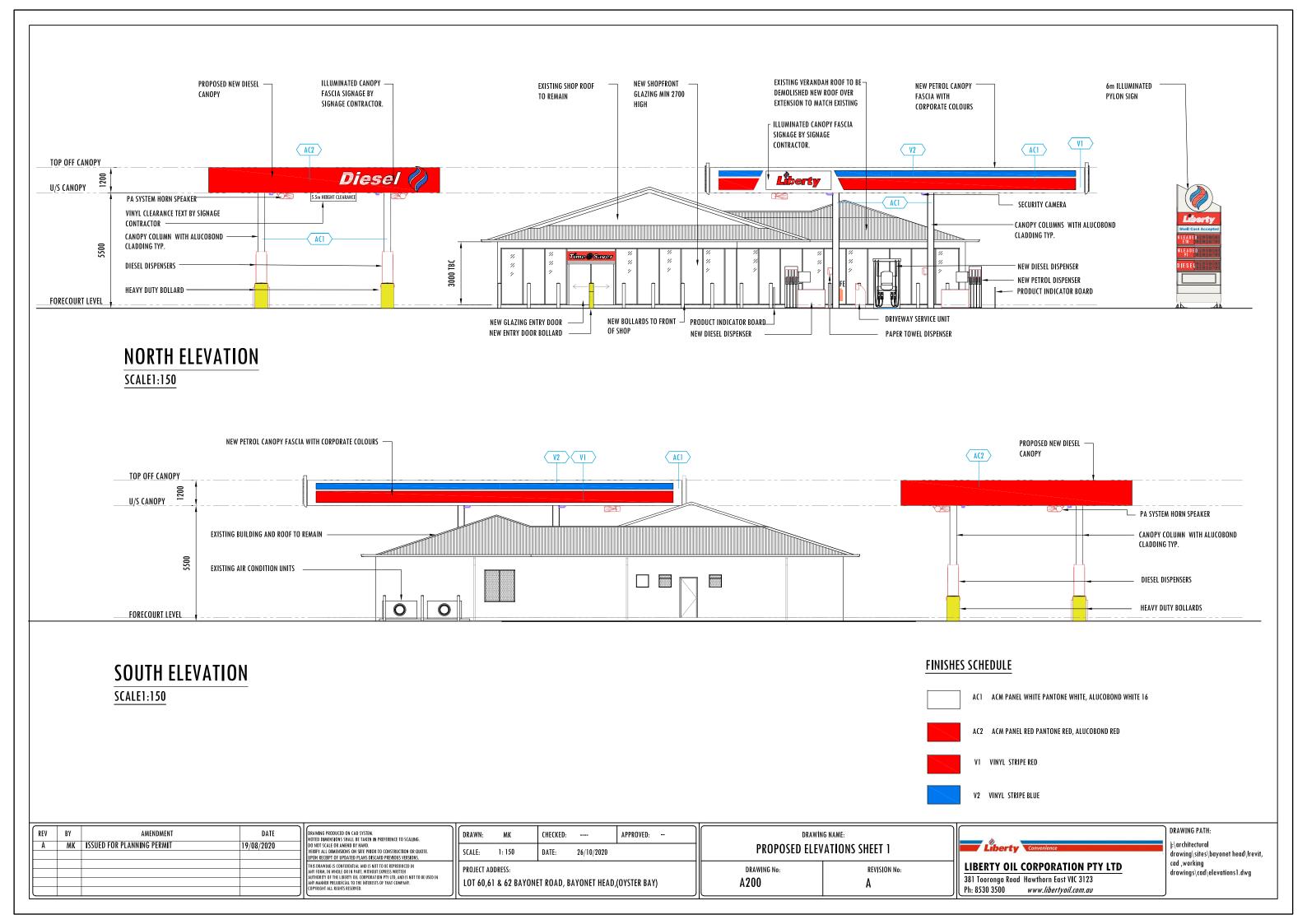
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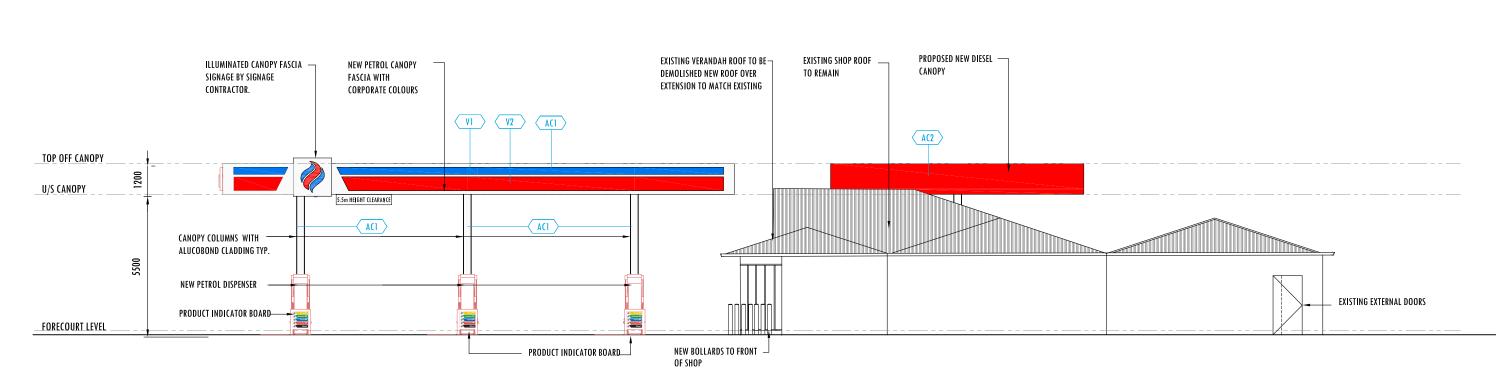
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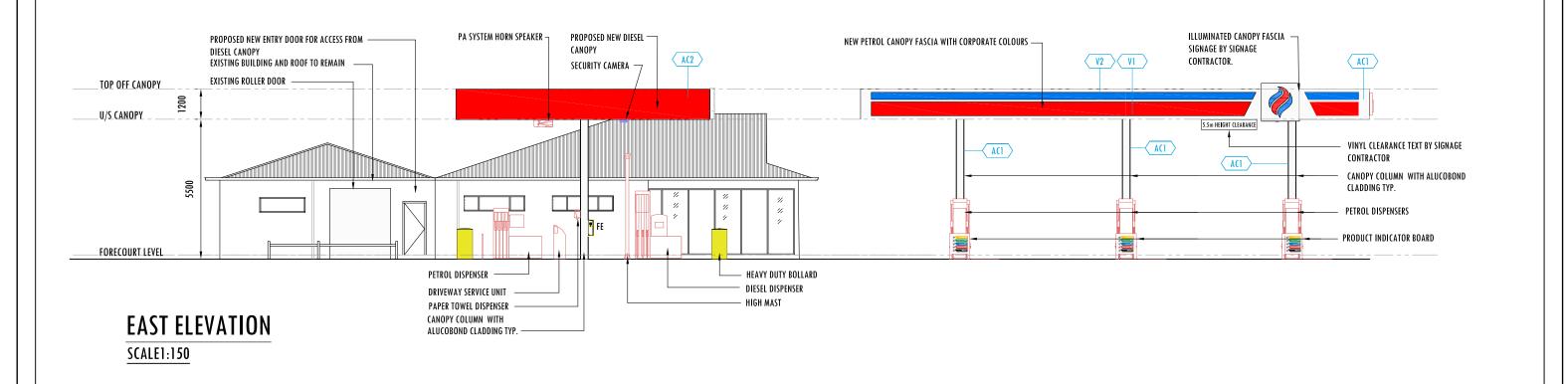
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UPON RECEIPT OF UPDATED PLANS DISCARD PREVIOUS VERSIONS.

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Appendix 5 Traffic Impact Assessment



Proposed Service Station

Lot 60 & 61 (6 & 4) Bayonet Head Road and Lot 62 (212) Lower King Road, Bayonet Head

Transport Impact Assessment

PREPARED FOR: Liberty Oil

October 2020

Document history and status

Author	Revision	Approved by	Date approved	Revision type
Waihin Tun	r01	B Bordbar	29/10/2020	Draft
Waihin Tun	r01a	B Bordbar	30/10/2020	Final
	-			_

File name: t20.168.wt.r01a

Author: Waihin Tun

Project manager: Behnam Bordbar

Client: Liberty Oil

Project: Lot 60 & 61 Bayonet Head Rd and Lot 62 Lower King Rd

Document revision: r01a

Project number: t20.168

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The Client alone shall have a license to use the documents referred to above for the purpose of completing the Project, but the Client shall not use, or make copies of, such documents in connection with any work not included in the Project, unless written approval is obtained from the Consultant or otherwise agreed through a separate contract.

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1.0 Summary

This Transport Impact Assessment (TIA) report has been prepared with respect to the proposed service station to be located at Lot 60 & 61 (6 & 4) Bayonet Head Road and Lot 62 (212) Lower King Road, Bayonet Head in City of Albany. The site is located at the southeast corner of Lower King Road and Bayonet Head Road intersection.

The proposal entails a petrol filling station with an associated convenience store. A loading bay for service vehicles is also provided at the southeast corner of the subject site. It is proposed to provide one 'entry only' crossover on Bayonet Head Road and one 'exit only' crossover on Lower King Road. The subject site is currently occupied by a liquor store and a service station.

In accordance with the WAPC document "Transport Impact Assessment Guidelines, Volume 4 – Individual Developments (2016)" a Transport Impact Assessment is required for developments that are likely to generate high volumes of traffic and, therefore, would have a high overall impact on the surrounding land uses and transport networks. Accordingly, a Transport Impact Assessment is warranted in this case.

The net additional traffic as a result of the proposed development is estimated to be approximately 40vph and 44vph during the AM and PM peak hours respectively. This level of traffic generation is relatively minimal and as such would not have any significant impact on the abutting road network.

The proposed development layout has been assessed with respect to the movements of fuel tankers and service vehicles. Swept path assessment confirms that the proposed entry and egress arrangements and the site layout facilitate safe and efficient vehicle circulation through the site.

The traffic modelling and analysis undertaken as part of the Transport Impact Assessment indicates that the development traffic does not have a significant impact during the post-development and 10-year post-development scenarios with only marginal changes in traffic operations.

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2.0 Introduction

This Transport Impact Assessment has been prepared by Transcore on behalf of Liberty Oil Corporation Pty Ltd with regards to the proposed service station and the associated convenience store to be located at Lot 60 & 61 (6 & 4) Bayonet Head Road and Lot 62 (212) Lower King Road, Bayonet Head in City of Albany. The site is located at the southeast corner of Bayonet Head Road and Lower King Road intersection.

As shown in **Figure 1**, the subject site is bound by Lower King Road to the west, Bayonet Head Road to the north, and existing commercial land uses to the immediate east and south. The subject site is zoned as "Local Centre" in the City of Albany Local Planning Scheme 1 as illustrated in **Figure 2**.

The subject site is presently occupied by a service station and a liquor store. Vehicles can access the site via full movement crossovers on Lower King Road and Bayonet Head Road. As part of the proposed development, the existing crossovers on Bayonet Head Road and Lower King Road will be retained, but converted into 'entry only' crossover on Bayonet Head Road and 'exit only' crossover on Lower King Road.



Figure 1: Location of the subject site

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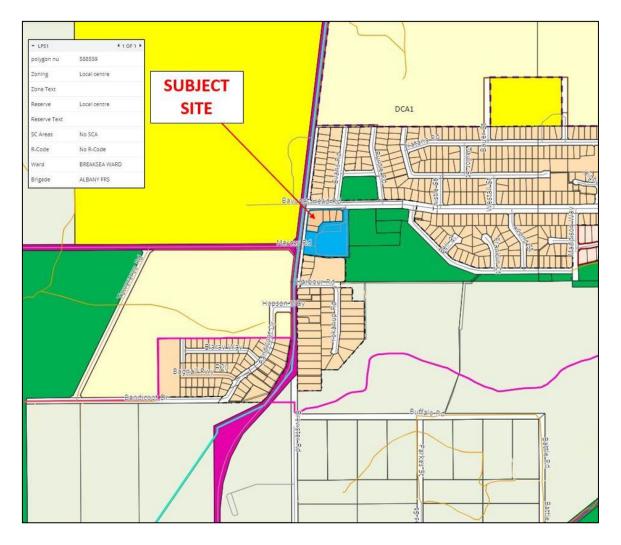


Figure 2. Site location within the Intramaps (City of Albany Local Planning Scheme 1)

Key issues that will be addressed in this report include establishing the net additional traffic generation of the proposed development and the capacity analysis of the proposed development crossovers and existing intersection of Lower King Road and Bayonet Head Road. The review of the internal site circulation system for heavy vehicles and service vehicles are also addressed in this report.

3.0 Existing Situation

3.1 Existing Site Use and Access

The subject site is situated at the southeast corner of Lower King Road/ Bayonet Head Road intersection (refer to **Figure 1**). The subject site currently accommodates a service station and a liquor store. The subject site entails two road frontages: Lower King Road to the west and Bayonet Head Road to the north.

As shown in **Figure 3**, at present there is one full movement crossover on Lower King Road and one full movement crossover on Bayonet Head Road.



Figure 3. Existing site crossovers locations

3.2 Existing Road Network

Bayonet Head Road in the immediate vicinity of the subject site is constructed as a single carriageway, two-lane, divided road with pedestrian footpaths on both sides of the road. Refer to **Figure 4** for more details.

Bayonet Head Road is classified as an Access Road in the Main Roads WA Metropolitan Functional Road Hierarchy and operates under the speed limit of 60km/h.

According to Main Roads WA Restricted Access Vehicles (RAV) network mapping, Bayonet Head Road in this vicinity is classified as RAV Network 1 and can accommodate heavy vehicles of up to 20.0m in length.



Figure 4: Eastbound view along Bayonet Head Road

Lower King Road in the vicinity of the subject site is constructed as a single carriageway, two-lane, divided road with a pedestrian footpath on the eastern side of the road. Refer to **Figure 5** for more details.

Lower King Road is classified as Regional Distributor in the Main Roads WA Metropolitan Functional Road Hierarchy and operates under the speed limit of 60km/h.

According to Main Roads WA Restricted Access Vehicles (RAV) network mapping, Lower King Road in this vicinity is classified as RAV Network 1 and can accommodate heavy vehicles of up to 20.0m in length.

Bayonet Head Road forms a priority controlled four-way intersection with Lower King Road.



Figure 5: Northbound view along Lower King Road

3.3 Existing Traffic Volumes on Roads

According to the latest available traffic count data sourced from Main Roads WA, Bayonet Head Road (west of Purdie Road) carried approximately 5,347vpd on a regular weekday in 2018/19. The morning peak of 702vph was recorded at this location between 8:00-9:00AM while the afternoon peak of 583vph was recorded between 3:00-4:00PM. The proportion of heavy vehicles was recorded as 5.5%.

According to the latest available traffic count data provided from the City of Albany, Lower King Road (between Bayonet Head Road and Stranmore Boulevard) carried approximately 7,135vpd on a regular weekday in October 2014 and Lower King Road (between Bayonet Head Road and Mercer Road) carried approximately 10,259vpd on a regular weekday in June 2014. The daily, morning peak and afternoon peak hours are detailed in **Table 1**.

Table 1. Lower King Road existing traffic volumes

Lower King	Location	Date	Daily	AM peak	PM peak
Road	Between Bayonet Head Rd and Stranmore Blvd	October 2014	7,135	754	753
	Between Bayonet Head Rd and Mercer Rd	June 2014	10,259	1,174	1,088

Based on the available traffic information sourced from Main Roads WA and received from the City of Albany, Origin – Destination (O-D) matrices method was used to estimate the existing traffic volumes of the morning peak (AM) and afternoon peak (PM) hours at the intersection of Lower King Road and Bayonet Head Road. The estimated traffic data is presented in **Figure 6**.

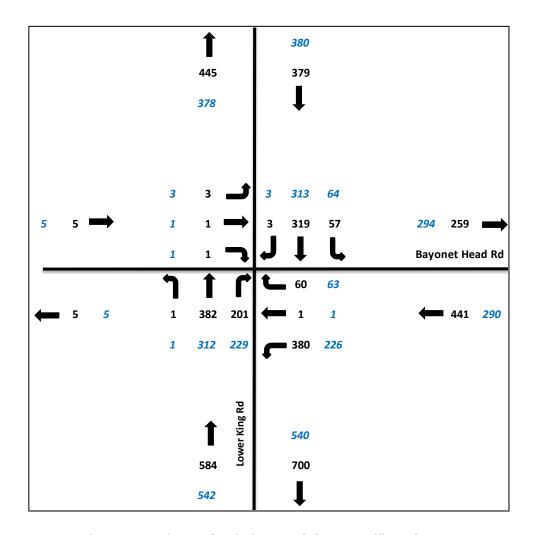


Figure 6. Estimated existing peak hour traffic volumes

3.4 Crash Data

Information available on the Main Roads WA website provides crash statistics for Lower King Road and Bayonet Head Road intersection during the five-year period ending in December 2019.

The crash records indicate that Lower King Road/ Bayonet Head Road intersection recorded a total of three road crashes, two crashes classified as property damage only (PDO) and one PDO minor crash in the last five-year period. More details on the crash records are provided in **Table 2.**

Table 2. Crash history for the South Street/ Hines Road intersection

Intersection (Prio	Total Crashes	Casualty			
Lower King Road/	3	0			
Hit Object	Wet	Night			
1	1		1	1	1

3.5 Public Transport Access

Public transport services in the vicinity of the subject site are shown in **Figure 7**. The closest bus service to the subject site is TransAlbany bus route 804 which travels along Lower King Road, west of the subject site and Bayonet Head Road, north of the subject site. The nearest bus stop is located on Bayonet Head Road approximately 25m east of the subject site. The nearest bus stop is accessible from the subject site via the existing footpath network in the locality. The bus route provides links to various destinations including Albany Plaza and Albany Health Campus.

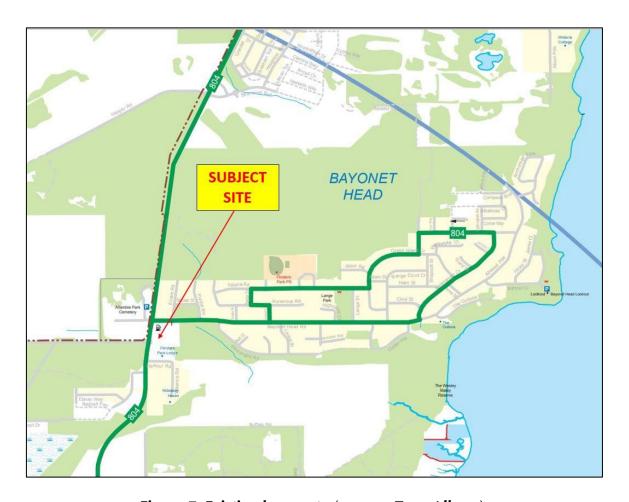


Figure 7: Existing bus route (source: *TransAlbany*)

3.6 Pedestrian and Cyclist Facilities

A shared path for pedestrians and bikes is available on the eastern side of Lower King Road in the vicinity of the subject site. Pedestrian crossing opportunity with refuge island is available at the Lower King Road and Bayonet Head Road intersection.

The Department of Transport's City of Albany Bike Map series shows good cyclist connectivity near the subject site, as shown in **Figure 8.**

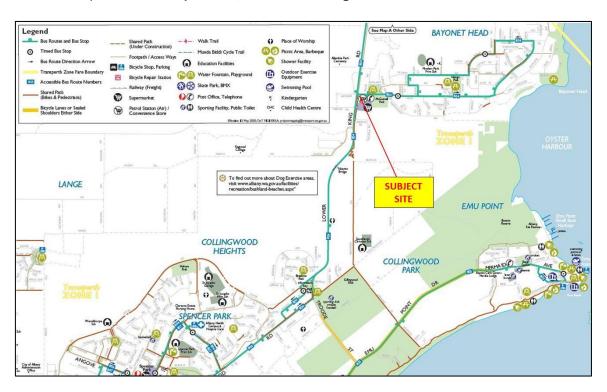


Figure 8: Bike map (source: Department of Transport)

4.0 Development Proposal

4.1 Proposed Site Use

According to the proposed development plan attached in **Appendix A** of this report, the proposal includes a service station with two canopies comprising:

- ♣ A canopy with a total of eight regular bowsers and one high flow bowser designed for vehicles towing boats;
- ♣ A diesel canopy with a total of two regular bowsers and two high flow bowsers;
- ♣ A convenience (retail) store;
- ♣ A total of 15 car parking bays, including one ACROD bay;
- A designated fill point location for fuel tanker; and,
- ♣ A designated service vehicle loading bay.

It is Transcore's understanding that adequate parking supply is provided on site to satisfy the parking requirements for the proposed development.

The layout of the proposed development is shown in the site plan included in **Appendix A**.

4.2 Proposed Access for all Modes

The proposed access system for the development comprises one 'entry only' crossover on Bayonet Head Road and one 'exit only' crossover on Lower King Road as shown in **Figure 9.**

As part of the proposal, the existing 8.6m wide full movement crossover on Bayonet Head Road and the existing 8.2m wide full movement crossover on Lower King Road are proposed to be retained at their current locations, but converted to 'entry only' and 'exit only' crossovers.

The delivery of fuel will be undertaken by using fuel tankers no bigger than 19.0m which will enter the site from Bayonet Head Road 'entry only' crossover, access the fill point and exit the site via 'exit only' crossover on Lower King Road. The location of the fill point has been selected so that a tanker undertaking the filling operation will have minimal impact on traffic circulation within the site.

The service bay/ bin storage area is proposed to be located at the southeast corner of the subject site. Deliveries and waste collection will be accommodated within the site.

Heavy vehicle access, egress and circulation are discussed further in **Section 8.0** of this report.

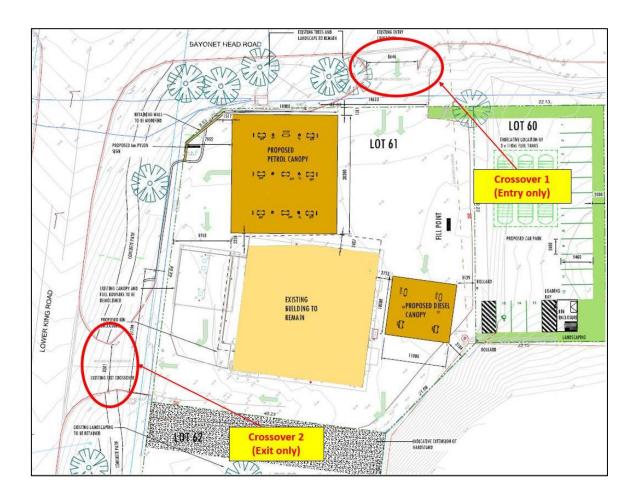


Figure 9: Development crossovers

5.0 Changes to Surrounding Transport Networks

The proposed development does not contemplate any changes to the surrounding road networks.

The proposed changes on the road network associated with the development are restricted to site layout and converting the full movement crossovers on Bayonet Head Road and Lower King Road to 'entry only' and 'exit only' crossovers respectively.

6.0 Integration with Surrounding Area

The subject site has been operating as a service station and a liquor store for a number of years and the proposed development is in line with the existing land uses on the subject site.

7.0 Traffic Assessment

7.1 Assessment Period

Due to the nature of the development it is expected that distinct peak activity periods occur during weekday morning and afternoon road network peak hours.

A review of the existing traffic counts for the surrounding road network, suggests that the combination of the traffic expected to be generated by the subject development and the road network peak traffic periods is likely to result in the greatest demand on the road network during the typical weekday morning and afternoon peak hour between 8:00-9:00AM and 3:00-4:00PM. As such, trip generation is estimated and traffic analysis is undertaken for these periods.

It is assumed that the proposed development would be fully constructed and activated by the end of 2021. The WAPC "Transport Impact Assessment Guidelines, Volume 4 – Individual Developments" generally requires assessment for post-development (2021 in this case) and a 10-year post development time horizon (2031).

7.2 Trip Generation and Distribution

7.2.1 Existing Traffic Generation

The subject site is currently occupied by a service station with three fuel bowsers and a liquor store. In order to establish the AM and PM peak hours traffic generation for the existing development, trip rates for a typical "Gasoline/ Service Station with Convenience Market (945)" and "Liquor Store (899)" from the "ITE Trip Generation Manual 10th Edition" publication were sourced.

Gasoline/Service Station with Convenience Market (945) - Regular Fuelling Points

- AM Peak hour: 12.47 trips per fuelling point;
- ♣ PM Peak hour: 13.99 trips per fuelling point; and,
- Weekday daily: 205.36 trips per fuelling point.

Accordingly, the traffic generation for the existing service station are:

- \blacksquare Weekday AM: (12.47 x 6) x = 75vph;
- \blacksquare Weekday PM: (13.99 x 6) x = 84vph; and,
- \downarrow Weekday daily: (205.36 x 6) x = 1232 vehicles.

<u>Liquor Store (899) (Approximate Area – 530m²)</u>

- \blacksquare Weekday AM: 4.55vph per 1000sqft GFA/ 0.929 = 4.89vph/ 100m² GFA;
- Weekday PM: 17.12vph per 1000sqft GFA/ 0.929 = 18.43vph/ 100m² GFA; and,
- ➡ Weekday daily: 101.49vpd per 1000sqft GFA/ 0.929 = 109.25vpd/ 100m² GFA.

Accordingly, the traffic generation for the existing liquor store are:

- Weekday AM: [4.89 x 5.3 (GFA)] = 26vph;
- ➡ Weekday PM: [18.43 x 5.3 (GFA)] = 98vph; and,
- ➡ Weekday daily: [109.25 x 5.3 (GFA)] = 579vpd

Therefore, it is estimated that the existing development generates about 1,811 vehicular trips per day on a typical weekday with approximately 101 and 182 trips during the typical weekday AM and PM peak hours respectively. These figures include both inbound and outbound vehicle movements. The existing traffic volumes from the existing development is presented in **Table 5** and **Figure 14**.

7.2.2 Proposed Development Traffic Generation

The traffic generation rates for the proposed service station were also sourced from the "ITE Trip Generation Manual 10th Edition" using "Gasoline/ Service Station with Convenience Market (945)" land use as a reference.

Light Vehicles - Regular Fuelling Points

The proposed number of fuel filling positions is for the purpose of better convenience and accessibility for vehicles and to reduce any queues and waiting time for customers particularly during peak periods. Therefore, the trip generations for light vehicles were estimated based on the number of fuel points expected to be actually used during peak periods.

Accordingly, the traffic generation for the proposed fuel station with regular bowsers are:

- \blacksquare Weekday AM: 12.47 x 8 = 100vph;
- ➡ Weekday PM: 13.99 x 8 = 112vph; and,
- **↓** Weekday daily: 205.36 x 8 = 1643 vehicles.

<u>Light Vehicles - High Flow Fuelling Points</u>

The proposed development proposes one bowser under light vehicle canopy and two bowsers under heavy vehicle canopy. Based on the information provided to Transcore, it is understood that the proposal is to allow for vehicles towing boats. Therefore, the trip generation for vehicles towing boats were estimated based on 1.0 rate of a regular bowser.

Accordingly, the traffic generation for the vehicles towing boats (high flow fuelling points) are:

Weekday AM: 12.47 x 3 = 37vph;
Weekday PM: 13.99 x 3 = 42vph; and,
Weekday daily: 205.36 x 3 = 616 vehicles.

Heavy Vehicles - High Flow Bowsers

For a robust assessment, it is assumed that the proposed development will attract 30% of heavy vehicles on the frontage roads. The latest available traffic information obtained on Main Roads WA website provides that Bayonet Head Road, west of Purdie Road carries 33 heavy vehicles during AM peak hour, 39 heavy vehicles during PM peak hour and 293 daily heavy vehicles. Therefore, the traffic generation for the proposed High flow bowsers under heavy vehicle canopy are:

Weekday AM: $(30\% \text{ of } 33) \times 2 = 20 \text{vph};$

 ♣ Weekday PM: (30% of 39) x 2 = 23vph; and,

♦ Weekday daily: (30% of 293) x 2 = 176 vehicles.

As detailed in **Table 3**, it is estimated that the proposed development would generate approximately 2,435 trips per day (both inbound and outbound) with approximately 157 and 177 trips during the weekday AM and PM peak hours respectively.

60% passing trade for light vehicles, 100% passing trade for vehicles with boats and 100% passing trade for heavy vehicles were assumed for the traffic analysis of the proposed development. Therefore, the net additional traffic as a result of the proposed development are +624vpd, +56vph (AM peak hour) and -5vph (PM peak hour). When accounting for passing trade, the net traffic increases are +657vpd (daily), +40vph (AM peak hour) and + 44vph (PM peak hour) on the surrounding road from the proposed development as shown in **Table 4**.

Table 3: Estimated proposed development traffic generation

Land use	Quantity	Daily Rate	AM Peak	PM Peak	Daily Trips	AM Trips	PM Trips	Αľ	И	P	M
Land use	Quantity	Daily Rate	AIVI PEAK	PIVIPEAK	Daily ITIPS	Aivi IIIps	Pivi IIIps	IN	OUT	IN	OUT
Fuel Station regular bowser - fuelling position + Convenience store	8	205.36	12.47	13.99	1643	100	112	50	50	56	56
High Flow - Vehicles towing boats	3	205.36	12.47	13.99	616	37	42	19	19	21	21
		HV c	n frontage r	oad		30%		ΑN	Л	Р	М
High Flow Diesel Heavy		Daily	AM	PM	Daily	AM	PM	IN	OUT	IN	OUT
Vehicles		293	33	39	176	20	23	10	10	12	12
	Total							79	79	89	89

Table 4: Estimated passing trade and non-passing trade traffic generation

land	Passing Trade	Passing Traffic	IA.	M	P	М		Non-pasisng Traffic	А	M	P	М
Land use		Daily Trips	IN	OUT	IN	OUT		Daily Trips	IN	OUT	IN	OUT
Fuel Station regular bowser - fuelling position + Convenience store	60%	986	30	30	34	34	40%	657	20	20	22	22
High Flow - Vehicles towing boats	100%	616	19	19	21	21	0%	0	0	0	0	0
	Passing Trade	Passing Traffic	Αſ	И	P	М		Non-pasisng Traffic	А	AM		М
High Flow Diesel Bowsers	•	Daily Trips	IN	OUT	IN	OUT		Daily Trips	IN	OUT	IN	OUT
INIGHT FIOW DIESEL BOWSETS	100%	176	10	10	12	12	0%	0	0	0	0	0
Total		1778	59	59	67	67		657	20	20	22	22

The directional split of inbound/ outbound trips for the proposed development is assumed to be about of 50/50 for inbound and outbound trips during the peak hours.

Two traffic distributions have been modelled for the weekday AM and PM peak hours:

Passing trade traffic as detailed in Figure 10.

Non-passing trade traffic as detailed in **Figure 11**.

The total proposed development traffic is detailed in **Figure 12**.

With respect to the distribution and assignment of the development-generated traffic during peak hours, consideration was given to the location of the site, the overwhelmingly passing trade nature of the proposed land use and the access and egress routes to and from the site.

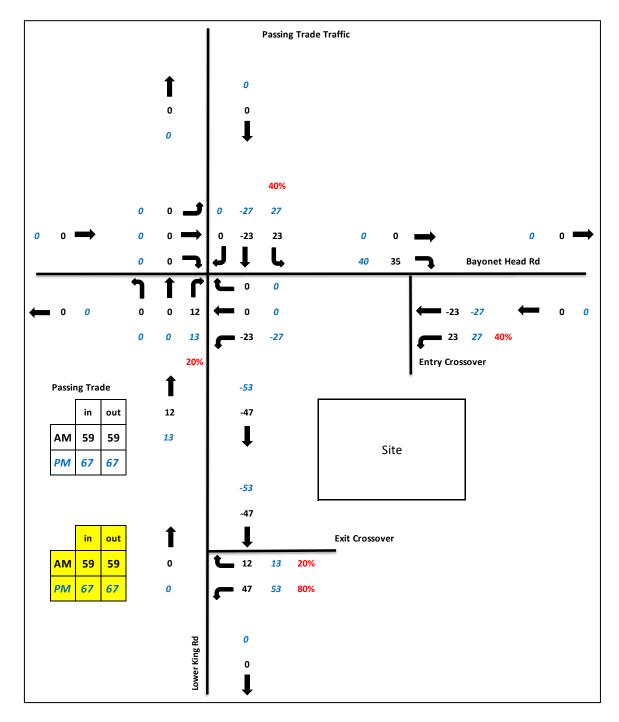


Figure 10: Passing trade development traffic component – weekday AM & PM peak hours

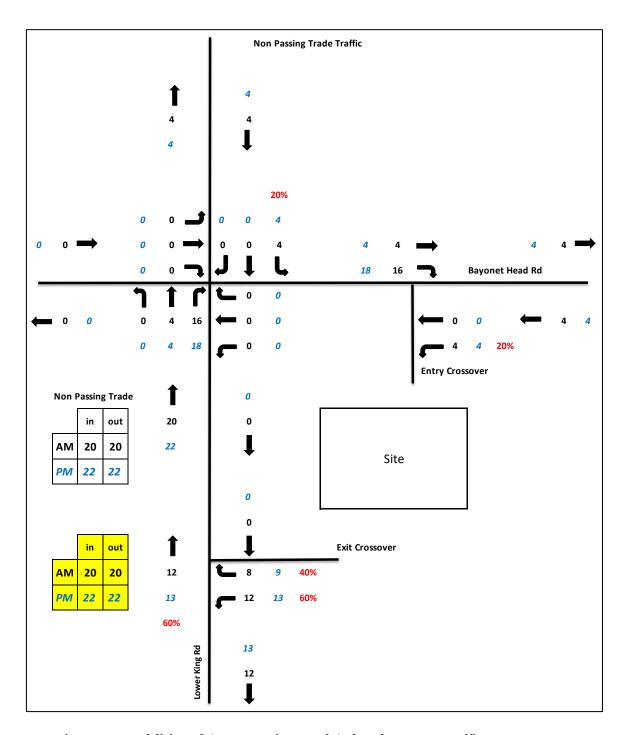


Figure 11: Additional (non-passing trade) development traffic component weekday AM & PM peak hours

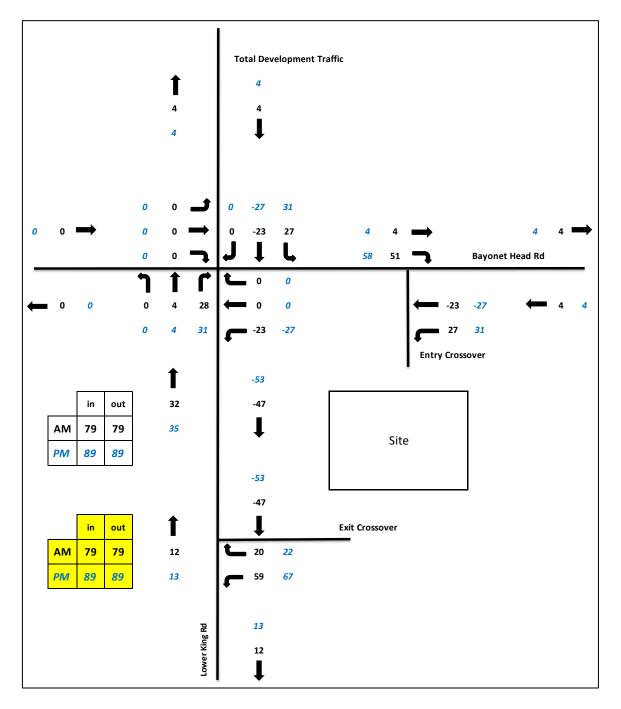


Figure 12: Total peak hour traffic generated by the proposed development – Weekday AM and PM peak hours

7.3 Traffic Flows

Based on the available traffic information sourced from Main Roads WA and received from the City of Albany, Origin – Destination (O-D) matrices method was used to estimate the existing traffic volumes for the morning peak (AM) and afternoon peak (PM) hours at the intersection of Lower King Road and Bayonet Head Road. The existing estimated base traffic flows are presented in **Figure 13**.

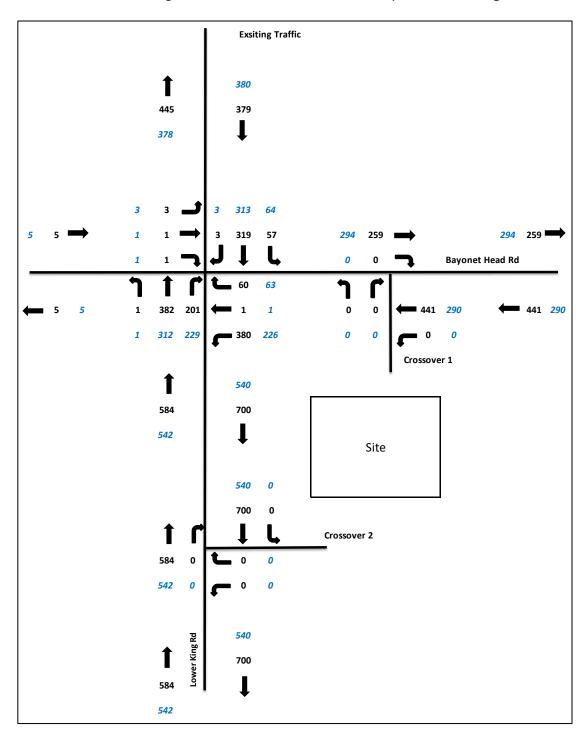


Figure 13: Estimated existing traffic flows near the subject site – Weekday AM & PM peak hours

The existing traffic volumes of the existing land uses on site were also assessed and the directional split of existing inbound/ outbound trips for the existing development was also assumed to be about of 50/50 for inbound and outbound trips during peak hours.

The existing traffic volumes for the subject site are presented in **Table 5** and **Figure 14**.

Table 5. Estimated existing subject site traffic generation

									AM		PM	
	Land Use	Quantity	Daily Rate	AM Peak	PM Peak	Daily Trips	AM Trips	PM Trips	IN	OUT	IN	OUT
Existing Dev	Fuel Station regular bowser - fuelling position + Convenience store	6	205.36	12.47	13.99	1232	75	84	37	37	42	42
	Area						1A		PM			
		(m2)	Daily Rate	AM Peak	PM Peak	Daily Trips	AM Trips	PM Trips	IN	OUT	IN	OUT
Liquor Store	Liquor Store (899)	530	101.49	4.55	17.12	579	26	98	13	13	49	49

1811 101 182

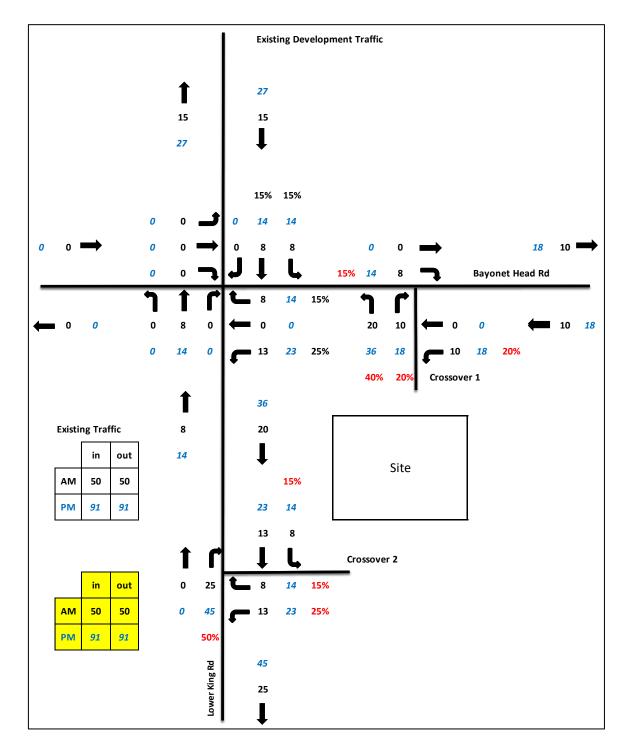


Figure 14. Estimated existing traffic from the existing subject site land uses – Weekday AM and PM peak hours

In order to undertake the post-development traffic assessment for the proposed development, the existing traffic volumes for the subject site land uses were removed and the resulting base existing traffic volumes are presented in **Figure 15**.

The combined base traffic (without existing subject site land uses traffic) and the proposed development traffic volumes for the 2021 post-development scenario is presented in **Figure 16**.

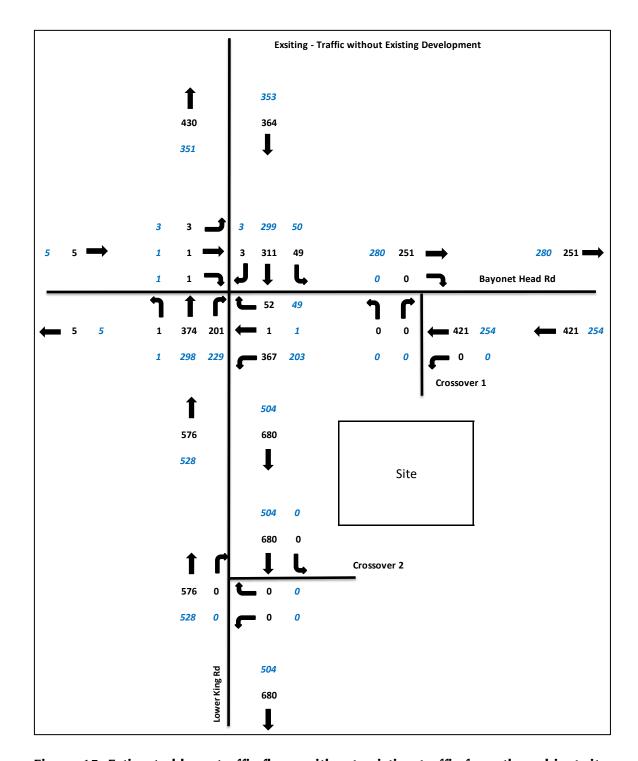


Figure 15: Estimated base traffic flows without existing traffic from the subject site

- Weekday AM and PM peak hours

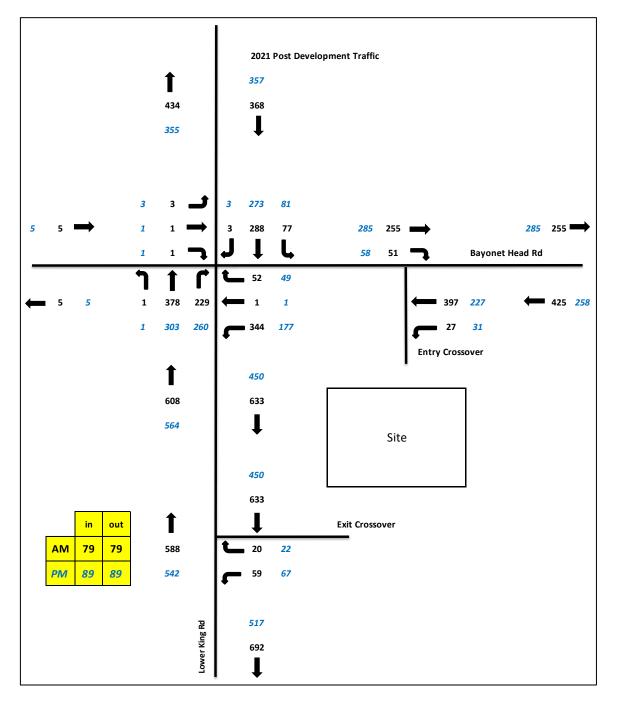


Figure 16. Post development traffic flows (2021) – Weekday AM and PM peak hours

Figure 17 and **Table 6** (sourced from Main Roads WA website) show that there have been reasonable reductions in traffic volumes on surrounding road network (Angove Road, Collingwood Road and Bayonet Head Road) over the past few years.



Figure 17. Traffic volumes on surrounding road network plan

Table 6. Traffic volumes on surrounding roads

Road	Year	East	West	Total					
Angove Road	2018/19	444	398	842					
	2017/18	494	424	918					
	2014/15	621	545	1,166					
Collingwood Road	2018/19	1,659	1,700	3,359					
	2017/18	1,716	1,776	3,492					
	2014/15	1,785	1,718	3,503					
Bayonet Head	2018/19	2,522	2,463	4,985					
Road	2017/18	2,691	2,677	5,368					

However, for robust assessment a traffic growth rate of 1% per annum has been assumed for Lower King Road, as no traffic count information is available for this road. No traffic growth was assumed for Bayonet Head Road to forecast the future background traffic volumes for 10-year post development scenario because there has actually been a slight reduction in traffic volume on Bayonet Head Road. (Please see **Figure 17** and **Table 6**.)

The total 10-year post development traffic volumes are presented in **Figure 18**.

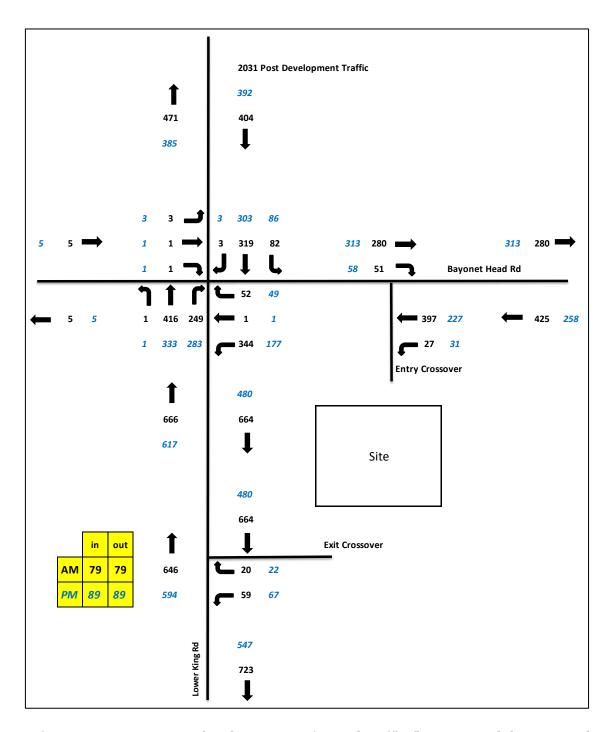


Figure 18. 10-year post development estimated traffic flows – Weekday AM and PM peak hours

7.4 Analysis of Development Crossovers

A SIDRA Network model was developed for the subject site crossovers on Bayonet Head Road, Lower King Road and the intersection of Bayonet Head Road/ Lower King Road in order to assess their operations in the post development scenarios (2021 and 10-year post development 2031) for AM and PM peak hours. Relevant heavy vehicle settings and parameters were updated in accordance with Main Roads WA's latest requirements.

Capacity analysis using the SIDRA computer software package was undertaken. This package is a commonly used intersection-modelling tool by traffic engineers for all types of intersections. SIDRA outputs are presented in the form of Degree of Saturation, Level of Service, Average Delay and 95% Queue. These items are defined as follows:

- **→ Degree of Saturation:** is the ratio of the arrival traffic flow to the capacity of the approach during the same period. The Degree of Saturation ranges from close to zero for varied traffic flow up to one for saturated flow or capacity.
- **Level of Service:** is the qualitative measure describing operational conditions within a traffic stream and the perception by motorists and/or passengers. In general, there are 6 levels of service, designated from A to F, with Level of Service A representing the best operating condition (i.e. free flow) and Level of Service F the worst (i.e. forced or breakdown flow).
- **Average Delay:** is the average of all travel time delays for vehicles through the intersection.
- **95% Queue:** is the queue length below which 95% of all observed queue lengths fall.

The layout of the modelled network is illustrated in **Figure 19**.

The results of SIDRA analysis of Bayonet Head Road crossover, Lower King Road crossover and Bayonet Head Road/ Lower King Road intersection for the post-development scenarios (2021 and 2031) during AM and PM peak traffic periods are reported in **Table 7** to **Table 20** in **Appendix B** and discussed in the following paragraphs.

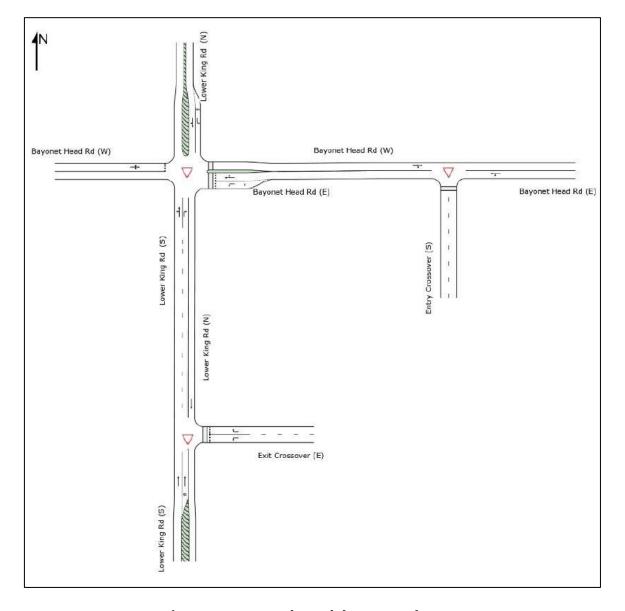


Figure 19: Network model – SIDRA layout

Bayonet Head Road 'entry only' crossover

The SIDRA results of the Bayonet Head Road 'entry only' crossover capacity assessment indicate that this 'entry only' crossover would operate at a very good overall Level of Service (LoS) A under full traffic load during typical AM and PM peak periods in the post development scenarios (both 2021 and 2031). The crossover operates with negligible queues and delays.

Lower King Road 'exit only' crossover

The SIDRA results of the Lower King Road 'exit only' crossover capacity assessment indicate that this 'exit only' crossover would operate with satisfactory overall Level of Services in the post development scenarios (both 2021 and 2031). This crossover also operates with negligible queues and delays.

Intersection of Bayonet Head Road and Lower King Road

The capacity assessment of the Bayonet Head Road and Lower King Road intersection was also undertaken using SIDRA Network software. The assessment was undertaken for the typical weekday AM and PM peak hour for the post development scenarios with full development of the subject site.

The SIDRA results indicate that the majority of movements at this intersection would operate at LoS A to C, with Bayonet Head Road right-turn out movement onto Lower King Road reported to operate at LoS D for the post development scenario (2021) and LoS E for the 10-year post-development scenario (2031) for AM peak hour with acceptable queues and delays.

7.5 Impact on Surrounding Roads

The WAPC *Transport Impact Assessment Guidelines (2016)* provides guidance on the assessment of traffic impacts:

"As a general guide, an increase in traffic of less than 10 per cent of capacity would not normally be likely to have a material impact on any particular section of road, but increases over 10 per cent may. All sections of road with an increase greater than 10 per cent of capacity should therefore be included in the analysis. For ease of assessment, an increase of 100 vehicles per hour for any lane can be considered as equating to around 10 per cent of capacity. Therefore, any section of road where the structure plan traffic would increase flows by more than 100 vehicles per hour for any lane should be included in the analysis."

The proposed development will not increase traffic flows anywhere near the quoted WAPC threshold to warrant further detailed analysis. As detailed in **Section 7**, the proposed development will not increase traffic on any lanes on the surrounding road network by more than 100 vph and therefore does not require detailed analysis.

7.6 Impact on Neighbouring Areas

The traffic generated by the proposed development is not expected to significantly affect surrounding areas and the road network has been designed to accommodate this type of development traffic.

7.7 Traffic Noise and Vibration

Due to the existing similar land uses on the subject site traffic noise and vibration associated with the proposed development are not expected to be problematic issues.

It generally requires a doubling of traffic volumes on a road to produce a perceptible 3dB(A) increase in road noise. The proposed development will not increase traffic volumes or noise on surrounding roads anywhere near this level.

8.0 Provision for Heavy Vehicles

The largest service vehicle which is expected to use the subject site is a 19.0m fuel tanker for fuel deliveries. 19.0m fuel tanker would enter the subject site via the 'entry only' crossover on Bayonet Head Road and exit the site via the 'exit only' crossover on Lower King Road. It should be noted that all heavy vehicles will traverse through the heavy vehicle canopy.

Turn path analysis was undertaken for 19.0m semi-trailer which demonstrates that the proposed crossovers and the internal site layout can accommodate this size vehicle.

The service bay/ bin storage area is proposed to be located at the southeast corner of the subject site. Deliveries and waste collection will be accommodated within the site.

The turn path analysis plans are shown in **Appendix C**.

9.0 Parking

Total car parking provision for the proposed development comprises 15 parking bays including one ACROD bay. A service (loading) bay is also provided at the southeast corner of the subject site.

It is Transcore's understanding that sufficient parking supply is provided to address the parking requirements of the proposed development.

10.0 Public Transport Access

The existing public transport services in the area are described in **Section 3.5** of this report.

11.0 Pedestrian and Cyclist Access

Pedestrian and cyclists' facilities are described in **Section 3.6** of this report.

12.0 Conclusions

This Transport Impact Assessment (TIA) report has been prepared with respect to the proposed service station and the associated convenience store to be located at Lot 60 & 61 (6 & 4) Bayonet Head Road and Lot 62 (212) Lower King Road in Bayonet Head, in City of Albany.

The subject site is presently occupied by a service station and a liquor store. The proposal includes a service station with a canopy includes a total of eight regular bowsers and one high flow bowser designed for vehicles towing boats, a diesel canopy with a total of two regular bowsers and two high flow bowsers, an existing convenience (retail) store, a total of 15 car parking bays including one ACROD bay, a designated fill point location for fuel tanker and a designated service vehicle loading bay.

It is proposed that existing full movement crossovers on Bayonet Head Road and Lower King Road will be retained, but converted into 'entry only' crossover on Bayonet Head Road and 'exit only' crossover on Lower King Road. The proposed crossovers enable efficient and convenient vehicular entry and egress to and from the subject site for all vehicles.

It is Transcore's understanding that sufficient parking supply is provided to address the parking requirement for the proposed land uses.

Turn path analysis undertaken for 19.0m semi-trailer confirms the satisfactory access, egress and circulation within the proposed development.

The net additional traffic allowing for passing trade as a result of the proposed development is estimated to be approximately 40vph and 44vph during the AM and PM peak hours respectively. This level of traffic generation is relatively minimal and as such would not have any significant impact on the abutting road network.

Traffic modelling and analysis undertaken demonstrates that LoS and average delays for post-development and 10-year post-development scenarios only change moderately with the addition of the development traffic. Accordingly, the development related traffic does not have a significant impact on the operations of the surrounding roads network.

In conclusion, the findings of this Transport Impact Assessment are supportive of the proposed development.

Appendix A

SITE PLAN



Appendix B

SIDRA RESULTS

Table 7. SIDRA results for the entry only Bayonet Head Road entry crossover – Weekday AM peak period (post development – Year 2021)

Mov ID	Tum	Demand	Flows	Arrival	Flows	Deg. Satn	Average Delay	Level of Service	95% Bad Queue		Prop. Queued	Effective Stop	Aver. / No.	Avera
		Total veh/h		Total veh/h	HV %	v/c	sec		Vehicles Di veh	stance m		Rate	Cycles S	Speed km/l
East	Bayon	et Head R	d (E)						30023.000					
4	L2	28	2.0	28	2.0	0.234	3.9	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.04	0.00	46.
5	T1	418	5.5	418	5.5	0.234	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.04	0.00	55.
Appr	oach	446	5.3	446	5.3	0.234	0.3	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.04	0.00	54.
Wes	t: Bayor	net Head R	d (W)											
11	T1	268	8.1	268	8.1	0.192	0.6	LOSA	0.6	4.4	0.22	0.10	0.22	47.
12	R2	54	2.0	54	2.0	0.192	5.5	LOSA	0.6	4.4	0.22	0.10	0.22	34.
Appr	oach	322	7.1	322	7.1	0.192	1.4	NA	0.6	4.4	0.22	0.10	0.22	45.
All V	ehicles	768	6.0	768	6.0	0.234	0.8	NA	0.6	4.4	0.09	0.07	0.09	49.

Table 8. SIDRA results for the entry only Bayonet Head Road entry crossover – Weekday PM peak period (post development – Year 2021)

Mov ID	Tum	Demand	Flows	Arrival	Flows	Deg. Satn	Average Delay	Level of Service	95% Bad Queu		Prop. Queued	Effective Stop	Aver. / No.	Averaç e
		Total veh/h		Total veh/h	HV %	v/c	sec		Vehicles Di veh	stance m		Rate	Cycles S	Speed km/h
East:	Bayon	et Head R	Libri											
4	L2	33	2.0	33	2.0	0.142	3.9	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.07	0.00	44.6
5	T1	239	5.5	239	5.5	0.142	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.07	0.00	52.0
Appr	oach	272	5.1	272	5.1	0.142	0.5	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.07	0.00	50.9
West	: Bayor	net Head F	Rd (W)											
11	T1	300	8.1	300	8.1	0.206	0.3	LOSA	0.5	4.1	0.16	0.10	0.16	50.4
12	R2	61	2.0	61	2.0	0.206	4.5	LOSA	0.5	4.1	0.16	0.10	0.16	36.7
Appr	oach	361	7.1	361	7.1	0.206	1.0	NA	0.5	4.1	0.16	0.10	0.16	48.4
All Ve	ehicles	633	6.2	633	6.2	0.206	0.8	NA	0.5	4.1	0.09	0.09	0.09	49.2

Table 9. SIDRA results for the entry only Bayonet Head Road entry crossover – Weekday AM peak period (10-year post development – Year 2031)

Mov	Turn	Demand	Flows	Arrival I	Flows	Deg.	Average			Back of	Prop.	Effective	Aver. /	Averag
ID		Total	HV	Total	HV	Satn	Delay	Service		eue Distance	Queued	Stop Rate	No. Cycles S	e Speed
		veh/h	%	veh/h	%	v/c	sec		veh	m				km/h
East:	Bayon	et Head F	Rd (E)											
4	L2	28	2.0	28	2.0	0.234	3.9	LOS A	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.04	0.00	46.7
5	T1	418	5.5	418	5.5	0.234	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.04	0.00	55.5
Appro	oach	446	5.3	446	5.3	0.234	0.3	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.04	0.00	54.7
West	Bayor	net Head F	Rd (W)											
11	T1	295	8.1	295	8.1	0.206	0.6	LOS A	0.6	4.5	0.21	0.10	0.21	48.2
12	R2	54	2.0	54	2.0	0.206	5.6	LOSA	0.6	4.5	0.21	0.10	0.21	34.9
Appro	oach	348	7.2	348	7.2	0.206	1.4	NA	0.6	4.5	0.21	0.10	0.21	46.5
All Ve	hicles	795	6.1	795	6.1	0.234	0.7	NA	0.6	4.5	0.09	0.06	0.09	49.9

Table 10. SIDRA results for the entry only Bayonet Head Road entry crossover – Weekday PM peak period (10-year post development – Year 2031)

Mov	Turn	Demand	Flows	Arrival I	lows	Deg.	Average		95% Bac		Prop.	Effective	Aver. /	
ID		Total veh/h		Total veh/h	HV %	Satn v/c	Delay	Service	Queue Vehicles Di veh		Queued	Stop Rate	No. Cycles S	e Speed km/h
East	Bayon	et Head R	d (E)			V)//5	MATERIAL STATE OF THE STATE OF			7.0000				
4	L2	33	2.0	33	2.0	0.142	3.9	LOS A	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.07	0.00	44.6
5	T1	239	5.5	239	5.5	0.142	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.07	0.00	52.0
Appr	oach	272	5.1	272	5.1	0.142	0.5	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.07	0.00	50.9
Wes	t: Bayor	net Head R	d (W)											
11	T1	329	8.1	329	8.1	0.221	0.3	LOSA	0.5	4.2	0.16	0.09	0.16	50.9
12	R2	61	2.0	61	2.0	0.221	4.6	LOSA	0.5	4.2	0.16	0.09	0.16	37.2
Appr	oach	391	7.1	391	7.1	0.221	1.0	NA	0.5	4.2	0.16	0.09	0.16	49.1
All V	ehicles	662	6.3	662	6.3	0.221	0.8	NA	0.5	4.2	0.09	0.08	0.09	49.6

Table 11. SIDRA results for exit only Lower King Road exit crossover – Weekday AM peak period (post development - Year 2021)

Marie	Т	Dansand	Паша	ا مراسد ۸	Flavor	Dee	A.,	Lavial of	0E0/ Des	l. of	Dean	Ciffo office		A.,
Mov ID	Turn	Demand	Flows	Arrivai		Deg. Satn	Average Delay	Service	95% Bac Queue	€	Prop. Queued	Effective Stop	Aver. No.	Averag e
		Total		Total	HV				Vehicles Di	stance		Rate	Cycles	Speed
		veh/h	%	veh/h	%	v/c	sec		veh	m				km/h
South	n: Lowe	er King Rd	(S)											
11	T1	619	6.0	619	6.0	0.173	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	60.0
Appro	oach	619	6.0	619	6.0	0.173	0.0	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	60.0
East:	Exit Cı	rossover (E	Ξ)											
1	L2	62	2.0	62	2.0	0.083	3.5	LOS A	0.3	2.3	0.57	0.54	0.57	21.6
3	R2	21	2.0	21	2.0	0.130	22.8	LOSC	0.4	3.1	0.88	0.90	0.88	2.7
Appro	oach	83	2.0	83	2.0	0.130	8.4	LOSA	0.4	3.1	0.65	0.63	0.65	14.3
North	: Lowe	r King Rd	(N)											
5	T1	666	6.0	666	6.0	0.372	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	59.9
Appro	oach	666	6.0	666	6.0	0.372	0.0	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	59.9
All Ve	hicles	1368	5.8	1368	5.8	0.372	0.5	NA	0.4	3.1	0.04	0.04	0.04	52.2

Table 12. SIDRA results for exit only Lower King Road exit crossover – Weekday PM peak period (post development - Year 2021)

Mov	Turn	Demand I	Flows	Arrival	Flows	Deg.	Average		95% Bac		Prop. Queued	Effective		Averag
טו		Total veh/h		Total veh/h	HV %	Satn v/c	Delay	Service	Queue Vehicles Di veh		Queuea	Stop Rate	No. Cycles	e Speed km/h
Sout	h: Lowe	r King Rd	056500		/0					-				1,1111
11	T1	571	6.0	571	6.0	0.159	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	60.0
Appr	oach	571	6.0	571	6.0	0.159	0.0	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	60.0
East	Exit Cr	ossover (E)											
1	L2	71	2.0	71	2.0	0.072	2.0	LOSA	0.3	2.1	0.48	0.39	0.48	24.1
3	R2	23	2.0	23	2.0	0.087	13.4	LOS B	0.3	2.2	0.79	0.83	0.79	4.2
Appr	oach	94	2.0	94	2.0	0.087	4.8	LOSA	0.3	2.2	0.56	0.50	0.56	18.1
North	n: Lowe	r King Rd (N)											
5	T1	474	6.0	474	6.0	0.265	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	59.9
Appr	oach	474	6.0	474	6.0	0.265	0.0	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	59.9
All V	ehicles	1138	5.7	1138	5.7	0.265	0.4	NA	0.3	2.2	0.05	0.04	0.05	52.1

Table 13. SIDRA results for exit only Lower King Road exit crossover – Weekday AM peak period (10-year post development - Year 2031)

Mov	Turn	Demand	Elows	Arrival	Elowe	Deg.	Average	Lovelof	95% Bac	k of	Prop.	Effective	Avor	Averag
ID	Turri	Demanu	I IOWS	Allivai	IOWS	Satn	Delay	Service	Queu		Queued	Stop	No.	Averag
		Total	HV	Total	HV	Cutii	Delay	OCI VICC	Vehicles Di		Queucu	Rate	Cycles	
		veh/h	%	veh/h	%	v/c	sec		veh	m			-,	km/h
South	n: Lowe	r King Rd	(S)			***************************************								
11	T1	680	6.0	680	6.0	0.190	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	60.0
Appro	oach	680	6.0	680	6.0	0.190	0.0	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	60.0
East:	Exit Cr	ossover (E)											
1	L2	62	2.0	62	2.0	0.088	3.8	LOS A	0.3	2.4	0.58	0.57	0.58	21.2
3	R2	21	2.0	21	2.0	0.157	27.8	LOS D	0.5	3.6	0.90	0.93	0.91	2.3
Appro	oach	83	2.0	83	2.0	0.157	9.9	LOSA	0.5	3.6	0.66	0.66	0.67	13.2
North	: Lowe	r King Rd	(N)											
5	T1	699	6.0	699	6.0	0.391	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	59.9
Appro	oach	699	6.0	699	6.0	0.391	0.0	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	59.9
All Ve	ehicles	1462	5.8	1462	5.8	0.391	0.6	NA	0.5	3.6	0.04	0.04	0.04	51.9

Table 14. SIDRA results for exit only Lower King Road exit crossover – Weekday PM peak period (10-year post development - Year 2031)

		Perform							0.50/ 5					
Mov ID	Turn	Demand	Flows	Arrival	Flows	Deg. Satn	Average Delay	Level of Service	95% B Qu	lack of eue	Prop. Queued	Effective Stop	Aver. / No.	Averag e
		Total veh/h		Total veh/h	HV %	v/c	sec		Vehicles veh	Distance m		Rate	Cycles S	Speed km/h
Sout	h: Lowe	r King Rd	- CONTRACTOR	VEIDII	/0	V/C	360		Ven	111				NIIII
11	T1	625	6.0	625	6.0	0.174	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	60.0
Appr	oach	625	6.0	625	6.0	0.174	0.0	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	60.0
East:	Exit C	ossover (Ε)											
1	L2	71	2.0	71	2.0	0.075	2.2	LOSA	0.3	2.1	0.50	0.41	0.50	23.7
3	R2	23	2.0	23	2.0	0.101	15.9	LOSC	0.3	2.5	0.82	0.86	0.82	3.7
Appr	oach	94	2.0	94	2.0	0.101	5.6	LOS A	0.3	2.5	0.58	0.52	0.58	17.1
North	n: Lowe	r King Rd	(N)											
5	T1	505	6.0	505	6.0	0.282	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	59.9
Appr	oach	505	6.0	505	6.0	0.282	0.0	NA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	59.9
All Ve	ehicles	1224	5.7	1224	5.7	0.282	0.4	NA	0.3	2.5	0.04	0.04	0.04	52.0

Table 15. SIDRA results for Bayonet Head Road/ Lower King Road intersection – Weekday AM peak period (Existing – based on OD matrices method)

Mov	Tum	Demand	Flows	Deg.	Average	Level of	95% Back	of Queue	Prop.		Aver. No.	Average
ID		Total veh/h	HV %	Satn v/c	Delay sec	Service	Vehicles veh	Distance m	Queued	Stop Rate	Cycles	Speed km/h
South	: Lower I	King Rd (S)									
1	L2	1	2.0	0.219	5.5	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	12.9
11	T1	402	6.0	0.219	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	59.9
12	R2	212	6.0	0.241	8.0	LOSA	1.0	8.3	0.51	0.73	0.51	28.5
Appro	ach	615	6.0	0.241	2.8	NA	1.0	8.3	0.18	0.25	0.18	53.0
East:	Bayonet	Head Rd (E	Ξ)									
1	L2	400	5.5	0.446	6.6	LOSA	2.7	20.9	0.53	0.79	0.68	29.7
5	T1	1	2.0	0.385	24.3	LOSC	1.5	11.5	0.88	1.01	1.11	7.6
3	R2	63	5.5	0.385	30.9	LOS D	1.5	11.5	0.88	1.01	1.11	30.0
Appro	ach	464	5.5	0.446	10.0	LOSA	2.7	20.9	0.58	0.82	0.74	29.7
North:	Lowerk	(ing Rd (N))									
4	L2	60	6.0	0.037	5.6	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.58	0.00	48.6
5	T1	336	6.0	0.190	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.3	0.01	0.01	0.01	59.8
9	R2	3	2.0	0.190	7.5	LOSA	0.0	0.3	0.01	0.01	0.01	48.0
Appro	ach	399	6.0	0.190	0.9	NA	0.0	0.3	0.01	0.09	0.01	57.9
West:	Bayonet	Head Rd (W)									
10	L2	3	2.0	0.022	4.9	LOSA	0.1	0.5	0.70	0.72	0.70	38.6
11	T1	1	2.0	0.022	18.2	LOSC	0.1	0.5	0.70	0.72	0.70	13.2
12	R2	1	2.0	0.022	45.7	LOSE	0.1	0.5	0.70	0.72	0.70	18.8
Appro	ach	5	2.0	0.022	15.7	LOS C	0.1	0.5	0.70	0.72	0.70	33.0
All Ve	hicles	1483	5.8	0.446	4.6	NA	2.7	20.9	0.26	0.39	0.31	48.5

Table 16. SIDRA results for Bayonet Head Road/ Lower King Road intersection – Weekday PM peak period (Existing – based on OD matrices method)

Mov	Tum	Demand		Deg.	Average	Level of	95% Back		Prop.		Aver. No.	
ID		Total veh/h	HV %	Satn v/c	Delay sec	Service	Vehicles veh	Distance m	Queued	Stop Rate	Cycles	Speed km/h
South	n: Lower I	King Rd (S)									
1	L2	1	2.0	0.179	5.5	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	12.9
11	T1	328	6.0	0.179	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	59.9
12	R2	241	6.0	0.274	8.1	LOSA	1.2	9.6	0.52	0.74	0.52	28.4
Appro	oach	571	6.0	0.274	3.4	NA	1.2	9.6	0.22	0.31	0.22	51.0
East:	Bayonet	Head Rd (E	Ξ)									
1	L2	238	5.5	0.263	5.5	LOSA	1.1	8.3	0.46	0.68	0.46	31.6
5	T1	1	2.0	0.356	21.1	LOS C	1.4	10.7	0.86	0.99	1.07	8.5
3	R2	66	5.5	0.356	26.8	LOS D	1.4	10.7	0.86	0.99	1.07	31.9
Appro	oach	305	5.5	0.356	10.2	LOSB	1.4	10.7	0.55	0.75	0.59	31.7
North	: Lower k	King Rd (N))									
4	L2	67	6.0	0.041	5.6	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.58	0.00	48.6
5	T1	329	6.0	0.187	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.2	0.01	0.01	0.01	59.8
9	R2	3	2.0	0.187	7.0	LOSA	0.0	0.2	0.01	0.01	0.01	48.0
Appro	oach	400	6.0	0.187	1.0	NA	0.0	0.2	0.01	0.10	0.01	57.7
West	: Bayonet	t Head Rd (W)									
10	L2	3	2.0	0.016	4.4	LOSA	0.1	0.4	0.61	0.66	0.61	41.8
11	T1	1	2.0	0.016	16.3	LOS C	0.1	0.4	0.61	0.66	0.61	15.9
12	R2	1	2.0	0.016	29.6	LOS D	0.1	0.4	0.61	0.66	0.61	21.9
Appro	oach	5	2.0	0.016	11.8	LOSB	0.1	0.4	0.61	0.66	0.61	36.5
ΔII \/c	hicles	1281	5.8	0.356	4.3	NA	1.4	10.7	0.23	0.35	0.25	49.4

Table 17. SIDRA results for Bayonet Head Road/ Lower King Road intersection – Weekday AM peak period (post development - Year 2021)

Mov	Turn	Demand	Flows	Arrival	Flows	Deg.	Average	Level of	95% Bad	ck of	Prop.	Effective	Aver.	Averag
ID						Satn	Delay	Service	Queu		Queued	Stop	No.	ē
		Total		Total	HV				Vehicles D			Rate	Cycles S	
Sout	h: Lowe	veh/h er King Rd		veh/h	%	v/c	sec		veh	m				km/h
1	L2	1	2.0	1	2.0	0.215	3.5	LOS A	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.3
11	T1	398	6.0	398	6.0	0.215	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	59.9
12	R2	241	6.0	241	6.0	0.270	5.9	LOSA	1.2	9.5	0.52	0.71	0.52	21.5
98	32	640	6.0	640	6.0	0.270	(999)399	NA	1.2	9.5	0.52	150×57/02	0.52	54.3
Appr	oach	640	6.0	640	6.0	0.270	2.2	NA	1.2	9.5	0.19	0.27	0.19	54.3
East	Bayon	et Head R	d (E)											
1	L2	362	5.5	362	5.5	0.387	5.9	LOS A	2.1	16.0	0.49	0.72	0.56	21.7
5	T1	1	2.0	1	2.0	0.334	23.0	LOSC	1.2	9.6	0.88	0.99	1.05	7.9
3	R2	55	5.5	55	5.5	0.334	29.6	LOS D	1.2	9.6	0.88	0.99	1.05	30.6
Appr	oach	418	5.5	418	5.5	0.387	9.0	LOS A	2.1	16.0	0.54	0.76	0.62	26.2
North	n: Lowe	r King Rd	(N)											
4	L2	81	6.0	81	6.0	0.049	5.6	LOS A	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.58	0.00	50.9
5	T1	303	6.0	303	6.0	0.172	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.3	0.01	0.01	0.01	59.8
9	R2	3	2.0	3	2.0	0.172	7.4	LOSA	0.0	0.3	0.01	0.01	0.01	52.6
Appr	oach	387	6.0	387	6.0	0.172	1.3	NA	0.0	0.3	0.01	0.13	0.01	57.6
Wes	t: Bayor	net Head R	d (W)											
10	L2	3	2.0	3	2.0	0.021	4.9	LOS A	0.1	0.5	0.69	0.72	0.69	39.1
11	T1	1	2.0	1	2.0	0.021	18.6	LOSC	0.1	0.5	0.69	0.72	0.69	8.8
12	R2	1	2.0	1	2.0	0.021	42.1	LOSE	0.1	0.5	0.69	0.72	0.69	8.8
Appr	oach	5	2.0	5	2.0	0.021	15.1	LOSC	0.1	0.5	0.69	0.72	0.69	33.2
ΔΙΙ \/	ehicles	1451	5.8	1451	5.8	0.387	4.0	NA	2.1	16.0	0.25	0.37	0.27	49.8

Table 18. SIDRA results for Bayonet Head Road/ Lower King Road intersection – Weekday PM peak period (post development - Year 2021)

Mov	ement	Perform	ance	- Vehi	cles									
Mov ID	Turn	Demand	Flows	Arrival		Deg. Satn	Average Delay	Level of Service	95% Bac Queue		Prop. Queued	Effective Stop	Aver. A	Averag e
		Total veh/h		Total veh/h	HV %	v/c	sec		Vehicles Diveh	stance m		Rate	Cycles S	Speed km/h
South	n: Lowe	er King Rd			10000	3,060,610			200000					
1	L2	1	2.0	1	2.0	0.173	3.5	LOS A	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.3
11	T1	319	6.0	319	6.0	0.173	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	59.9
12	R2	274	6.0	274	6.0	0.301	6.0	LOSA	1.4	11.3	0.52	0.72	0.54	21.4
Appro	oach	594	6.0	594	6.0	0.301	2.8	NA	1.4	11.3	0.24	0.33	0.25	52.4
East:	Bayon	et Head R	d(E)											
1	L2	186	5.5	186	5.5	0.195	5.1	LOSA	0.8	5.9	0.41	0.64	0.41	23.8
5	T1	1	2.0	1	2.0	0.270	18.6	LOSC	1.0	7.7	0.84	0.96	0.96	9.2
3	R2	52	5.5	52	5.5	0.270	24.1	LOSC	1.0	7.7	0.84	0.96	0.96	33.4
Appro	oach	239	5.5	239	5.5	0.270	9.3	LOSA	1.0	7.7	0.50	0.71	0.53	30.0
North	: Lowe	r King Rd	(N)											
4	L2	85	6.0	85	6.0	0.052	5.6	LOS A	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.58	0.00	50.9
5	T1	287	6.0	287	6.0	0.163	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.2	0.01	0.01	0.01	59.8
9	R2	3	2.0	3	2.0	0.163	6.9	LOS A	0.0	0.2	0.01	0.01	0.01	52.6
Appro	oach	376	6.0	376	6.0	0.163	1.4	NA	0.0	0.2	0.01	0.14	0.01	57.4
West	Bayon	net Head F	(W) b5											
10	L2	3	2.0	3	2.0	0.015	4.4	LOSA	0.0	0.4	0.59	0.65	0.59	42.7
11	T1	1	2.0	1	2.0	0.015	16.1	LOSC	0.0	0.4	0.59	0.65	0.59	11.4
12	R2	1	2.0	1	2.0	0.015	25.3	LOSD	0.0	0.4	0.59	0.65	0.59	11.4
Appro	oach	5	2.0	5	2.0	0.015	10.9	LOS B	0.0	0.4	0.59	0.65	0.59	37.3
All Ve	hicles	1214	5.9	1214	5.9	0.301	3.6	NA	1.4	11.3	0.22	0.35	0.23	50.8

Table 19. SIDRA results for Bayonet Head Road/ Lower King Road intersection – Weekday AM peak period (10-year post development - Year 2031)

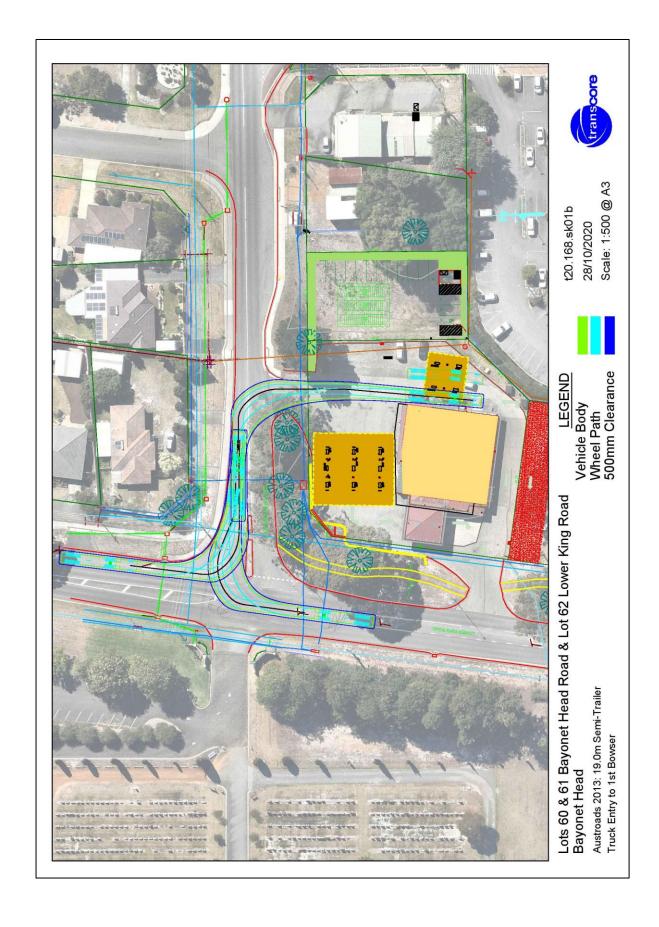
Mov	Turn	Demand	Flows	Arrival	Flows	Dea.	Average	Level of	95% Ba	ick of	Prop.	Effective	Aver.	Averac
ID						Satn	Delay	Service	Quei		Queued	Stop	No.	E
		Total		Total	HV				Vehicles D			Rate	Cycles	
Sout	h: Lowe	veh/h r King Rd		veh/h	%	v/c	sec		veh	m				km/r
1	L2	1	2.0	1	2.0	0.237	3.5	LOS A	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.3
11	T1	438	6.0	438	6.0	0.237	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	59.9
12	R2	262	6.0	262	6.0	0.308	6.5	LOSA	1.5	11.8	0.55	0.77	0.59	20.2
0	oach	701	6.0	701	6.0	0.308	2.4	NA	1.5	11.8	0.33	0.29	0.22	53.9
Appl	Oacii	701	0.0	701	0.0	0.308	2.4	IVA	1.5	11.0	0.21	0.29	0.22	55.8
East	: Bayon	et Head R	d (E)											
1	L2	362	5.5	362	5.5	0.403	6.3	LOS A	2.2	17.3	0.52	0.77	0.62	20.7
5	T1	1	2.0	1	2.0	0.414	30.4	LOS D	1.5	11.9	0.91	1.02	1.16	6.4
3	R2	55	5.5	55	5.5	0.414	38.7	LOS E	1.5	11.9	0.91	1.02	1.16	26.9
Appr	oach	418	5.5	418	5.5	0.414	10.6	LOS B	2.2	17.3	0.57	0.80	0.69	23.9
Nort	n: Lowe	r King Rd	(N)											
4	L2	86	6.0	86	6.0	0.053	5.6	LOS A	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.58	0.00	50.9
5	T1	336	6.0	336	6.0	0.191	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.3	0.01	0.01	0.01	59.8
9	R2	3	2.0	3	2.0	0.191	7.8	LOS A	0.0	0.3	0.01	0.01	0.01	52.6
Appr	oach	425	6.0	425	6.0	0.191	1.2	NA	0.0	0.3	0.01	0.12	0.01	57.7
Wes	t: Bayor	et Head R	d (W)											
10	L2	3	2.0	3	2.0	0.025	5.1	LOS A	0.1	0.6	0.74	0.76	0.74	36.9
11	T1	1	2.0	1	2.0	0.025	22.7	LOSC	0.1	0.6	0.74	0.76	0.74	7.6
12	R2	1	2.0	1	2.0	0.025	52.1	LOS F	0.1	0.6	0.74	0.76	0.74	7.6
Appr	oach	5	2.0	5	2.0	0.025	18.0	LOSC	0.1	0.6	0.74	0.76	0.74	30.7
All V	ehicles	1549	5.8	1549	5.8	0.414	4.4	NA	2.2	17.3	0.25	0.38	0.29	49.2

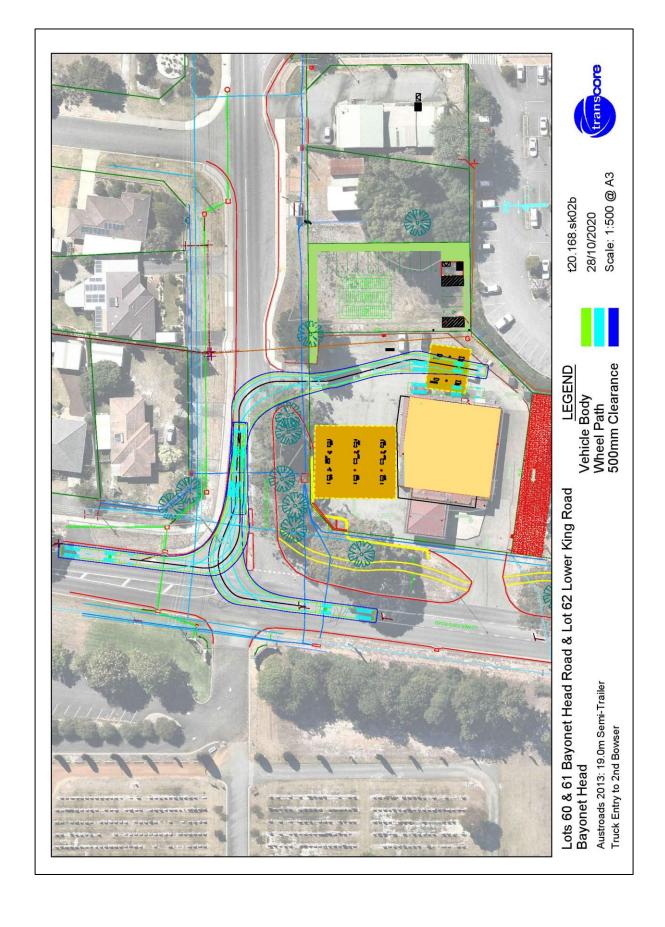
Table 20. SIDRA results for Bayonet Head Road/ Lower King Road intersection – Weekday PM peak period (10-year post development - Year 2031)

Mov	Turn	Demand	Flows	Arrival	Flows	Deg.	Average	Level of	95% Ba	ack of	Prop.	Effective		Averag
ID						Satn	Delay	Service	Que		Queued	Stop	No.	€
		Total veh/h		Total veh/h	HV %	v/c	sec		Vehicles [Rate	Cycles	Speed km/r
Sout	h: Lowe	r King Rd		ven/n	70	V/C	Sec		ven	m				KIII/I
1	L2	1	2.0	1	2.0	0.190	3.5	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.3
11	T1	351	6.0	351	6.0	0.190	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	59.9
12	R2	298	6.0	298	6.0	0.344	6.6	LOSA	1.8	14.4	0.56	0.78	0.63	20.0
-	oach	649	6.0	649	6.0	0.344	3.1	NA	1.8	14.4	0.26	0.36	0.29	51.7
East	Bayon	et Head R	d (E)											
1	L2	186	5.5	186	5.5	0.203	5.3	LOSA	0.8	6.1	0.43	0.66	0.43	23.
5	T1	1	2.0	1	2.0	0.325	23.4	LOSC	1.2	9.2	0.88	0.99	1.05	7.8
3	R2	52	5.5	52	5.5	0.325	30.2	LOS D	1.2	9.2	0.88	0.99	1.05	30.3
Appr	oach	239	5.5	239	5.5	0.325	10.8	LOS B	1.2	9.2	0.53	0.73	0.57	27.9
Nort	n: Lowe	r King Rd	(N)											
4	L2	91	6.0	91	6.0	0.055	5.6	LOSA	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.58	0.00	50.9
5	T1	319	6.0	319	6.0	0.181	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.2	0.01	0.01	0.01	59.8
9	R2	3	2.0	3	2.0	0.181	7.1	LOSA	0.0	0.2	0.01	0.01	0.01	52.6
Appr	oach	413	6.0	413	6.0	0.181	1.3	NA	0.0	0.2	0.01	0.13	0.01	57.
Wes	t: Bayor	et Head F	Rd (W)											
10	L2	3	2.0	3	2.0	0.017	4.6	LOSA	0.1	0.4	0.63	0.68	0.63	41.
11	T1	1	2.0	1	2.0	0.017	19.3	LOSC	0.1	0.4	0.63	0.68	0.63	10.2
12	R2	1	2.0	1	2.0	0.017	30.3	LOS D	0.1	0.4	0.63	0.68	0.63	10.2
Appr	oach	5	2.0	5	2.0	0.017	12.6	LOS B	0.1	0.4	0.63	0.68	0.63	35.
All V	ehicles	1306	5.9	1306	5.9	0.344	4.0	NA	1.8	14.4	0.23	0.36	0.25	50.3

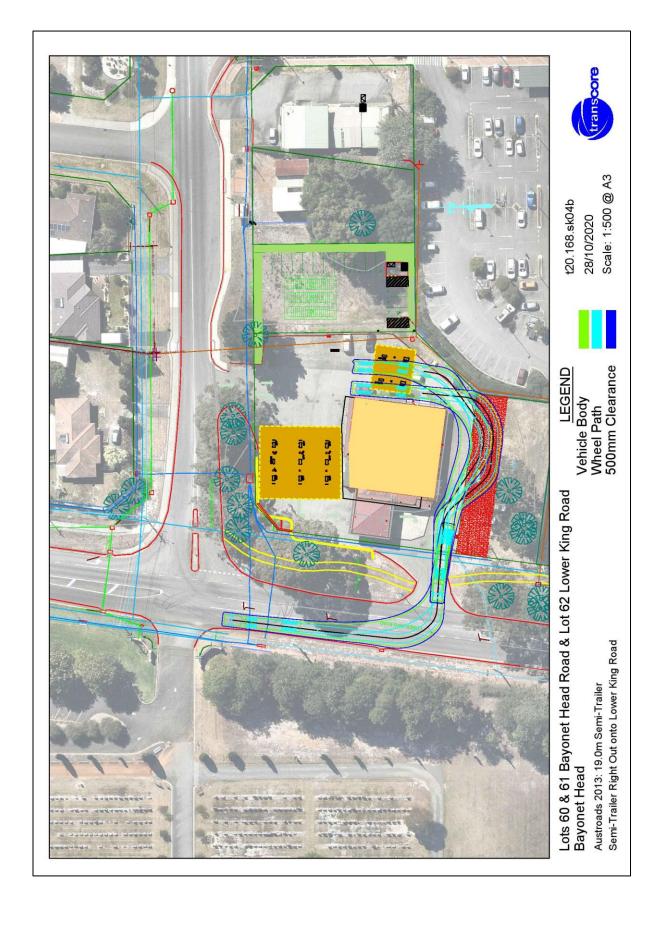
Appendix C

TURN PATH ASSESSMENT PLANS



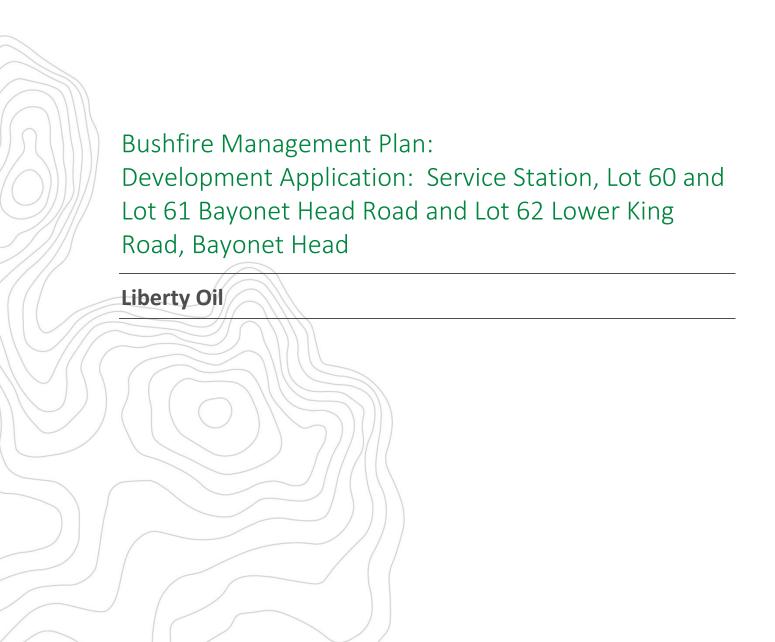








Appendix 6 Bushfire Management Plan and Bushfire Risk Management Plan







DOCUMENT TRACKING

Project Name	Bushfire Management Plan: Development Application: Service Station, Lot 60 and Lot 61 Bayonet Head Road and Lot 62 Lower King Road, Bayonet Head
Project Number	20PER-17180
Project Manager	Daniel Panickar
Prepared by	Daniel Panickar (BPAD Level 3 – 37802)
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Approved by	Daniel Panickar (BPAD Level 3 – 37802)
Status	Final
Version Number	v2
Last saved on	29 October 2020

This report should be cited as 'Eco Logical Australia 2020. Service Station, Lot 60 and Lot 61 Bayonet Head Road and Lot 62 Lower King Road, Bayonet Head. Prepared for Liberty Oil.

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Template 2.8.1

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1

1. Introduction

1.1 Proposal details

Eco Logical Australia (ELA) was commissioned by Liberty Oil to prepare a Bushfire Management Plan (BMP) to support a development application for Lot 60 and Lot 61 Bayonet Head Road and Lot 62 Lower King Road, Bayonet Head (hereafter referred to as the subject site, Figure 1 and Figure 2). The proposed development is for the redevelopment and extension of the existing service station.

The subject site is within a designated bushfire prone area as per the *Western Australia State Map of Bush Fire Prone Areas* (DFES 2019; Figure 3), which triggers bushfire planning requirements under *State Planning Policy 3.7 Planning in Bushfire Prone Areas* (SPP 3.7; Western Australian Planning Commission (WAPC) 2015) and reporting to accompany submission of the development application in accordance with the associated *Guidelines for Planning in Bushfire Prone Areas v 1.3* (the Guidelines; WAPC 2017).

The subject site contains an operating service station and the proposed redevelopment includes:

- Demolition of the existing canopy and fuel bowsers;
- Revitalising the existing service station building;
- Construction of a new bin enclosure;
- Construction of new petrol and diesel canopies / bowers; and
- Construction/installation of new parking areas, underground tanks, associated infrastructure and landscaping.

The current zoning of the lots is 'Local Centre' as per the City of Albany Local Planning Scheme No. 1.

This assessment has been prepared by ELA Senior Bushfire Consultant Daniel Panickar (FPAA BPAD Level 3 Certified Practitioner No. BPAD37802) with quality assurance undertaken by Senior Bushfire Consultant, Bruce Horkings (FPAA BPAD Level 3 Certified Practitioner No. BPAD29962).

1.2 Purpose and application of the plan

The primary purpose of this BMP is to act as a technical supporting document to inform planning assessment. This BMP is also designed to provide guidance on how to plan for and manage the bushfire risk to the subject site through implementation of a range of bushfire management measures in accordance with the Guidelines.

High risk land uses may expose the community, fire fighters and the environment to dangerous, uncontrolled substances during a bushfire event. High risk land uses may include, but are not limited to: service stations, landfill sites, bulk storage of hazardous materials, fuel depots and certain heavy industries as well as military bases, power generating land uses, saw-mills, highways and railways.

Planning and development applications that incorporate proposals for non-residential, high-risk land uses in bushfire prone areas are to comply with policy measure 6.6 which requires a Bushfire Management Plan and an emergency evacuation plan and/or a risk management plan for any flammable on-site hazards jointly endorsed by the local government and the Department of Fire and Emergency Services. In most instance the requirement of the bushfire risk management plan should be incorporated into the proposed site management plans.

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1.3 Environmental considerations

SPP 3.7 policy objective 5.4 recognises the need to consider bushfire risk management measures alongside environmental, biodiversity and conservation values.

The subject site has been previously cleared, resulting in no existing native vegetation on site.

No revegetation is proposed within the development and landscaping will be maintained in a low-threat state.

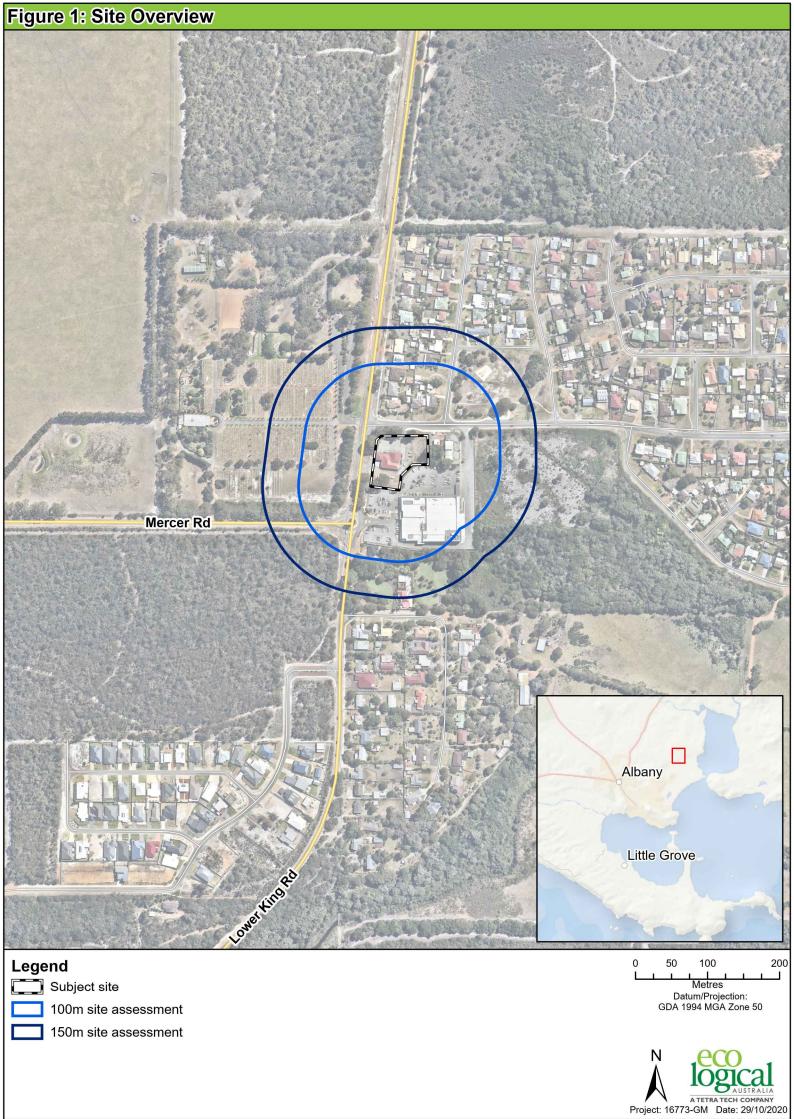
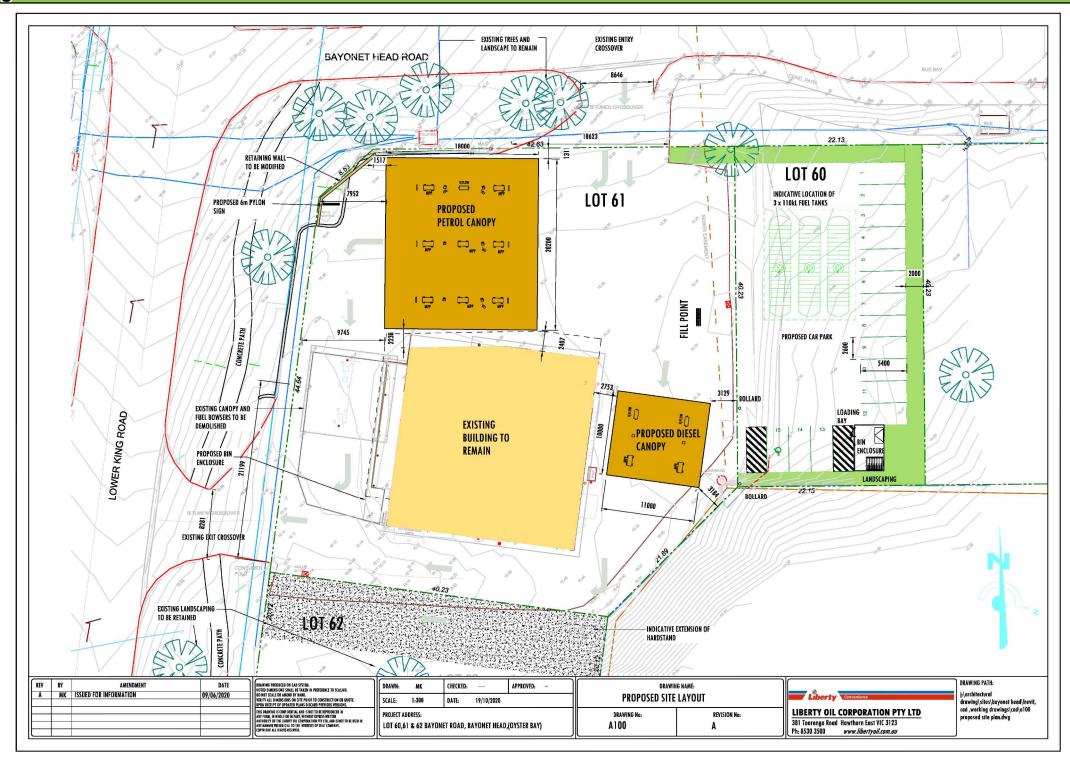
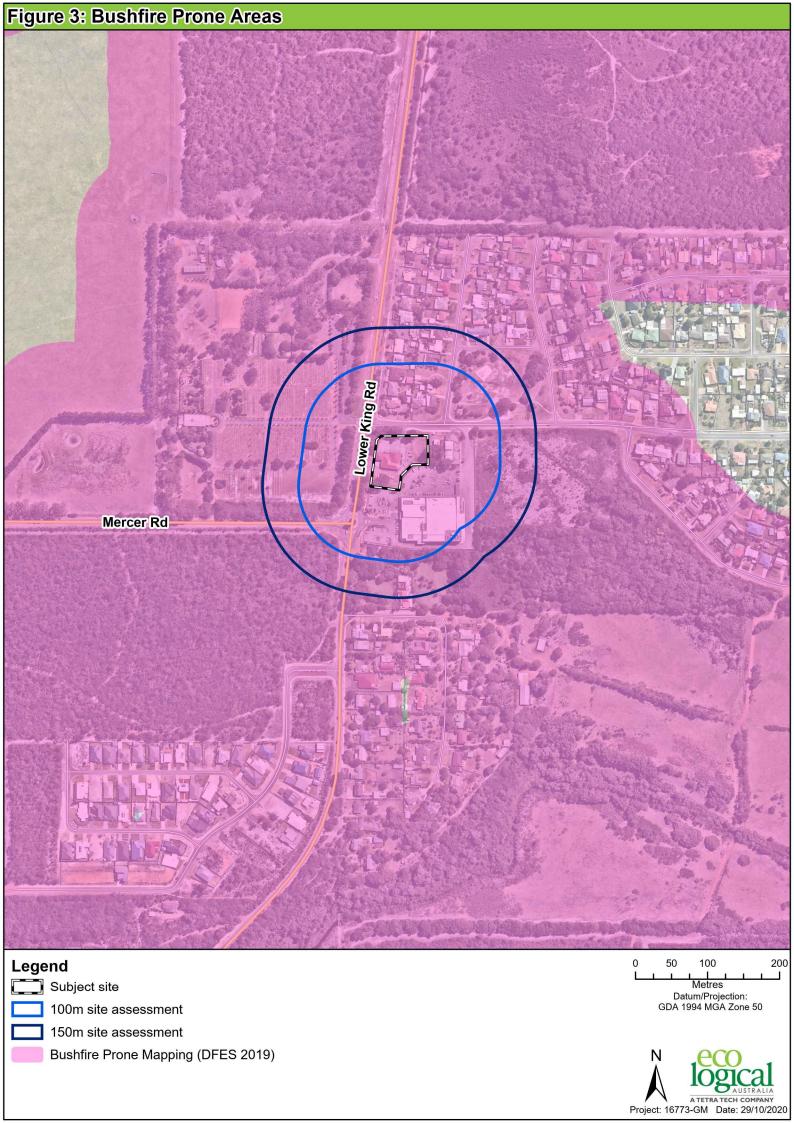


Figure 2: Site Plan





2. Bushfire assessment results

2.1 Bushfire assessment inputs

The following section is a consideration of spatial bushfire risk and has been used to inform the bushfire assessment in this report.

2.1.1 Fire Danger Index

A blanket rating of FDI 80 is adopted for Western Australia, as outlined in Australian Standard (AS) 3959–2018 and endorsed by Australasian Fire and Emergency Service Authorities Council (AFAC).

2.1.2 Vegetation classification

Vegetation within the subject site and surrounding 150 m (the assessment area) was assessed in accordance with the Guidelines and AS 3959-2018 Construction of Buildings in Bushfire Prone Areas (SA 2018) with regard given to the Visual guide for bushfire risk assessment in Western Australia (DoP 2016). Site assessment was undertaken on 6 March 2020 by Bio Diverse Solutions (BDS 2020).

The classified vegetation for the proposed development from each of the identified vegetation plots are identified below, Table 1 and Figure 4.

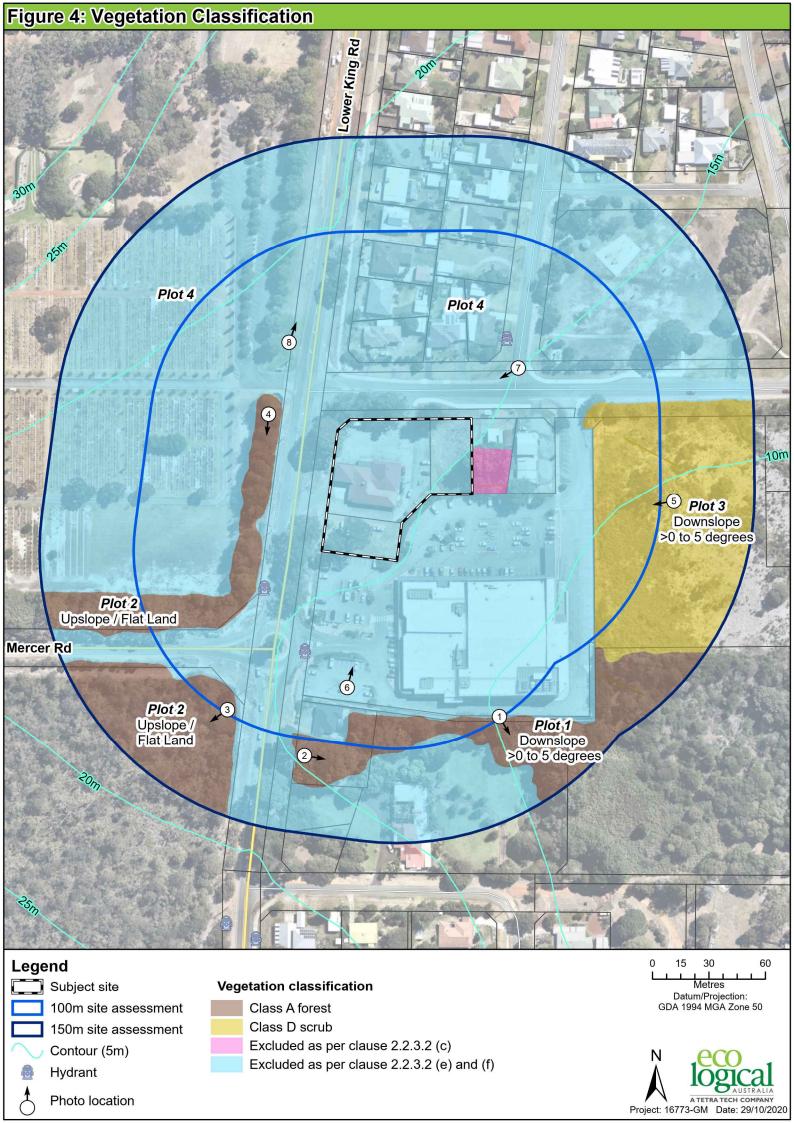
Table 1: Classified vegetation as per AS 3959-2018

Plot	Vegetation Classification	Effective Slope
1	Class A Forest	Downslope >0 to 5 degrees
2	Class A Forest	All upslopes and flat land (0 degrees)
3	Class D Scrub	Downslope >0 to 5 degrees
4	Excluded AS 3959-2018 2.2.3.2 (e & f)	-

Photographs relating to each area and vegetation type are included in Appendix A.

2.1.3 Topography and slope under vegetation

Effective slope under vegetation was assessed for a distance of 150 m from the subject site in accordance with the Guidelines and AS 3959-2018 and is depicted in Figure 4. Slope under classified vegetation was assessed and is shown in Table 1.



2.2 Bushfire assessment outputs

A Bushfire Attack Level (BAL) assessment has been undertaken in accordance with SPP 3.7, the Guidelines, AS 3959-2018 and the bushfire assessment inputs in Section 2.1.

2.2.1 BAL assessment

All land located within 100 m of the classified vegetation depicted in Figure 4 is considered bushfire prone and is subject to a BAL assessment in accordance with AS 3959-2018.

A Method 1 BAL assessment (as outlined in AS 3959-2018) has been completed for the proposed development and incorporates the following factors:

- Fire Danger Index (FDI) rating;
- Vegetation class;
- Slope under classified vegetation; and
- Distance between proposed development area and the classified vegetation.

Based on the identified BAL, construction requirements for proposed buildings can then be assigned. The BAL rating gives an indication of the expected level of bushfire attack (i.e. radiant heat flux, flame contact and ember penetration) that may be received by proposed buildings and subsequently informs the standard of construction required to increase building survivability.

2.2.2 Method 1 BAL assessment

Table 2 and Figure 5 display the Method 1 BAL assessment (in the form of BAL contours) that has been completed for the proposed development in accordance with AS 3959-2018 methodology.

Table 2: Method 1 BAL calculation (BAL contours)

Fffective slope		Hazard separation distance	BAL rating	Comment
Plot 1	Downslope >0	0-<20	BAL-FZ	No development proposed in this area
Class A Forest	to 5 degrees	20-<27	BAL-40	No development proposed in this area
		27-<37	BAL-29	No development proposed in this area
		37-<50	BAL-19	No development proposed in this area
		50-<100	BAL-12.5	Development proposed in this area
Plot 2	All upslopes and	0-<16	BAL-FZ	No development proposed in this area
Class A Forest	flat land (0 degrees)	16-<21	BAL-40	No development proposed in this area
	ueg. ees,	21<31	BAL-29	No development proposed in this area
		31-<42	BAL-19	Development proposed in this area
		42-<100	BAL-12.5	Development proposed in this area
Plot 3	Downslope >0	0-<11	BAL-FZ	No development proposed in this area
Class D Scrub	to 5 degrees	11-<15	BAL-40	No development proposed in this area
		15-<22	BAL-29	No development proposed in this area
		22-<31	BAL-19	No development proposed in this area
		31-<100	BAL-12.5	Development proposed in this area

Plot and vegetation classification	Effective slope	Hazard separation distance	BAL rating	Comment
Plot 4 Excluded as per clause 2.2 AS3959- 2018	2.3.2 (e) and (f) of	N/A		

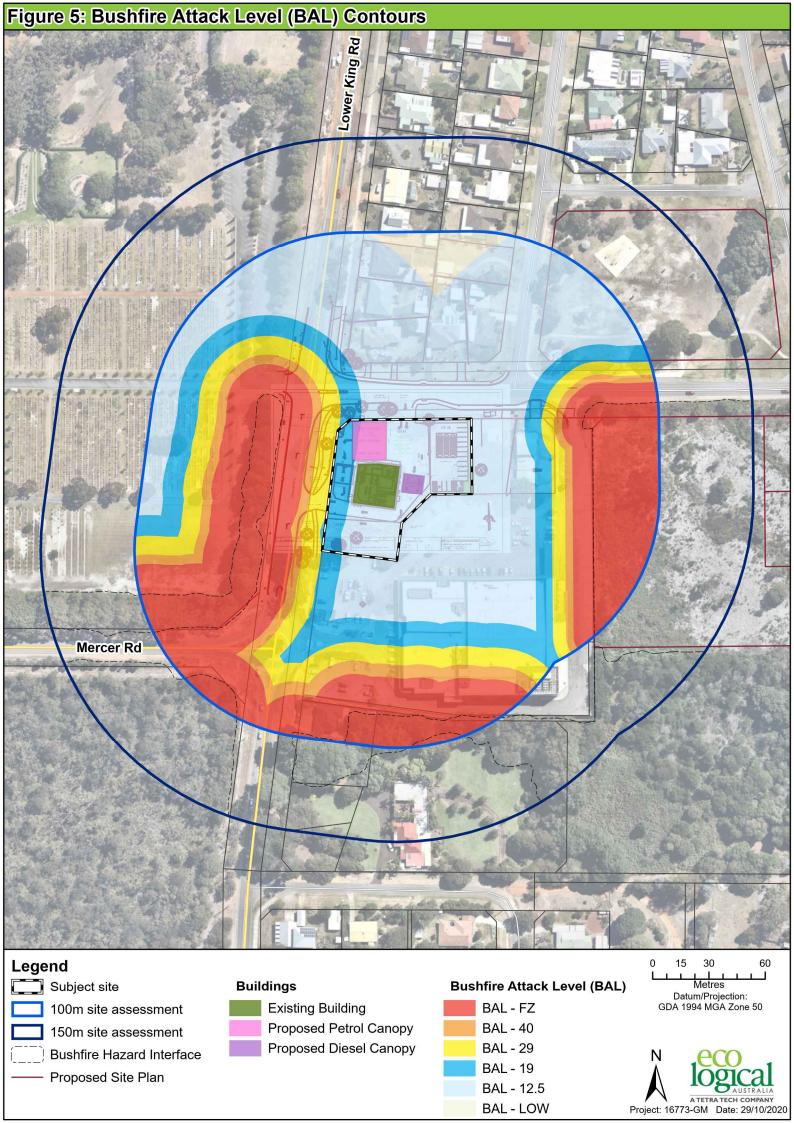
Based on the site assessment inputs and BAL assessment, the proposed components of the redeveloped service station within the subject site have a BAL rating of BAL-19 or lower as shown in Table 3 and Figure 5. As the proposed development is for a Class- 6 Retail building, the constructions standards from AS3959-2018 are not applicable. This BAL assessment has been completed as a planning requirement and to inform building location within the subject site.

Table 3: BAL rating for proposed building within the subject site

Proposed building	BAL Rating
Existing service station building	BAL-12.5
Diesel Canopy	BAL-12.5
Car Canopy	BAL-19

2.3 Identification of issues arising from the BAL assessment

Should there be any changes in development design or vegetation/hazard extent that requires a modified bushfire management response, then the above BAL ratings will need to be reassessed for the affected areas and documented in a brief addendum to this BMP.



3. Assessment against the Bushfire Protection Criteria

3.1 Compliance

The proposed development is required to comply with policy measures 6.2, 6.5 and 6.6 of SPP 3.7 and the Guidelines. Implementation of this BMP is expected to meet objectives 5.1-5.4 of SPP 3.7.

In response to the above requirements of SPP 3.7 and the Guidelines, bushfire risk management measures, as outlined, have been devised for the proposed development in accordance with Guideline acceptable solutions to meet compliance with bushfire protection criteria.

Table 4 outlines the Acceptable Solutions (AS) that are relevant to the proposal and summaries how the intent of each Bushfire Protection Criteria has been achieved. No Performance Solutions (PS) have been proposed for this proposal. These management measures are depicted in Figure 6 where relevant.

Table 4: Summary of solutions used to achieve bushfire protection criteria

AS	PS	N/A	Comment
\boxtimes			The proposed development within the subject site will be located in an area subject to BAL ratings of ≤BAL-29 (Figure 5; Figure 6). The proposed development is considered to be compliant with A1.1.
\boxtimes			The proposed development has an APZ sufficient for the potential radiant heat flux to not exceed 29kW/m² and will be managed in accordance with the requirements of 'Standards for Asset Protection Zones' (WAPC 2017; Appendix B). The proposed development is considered to be compliant with A2.1.
			Two access routes to/from the subject site are available (Figure 6). Access to the site is from Lower King Road and Bayonet Head Road. All roads are public roads and comply with requirements outlined in the Guidelines (Appendix C). The proposed development is considered to be compliant with A3.1.
			No public roads are proposed as part of this development.
			No cul-de-sacs are proposed as part of this development.
		\boxtimes	No battle axe lots are proposed.
			No private driveways longer than 50 m are proposed. The internal accessway will accommodate cars and trucks.
			No emergency access way is required.

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Bushfire Protection Criteria	AS	PS	N/A	Comment
A3.7 Fire-service access routes				No fire service access routes are required or proposed.
A3.8 Firebreak width				No fire breaks are required or proposed as part of the development.
Element 4: Water A4.1 Reticulated areas				The subject site will be connected to a reticulated water supply.
	\boxtimes			The proposed development is considered to be compliant with A4.1.
				A4.2 and A4.3 are not applicable to this proposed development.
A4.2 Non-Reticulated areas			\boxtimes	Reticulated water is present within the area.
A4.3 Individual Lots within non-reticulated areas			\boxtimes	Reticulated water is present within the area.

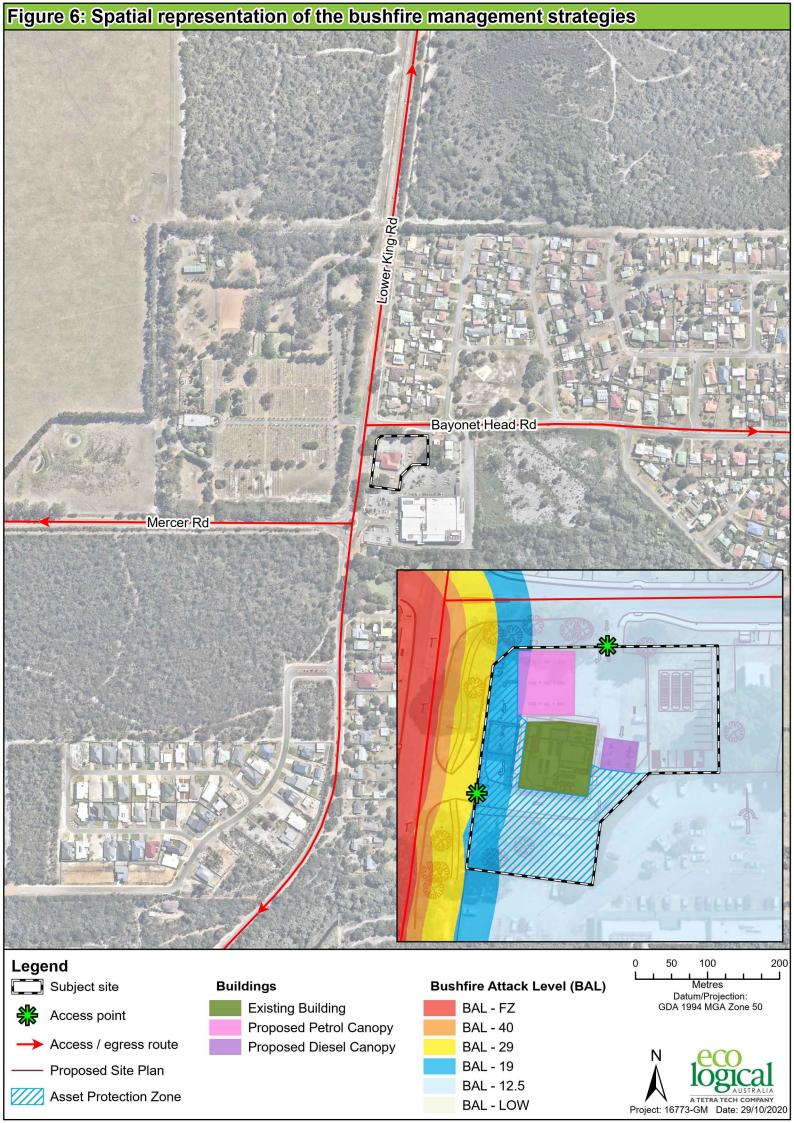
NOTE – AS- ACCEPTABLE SOLUTION, PS- PERFORMANCE SOLUTION, N/A- NOT APPLICABLE

3.2 Additional Bushfire Requirements

As none of the proposed structures are Class 1, 2 or 3 buildings and/or Class 10a buildings or decks associated with a Class 1, 2 or 3 building, construction to AS 3959-2018 is not required for this proposal. Whilst the general fire safety construction provisions within the National Construction Code (NCC) are considered suitable for bushfire construction measures, ember protection measures in sections 3 and 5 of AS 3959-2018 are recommended to be incorporated where applicable.

A BRMP has been prepared for the proposed development in accordance with Policy measure 6.6 of SPP 3.7 (ELA 2020). These plans detail how high-risk components of the proposed development will be managed to reduce bushfire risk in the event of a bushfire.

All landscaping areas within the subject site will be maintained in accordance with Standards for Asset Protection Zones (Appendix B).



4. Implementation and enforcement

Implementation of the BMP applies to the developer, the future operator within the subject site and the local government to ensure bushfire management measures are adopted and implemented on an ongoing basis. A summary of the bushfire management measures described in Section 3, as well as a works program, is provided in Table 5. These measures will be implemented to ensure the ongoing protection of life and property assets is achieved. Timing and responsibilities are also defined to assist with implementation of each measure.

Table 5: Proposed work program

No	Bushfire management measure	Responsibility
Prior to occupa	ancy	
1	Ensure proposed building is located outside of areas subject to BAL-FZ and BAL-40 as per the design in Figure 6.	Developer
2	Ensure the required APZ is established and maintained	Developer
Ongoing mana	gement	
3	Maintain APZ	Operator
4	Comply with Bushfire Risk Management Plan	Operator

5. Conclusion

In the author's professional opinion, the bushfire protection requirements listed in this assessment provide an adequate standard of bushfire protection for the proposed development. As such, the proposed development is consistent with the aim and objectives of SPP 3.7 and associated guidelines and is recommended for approval.

6. References

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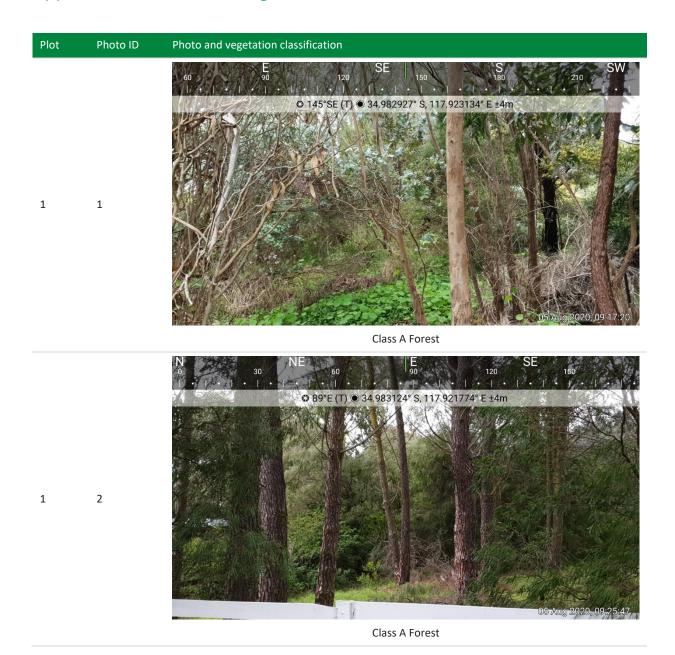
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Appendix A – Classified Vegetation Photos

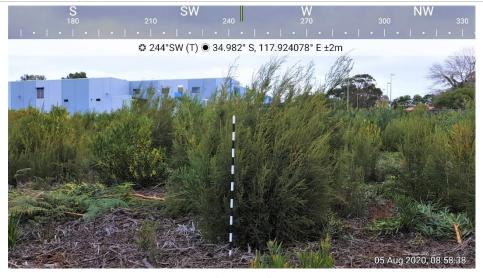




Class A Forest



Class A Forest



Class D Scrub

2 4

5

3



Excluded AS 3959-2009 2.2.3.2 (e)



Excluded AS 3959-2009 2.2.3.2 (e)



Excluded AS 3959-2009 2.2.3.2 (f)

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Appendix B – Standards for Asset Protection Zones

The following standards have been extracted from the *Guidelines for Planning in Bushfire Prone Areas* v 1.3 (WAPC 2017).

Every habitable building is to be surrounded by, and every proposed lot can achieve, an APZ depicted on submitted plans, which meets the following requirements:

- **a. Width:** Measured from any external wall or supporting post or column of the proposed building, and of sufficient size to ensure the potential radiant heat impact of a fire does not exceed 29kW/m² (BAL-29) in all circumstances.
- **b. Location:** the APZ should be contained solely within the boundaries of the lot on which a building is situated, except in instances where the neighbouring lot or lots will be managed in a low-fuel state on an ongoing basis, in perpetuity (see explanatory notes).
- **c. Management:** the APZ is managed in accordance with the requirements of 'Standards for Asset Protection Zones' (below):
 - Fences: within the APZ are constructed from non-combustible materials (e.g. iron, brick, limestone, metal post and wire). It is recommended that solid or slatted non-combustible perimeter fences are used
 - Objects: within 10 metres of a building, combustible objects must not be located close to the vulnerable parts of the building i.e. windows and doors
 - Fine Fuel load: combustible dead vegetation matter less than 6 millimetres in thickness reduced to and maintained at an average of two tonnes per hectare
 - Trees (> 5 metres in height): trunks at maturity should be a minimum distance of 6 metres from
 all elevations of the building, branches at maturity should not touch or overhang the building,
 lower branches should be removed to a height of 2 metres above the ground and or surface
 vegetation, canopy cover should be less than 15% with tree canopies at maturity well spread to
 at least 5 metres apart as to not form a continuous canopy (Figure 7).

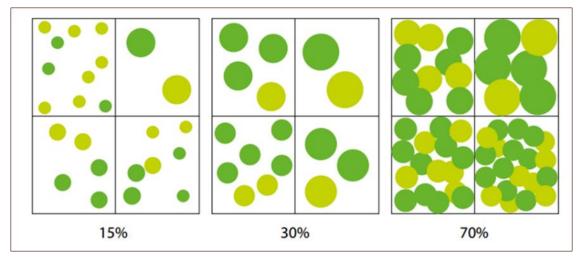


Figure 7: Illustrated tree canopy cover projection (WAPC 2017)

- Shrubs (0.5 metres to 5 metres in height): should not be located under trees or within 3 metres of buildings, should not be planted in clumps greater than 5m² in area, clumps of shrubs should be separated from each other and any exposed window or door by at least 10 metres. Shrubs greater than 5 metres in height are to be treated as trees
- **Ground covers (<0.5 metres in height):** can be planted under trees but must be properly maintained to remove dead plant material and any parts within 2 metres of a structure, but 3 metres from windows or doors if greater than 100 millimetres in height. Ground covers greater than 0.5 metres in height are to be treated as shrubs
- Grass: should be managed to maintain a height of 100 millimetres or less.

Additional notes

The Asset Protection Zone (APZ) is an area surrounding a building that is managed to reduce the bushfire hazard to an acceptable level. Hazard separation in the form of using subdivision design elements or excluded and low threat vegetation adjacent to the lot may be used to reduce the dimensions of the APZ within the lot.

The APZ should be contained solely within the boundaries of the lot on which the building is situated, except in instances where the neighbouring lot or lots will be managed in a low-fuel state on an ongoing basis, in perpetuity. The APZ may include public roads, waterways, footpaths, buildings, rocky outcrops, golf courses, maintained parkland as well as cultivated gardens in an urban context, but does not include grassland or vegetation on a neighbouring rural lot, farmland, wetland reserves and unmanaged public reserves.

Appendix C - Vehicular access technical requirements (WAPC 2017)

Technical requirements	Public road	Cul-de-sac	Private driveway	Emergency access way	Fire service access route		
Minimum trafficable surface (m)	6*	6	4	6*	6*		
Horizontal distance (m)	6	6	6	6	6		
Vertical clearance (m)	4.5	N/A	4.5	4.5	4.5		
Maximum grade <50 m	1 in 10	1 in 10	1 in 10	1 in 10	1 in 10		
Minimum weight capacity (t)	15	15	15	15	15		
Maximum crossfall	1 in 33	1 in 33	1 in 33	1 in 33	1 in 33		
Curves minimum inner radius	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5		
* Refer to E3.2 Public roads: Trafficable surface							







Liberty Oil







DOCUMENT TRACKING

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Template 2.8.1

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1. Introduction

1.1 Project overview

Eco Logical Australia (ELA) was commissioned by Liberty Oil to prepare a Bushfire Risk Management Plan (BRMP) to support a development application (DA) being prepared for the redevelopment of a service station located at Lot 60 and Lot 61 Bayonet Head Road and Lot 62 Lower King Road, Bayonet Head (hereafter referred to as the subject site; Figure 1 and Figure 2).

The proposed development will include (Figure 2):

- Demolition of the existing canopy and fuel bowsers;
- Revitalising the existing service station building;
- Construction of a new bin enclosure;
- Construction of new petrol and diesel canopies / bowers; and
- Construction/installation of new parking areas, underground tanks, associated infrastructure and landscaping.

The proposed development will result in an intensification of land use.

The subject site is located within a designated bushfire prone area as per the *Western Australia State Map of Bush Fire Prone Areas* (DFES 2019), which triggers bushfire planning requirements under *State Planning Policy 3.7 Planning in Bushfire Prone Areas* (SPP 3.7; WAPC 2015) and reporting to accompany submission of the development application in accordance with the associated *Guidelines for Planning in Bushfire Prone Areas v 1.3* (the Guidelines; WAPC 2017).

This assessment has been prepared by ELA Senior Bushfire Consultant Daniel Panickar (FPAA BPAD Level 3 Certified Practitioner No. BPAD37802) with quality assurance undertaken by Senior Bushfire Consultant, Bruce Horkings (FPAA BPAD Level 3 Certified Practitioner No. BPAD29962).

1.2 Purpose and application of the plan

The primary purpose of this BRMP is to act as a technical supporting document to inform planning assessment in conjunction with the corresponding Bushfire Management Plan (BMP) also prepared by ELA (ELA 2020).

SPP 3.7 (Policy Measure 6.6) requires development applications for high-risk land uses (such as petrol stations) in areas between BAL-12.5 and BAL-29 to be accompanied by a risk management plan for any flammable on-site hazards. The Bushfire Management Plan (BMP) prepared by ELA for the subject site (ELA 2020) identifies all new proposed structures within the subject site as being located within areas subject to a BAL rating of BAL-19 or lower.

The Building Code of Australia bushfire construction requirements only apply to residential buildings and associated structures. The Guidelines therefore require the planning process to focus on location and siting of high-risk land uses rather than application of bushfire construction requirements.

2

Under the *Dangerous Goods Safety (Storage and Handling of Non-Explosives) Regulations 2007* (the Regulations), the operator will also be required to complete a separate risk assessment that addresses risks other than bushfire for the proposed development. The Regulations also require operators to prepare an emergency plan for petrol stations. An emergency management plan will be developed for the subject site, which will set guidelines for the management of an emergency, disaster or major incident at the site. The emergency plan for the fuel station will reflect the site layout and bushfire risk post-construction.

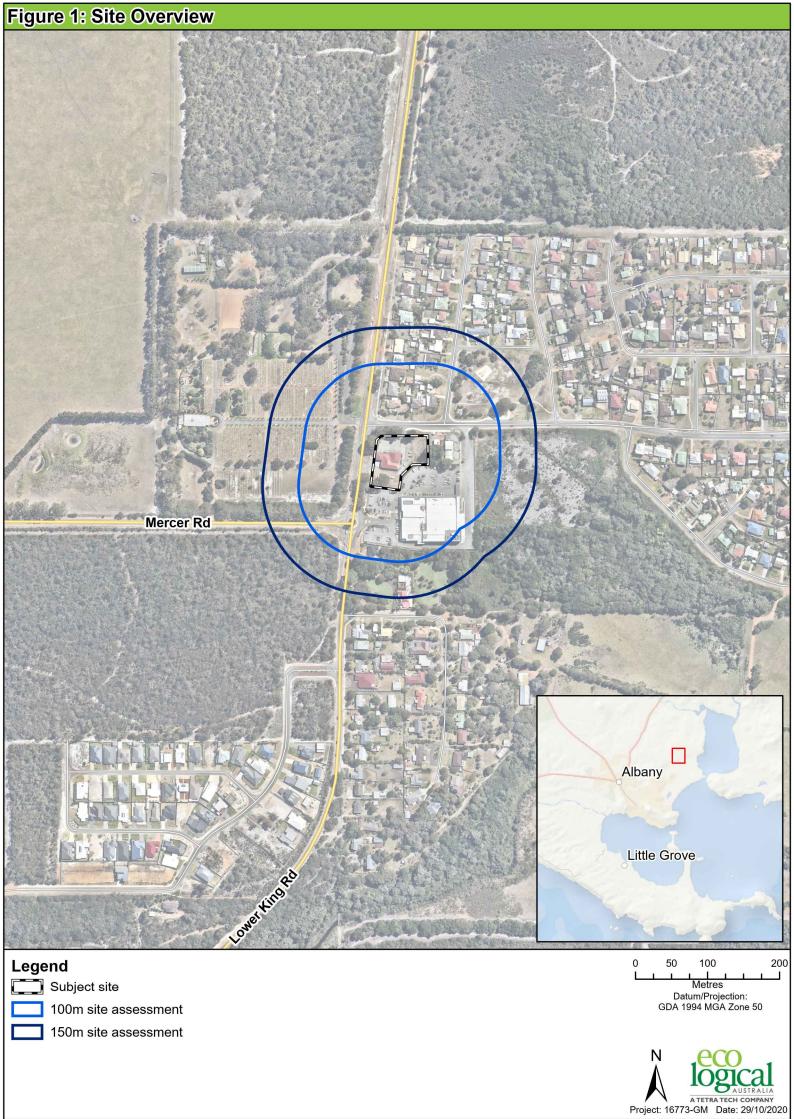
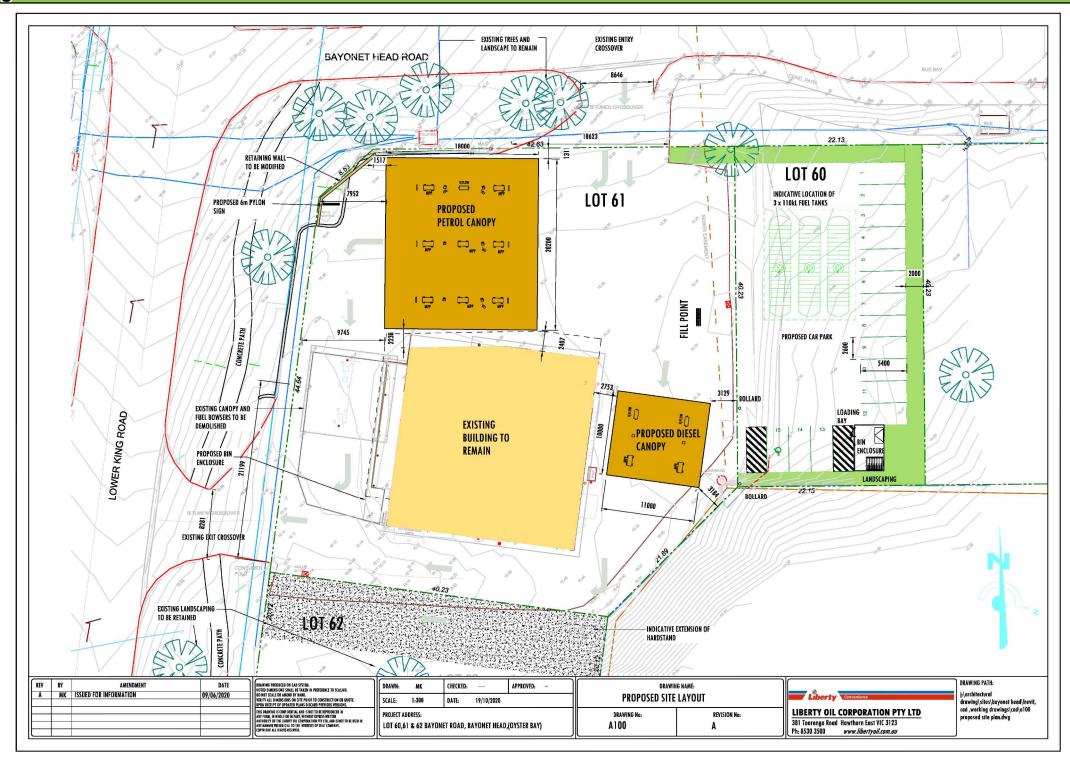


Figure 2: Site Plan



2. Bushfire risk assessment methodology

Australian and New Zealand Standard *AS/NZS ISO 31000:2009 Risk Management–Principles and Guidelines* (SA & SNZ 2009) provides an internationally recognised approach to risk management. Methodology for this process is further described in *Risk Management Guidelines: Companion to AS/NZS 4360/2004* (SA & SNZ 2004), which defines the risk assessment process as outlined in Figure 3.

AS/NZS ISO 31000:2009 is adopted by the Department of Fire and Emergency Services (DFES), as documented in the agency's Bushfire Risk Management Framework (DFES 2015).

From a bushfire management perspective, this methodology can be useful in determining:

- 1. The inherent bushfire risk (i.e. the initial level of risk prior to risk treatment and mitigation); and
- 2. The residual bushfire risk (i.e. the level of risk remaining following risk treatment and mitigation).

Inherent and residual bushfire risk can be determined on the basis of the following risk criteria:

- <u>Likelihood</u> of ignition and bushfire occurrence takes into consideration the bushfire history of the area, risk of ignition, vegetation type, fuel age and load, slope under vegetation and predominant fire weather conditions; and
- <u>Consequence</u> or impact from bushfire on life, property and the environment considers the degree and severity of potential bushfire scenarios, location of bushfire hazard areas, assets present in the area and the level of management and suppression response available.

The bushfire scenarios identified in Section 3 have been subject to bushfire risk assessment through determination of likelihood and consequence in accordance with the rating tables outlined in Table 1 and Table 2¹. This process determines the inherent bushfire risk of the event and informs the level of mitigation or management response required to reduce the risk to an acceptable level. The risk assessment matrix used to determine inherent and residual bushfire risk is outlined in Table 3.

 $^{^{}m 1}$ The determined consequence rating is the most likely outcome, not the worst case.

Table 1: Likelihood rating system

Likelihood rating	Description
Almost certain	Consequence expected to occur in most circumstances, may occur once every year or more
Likely	Consequence will probably occur in most circumstances, may occur once every five years
Possible	Consequence might occur at some time, may occur every twenty years
Unlikely	Consequence is not expected to occur, may occur once every one-hundred years
Rare	Consequences may occur only in exceptional circumstances; may occur once every five-hundred or more years

Table 2: Consequence rating system

Consequence rating	Description
Catastrophic	A large number of severe injuries, widespread damage and displacement of the community, significant impact on the environment
Major	Extensive number of injuries requiring hospitalisation, significant damage and impact on the community, longer term impacts on the environment
Moderate	Some injuries requiring medical treatment but no fatalities, localised damage and short-term impact on the environment
Minor	Small number of injuries but no fatalities, some damage and disruption but no lasting effects
Insignificant	No injuries or fatalities, little damage or disruption

Table 3: Risk assessment matrix

	Consequences						
Likelihood	Insignificant Minor		Moderate	Major	Catastrophic		
Almost Certain	High	High	Extreme	Extreme	Extreme		
Likely	Medium	High	High	Extreme	Extreme		
Possible	Low	Medium	High	Extreme	Extreme		
Unlikely	Low	Low	Medium	High	Extreme		
Rare	Low	Low	Medium	High	High		
Risk level	Risk response						
Low	Acceptable risk. Application of standard management measures will ensure risk level remains low and risk should be eliminated or reduced as time permits.						
Medium	Potentially unacceptable risk. Development of site-specific management measures may be required to lower the risk level and risk should be reduced as soon as reasonably practicable.						
High	Potentially unacceptable risk. Development of additional site-specific management measures will be required to lower the risk level and requires urgent action as soon as possible.						
Extreme	Unacceptable risk. Additional site-specific mitigation will be required to lower the risk level and an immediate mitigation response is required.						

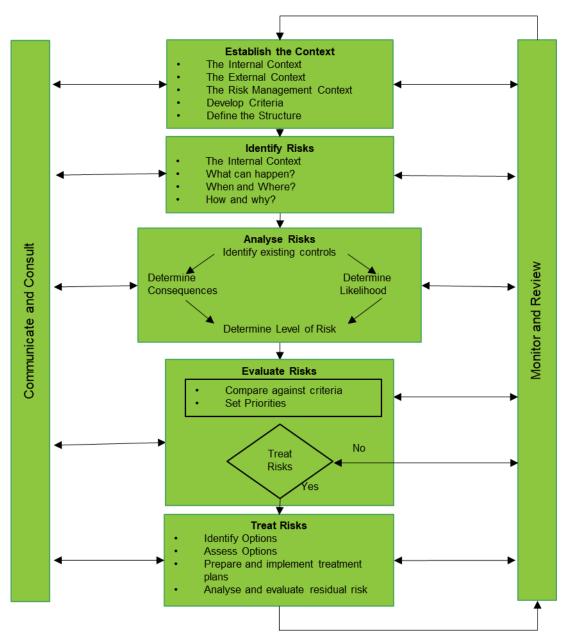


Figure 3: Risk assessment process as per AS/NZS ISO 31000:2009

3. Identified bushfire scenarios

The BMP (ELA 2020) identifies and classifies the existing bushfire hazards within 150 m of the subject site, based on existing vegetation and slope and separation distance to the vegetation.

Based on this information, ELA has assessed potential bushfire scenarios that could affect the subject site. The potential bushfire scenarios have been used to inform a bushfire risk assessment (refer to Section 4) and assist in development of appropriate bushfire mitigation responses (refer to Section 5). The following bushfire scenarios were assessed:

- Bushfire approaching the subject site from the east; and
- Bushfire approaching the subject site from the south-west.

Whilst vegetation to the west of the subject site has been classified in ELA (2020), in reality this is a narrow strip of roadside 'forest' vegetation adjacent to managed market gardens. The level of bushfire risk expected from this area is low in comparison to significantly more dense vegetation to the east and south-west (i.e. the two scenarios assessed).

A description of each potential bushfire scenario is provided in the following subsections and November-February wind roses for Albany Weather Station (Station No. 9500, approximately 7 km from the subject site) used to identify potential directions of bushfire attack are provided in Appendix A (BoM 2020).

3.1 Scenario 1 - Bushfire approaching subject site from the east

A bushfire approaching the subject site from the east through predominantly scrub fuels is possible given the predominant winds in the area during the bushfire season (i.e. high frequency of strong, easterly winds at all times of the day; BoM 2020).

The bushfire risk in this area is associated with scrub vegetation south of the Bayonet Head locality which extends east to Oyster Harbour. There is a moderate risk of ignition in this vegetation due to the proximity of urban areas and roads/tracks adjacent to and crossing the vegetation.

It is likely however, that the surrounding road network adjacent to this vegetation would potentially provide an opportunity for a fire suppression response, dependent upon the Fire Danger Rating (FDR) during a bushfire, which could contain a fire in this area before significant impacts are experienced at the subject site.

3.2 Scenario 2 - Bushfire approaching subject site from the south-west

A bushfire approaching the subject site from the south-west through forest fuels west of Lower King Road is possible given the predominant winds in the area during the bushfire season (i.e. high frequency of strong, south-westerly winds particularly in the afternoon; BoM 2020).

The bushfire risk in this area is associated with dense, forest vegetation that extends significantly to the west. There is a moderate risk of ignition in this vegetation, likely associated with farming operations or lightning strikes.

Similar to Scenario 1, it is likely that the surrounding road network adjacent to this vegetation would potentially provide an opportunity for a fire suppression response, dependent upon the Fire Danger

Rating (FDR) during a bushfire, which could contain a fire in this area before significant impacts are experienced at the subject site.

4. Bushfire risk assessment results

4.1 Risk context

Risk is being assessed to inform bushfire mitigation for the subject site for the protection of life and property within and adjacent to the site. The risk assessment adopts a broad area and supports a tenure blind approach to ensure wider risk impacts and adjoining lands are captured to suitably address potential risk.

4.2 Risk identification

Bushfire risk is identified in the potential bushfire scenarios outlined in Section 3, which indicate the potential bushfire events that could impact life and property within the subject site and adjacent land. These scenarios are considered to cover the majority of bushfire events that could occur in order to develop suitable mitigation and manage as much of the bushfire risk as possible.

4.3 Risk analysis and evaluation

Risk analysis and evaluation for each of the bushfire scenarios described in Section 3 is provided in Table 4, which specifies the likelihood and consequence of each scenario with and without management measures to determine inherent and residual risks.

4.4 Summary of results

Due to the storage and handling of flammable materials within the subject site, the potential consequence of a bushfire entering the site would be greater than if flammable materials were not present.

ELA is of the view that following implementation of management measures provided in the Section 5, the risk of ignition will not be reduced due to the ongoing level of public access and presence of off-site classified vegetation and on-site flammable goods. Therefore, bushfire risk management measures are likely to reduce the level of consequence resulting from the bushfire event, rather than the likelihood of the event occurring. For example, an evacuation plan will reduce the potential impacts on life; thus reducing the level of consequence received from the bushfire event, but the likelihood of the event occurring will not be reduced.

Table 4: Bushfire risk assessment

Bushfire risk	Comments	Likelihood	Consequence	Inherent risk	Mitigation	Likelihood	Consequence	Residual risk
Scenario 1: Bushfire impacting subject site from the east.	Safety risk Scrub fuelled fires in close proximity to the development with gentle to negligible slopes to influence fire behaviour. Potential ignition sources are lightning and arson. Greatest level of impact would occur under adverse fire weather conditions with an easterly wind (very common during bushfire season). Consequence might occur at some time, may occur every twenty years based on fire history, suppression response capability, fuel types, anticipated rate of spread etc. Some injuries requiring medical treatment but no fatalities, localised damage.	Possible	Moderate	High	Implementation of management measures identified in Section 5	Possible	Minor	Medium
Scenario 2: Bushfire impacting subject site from the south-west.	Predominantly forest fuels with a complex structure (i.e. surface, elevated and mature trees) extending significantly to the west adjacent to farming operations. Potential ignition sources are farming operations or lightning strikes. Greatest level of impact would occur under adverse fire weather conditions with a south-west wind (common during bushfire season). Consequence is not expected to occur, may occur once every twenty years based on fire history, suppression response capability, fuel types, anticipated rate of spread etc. Some injuries requiring medical treatment but no fatalities, localised damage.	Possible	Moderate	High	Implementation of management measures identified in Section 5	Possible	Minor	Medium

5. Bushfire mitigation measures

Results of the bushfire risk assessment indicate that the assessed bushfire scenarios pose similar levels of inherent risk to life and property due to the wide bracket of the ranking categories. Scenario 1 is considered to have the higher inherent and residual bushfire risk due to the potential speed at which a fire could move through this vegetation and the extremely common strong, easterly winds that occur during the bushfire season, as well as increased risk of ignition in this area (arson).

Implementation of the management measures provided in the following subsections prioritise protection of life and property and will reduce bushfire risk (residual risk) within the subject site.

5.1 Fire protection and detection equipment

The proposed service station will be fitted with a monitored alarm system, which when activated triggers an automatic response to the nominated security company.

Fire extinguishers will be located within the subject site at each fuel dispenser. There will be emergency stop buttons for the fuel system at the Point of Sale and externally on the front of the retail building. Only personnel trained in the use of extinguishers should be utilising this equipment and only if safe to do so.

A Spill Response Kit will be maintained on the subject site at the front apron of the retail building, accessible to the forecourt. Fire services are to be called in the event of a spill that covers more than 2 m² and cannot be cleaned with a spill kit at site or it is not considered safe to do so.

5.2 Evacuation plan and assembly points

Liberty Oil is required to develop an emergency management plan for the subject site in accordance with *Australian Standard 3745-2010 Planning for emergencies in facilities*, identifying evacuation triggers and depicting muster points on-site.

5.3 Personnel training

All occupants working at the subject site must be trained in responding to and managing all emergency incidents in accordance with the emergency management plan for the site. A record of training must be kept up to date and debrief sessions held after all training exercises or incidents.

An evacuation exercise must be carried out at least annually. All occupants working on the site are required to participate.

5.4 Bushfire suppression

The Albany Fire Station (Career) is located approximately 8.6 km from the subject site and is expected to provide a best-case emergency suppression response time of less than 30 minutes in the event of an emergency.

5.5 Landscaping

All landscaping areas within the subject site will be maintained in accordance with *Standards for Asset Protection Zones* (WAPC 2017).

5.6 Additional measures

5.6.1.1 Manifest

Dangerous goods sites must maintain a current manifest and a dangerous goods site plan, to allow an appropriate response by Emergency responders in the event of an emergency, such as a fire.

The manifest and dangerous goods site plan for dangerous goods that will be stored and handled at the service station will need to be developed in accordance with the relevant Dangerous Goods Safety Guidance Note (DMP 2014).

The emergency management plan refers to critical information for emergency response being located in the HAZMAT/HAZCHEM emergency boxes which will be located inside the retail building. This information includes the Emergency Plan, Dangerous Goods Manifest, Register of Dangerous Goods and Hazardous Materials, Safety Data Sheets for bulk products kept on site and dangerous goods site layout plan.

5.6.1.2 Ignition sources

Operators of dangerous goods sites are required to manage potential ignition sources, such as hot works and electrical equipment, within any on-site hazardous areas.

5.6.1.3 Placard and marking

A placard, readily visual for Emergency responders and providing visual warnings of the hazards associated with storage of fuel, will be required at the subject site in accordance with DMP Storage and handling of dangerous materials Code of Practice (DMP 2010).

Signage and notices will also be required in accordance with AS 1940-2004 The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids (AS 1940-2004; SA 2004) and any relevant state guidance.

6. Conclusion

ELA expects that through implementation of the management measures outlined in this BRMP, inherent bushfire risk to life and property within and surrounding the subject site can be reduced.

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Appendix A November to February wind roses for Albany (Station No. 9500; BoM 2020)



