

ATTACHMENTS

SPECIAL COUNCIL MEETING

Tuesday 20 December 2022

SPECIAL COUNCIL MEETING ATTACHMENTS – 20/12/2022

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Review of Ward Names, Boundaries and Councillor Representation Levels 2022

SUMMARY AND ANALYSIS OF SUBMISSIONS



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^{*} Submission in full (names redacted) follow report.

Summary of Public Submissions

- 1. Submissions were received in hard copy, via webform from the City's website and by email.
- 2. A total of 25 submissions were received.

Current Wards	No. of Submissions				tatio uncil		No	Ward Option	Ward Option	Wards-Other
	Received	4	5	6	7	8	Wards	1A	1B	Options
Breaksea	3				1	1	2		1 -	
Frederickstown	4	1				3	2	1		1
Kalgan	3					3	2			2 Rural Wards-East and West
Vancouver	5					4	1	1	1	Retain 6 wards Retain 12 councillors 4 wards defined by suburb and compatible land use Ward Names- Mokare and Collie
West	5		E	1		4	3		2	
Yakamia	2					2	2	1		
Suburb not given	3	1				2	2		1	4 wards
Total	25	2		1	1	19	14	2	5	

Table 1: Summary of Public Submissions

3. The following cross-reference the Options presented in the discussion paper.

OPTION 1A – Two (2) Wards (Defined by Albany Highway)

Description: Two wards defined by Albany Highway continuing south onto York Street, terminating on a line continuing from York Street through Anzac Park to the northern waterline of Princess Royal Harbour. The Torndirrup Peninsula would fall in the ward to the west of this line.

Summary / Analysis:

Two submissions were received which supported Option 1A.

Option 1A:

- Provides a mix of land uses in both wards.
- Satisfies the principles of physical and topographical features to provide easily identifiable ward boundaries.
- o Predicts similar demographic trends for residential growth in both wards.
- Does not have similar elector numbers in each ward.
- Option 1A also provides the flexibility required to accommodate the reduction in elected representation during the phased reduction period.
- Option 1A does require a differing number of elected representatives for each of the proposed wards to ensure it meets the councillor to elector ratio:

Representation and Distribution Options post the 2023 LG Election:

Ward	No. Electors	No. Councillors	Councillor Elector Ratio	: %Ratio Deviation
WEST WARD	10,942	4	1:2736	2.63%
EAST WARD	17,151	6	1:2859	-1.75%
Total	28,093	10		

Table 2: Representation and Distribution Options post the 2023 LG Election

This option is likely to be supported by the Local Government Advisory Board as it provides balanced representation across the district.

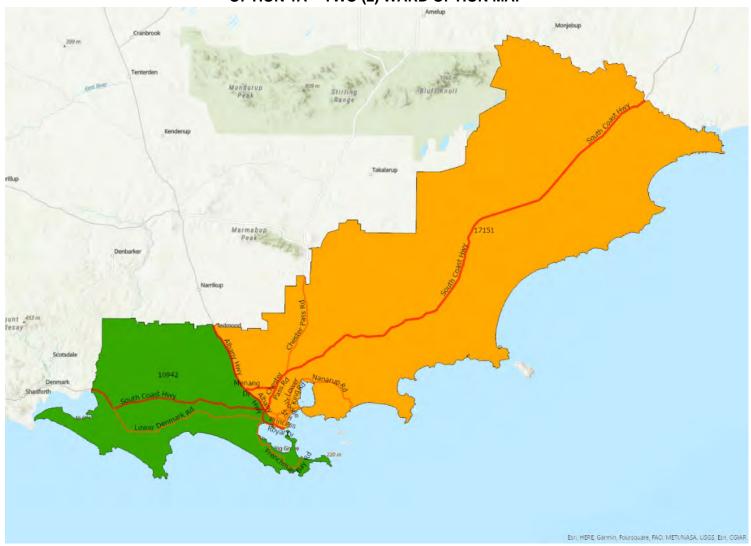
Representation and Distribution Options post the 2025 LG Election

Ward	No. Electors	No. Councillors	Councillor : Elector Ratio	%Ratio Deviation
WEST WARD	10,942	3	1:3647	-3.86%
EAST WARD	17,151	5	1:3430	2.32%
Total	28,093	8		

Table 3: Representation and Distribution Options post the 2025 LG Election

^{*}This option is likely to be supported by the Local Government Advisory Board as it provides balanced representation across the district.

OPTION 1A – TWO (2) WARD OPTION MAP



OPTION 1B – Two (2) Wards (Defined by Albany Highway & Chester Pass Road)

Description: Two wards defined by Chester Pass Road, Albany Highway and York Street.

Summary / Analysis:

Five submissions were received which supported Option 1B.

- Option 1B:
 - Creates two wards with a mix of land uses;
 - Satisfies the principles of physical and topographical features by using major roads to define ward boundaries; and
 - Satisfies the councillor to elector ratio.
- Option 1B creates two wards with similar numbers of electors, and provides the flexibility to accommodate the phased reduction of elected representation:

Option 1B: Representation and Distribution Options post the 2023 LG Election

Ward	No. Electors	No. Councillors	Councillor : Elector Ratio	%Ratio Deviation
WEST WARD	13,371	5	1:2674	4.75%
EAST WARD	14,705	5	1:2941	-4.75%
Total	28,093	10		

Table 4: Representation and Distribution Options post the 2023 LG Election

Option 1B: Representation and Distribution Options post the 2025 LG Election

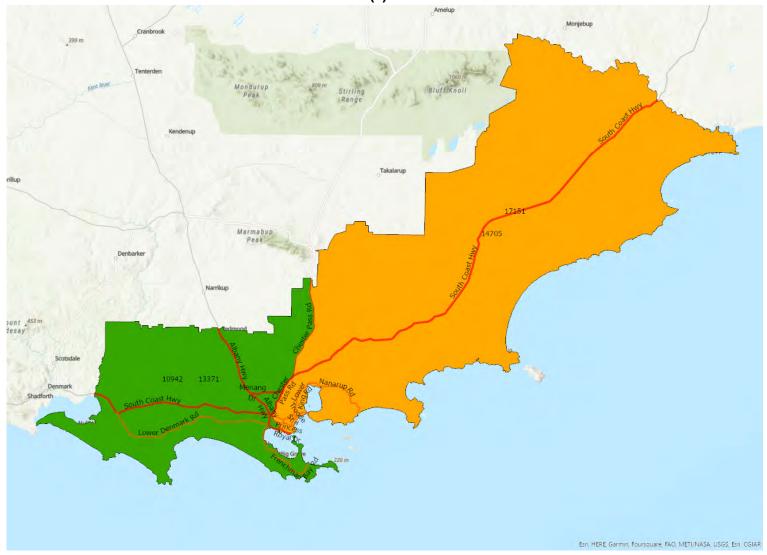
Ward	No. Electors	No. Councillors	Councillor : Elector Ratio	%Ratio Deviation
WEST WARD	13,371	4	1:3343	4.75%%
EAST WARD	14,705	4	1:3676	-4.75%
Total	28,093	8		

Table 5: Representation and Distribution Options post the 2025 LG Election

^{*}This option is likely to be supported by the Local Government Advisory Board as it provides balanced representation across the district.

^{*}This option is likely to be supported by the Local Government Advisory Board as it provides balanced representation across the district.

OPTION 1B – TWO (2) WARD OPTION MAP



OPTION 2 - NO WARDS

Description: No Wards.

Summary / Analysis:

14 of the submissions received supported no wards.

- Reasons given in support of no wards include:
 - o Councillors are elected by the whole community;
 - Balanced representation with each councillor representing the whole of the community.
 - If a vacancy arises during an elected representative's term, it would not be necessary to conduct an extraordinary election providing that the remaining elected representative level does not fall below 80%.
 - This option will facilitate the phased reduction in elected member representation and provide balanced representation across the district.
- The table below details the representation levels:

Option 2-No Wards		No. Electors	Councillors	Cr: Elector Ratio
Year 2023	6 terms expire. Reduce vacancies to 4.	28,093	10	1:2809
Year 2025	6 terms expire. Reduce vacancies to 4.	28,093	8	1:3511

Table 6: No Ward Representation Levels

^{*}This option is likely to be supported by the Local Government Advisory Board as it provides balanced representation across the district.

OPTION 3: OTHER IDEAS.

Idea 1:

The following ideas were submitted in response to this option.

One submission proposed the creation of two rural wards-East and West:

"There is a need for rural representation. Need to have at least two rural wards, one west of the city and one east of the city as these have very different issues. Representation within the actual city is already great, and there is no need for internal wards there. The regions are generally forgotten about by the city and need focus. The city of Albany is a port city, and an agricultural service city, servicing many shires, the economy is driven by agriculture. Having strong regions will mean a strong city.

Summary / Analysis:

- Whilst this submission is unclear as to whether two rural wards would include the central business district and densely populated residential areas, for the purposes of evaluating this submission against the options presented, it has been included as supporting Option 1A and 1B, both of which propose a two-ward system.
- Both Option 1A and 1B include rural land in each ward, which are east and west of Albany Highway.

Idea 2:

One submission was received which supports the retention of the current ward system and representation levels.

"Retention of the current ward system and representation levels."

Summary / Analysis:

 For various reasons discussed in this report, this option was not considered as part of the Discussion Paper due to the phased reduction in elected representation numbers, and the difficulties that reduction would pose with regard to meeting the councillor to elector ratio within the existing ward structure.

Idea 3:

Two submissions were received which support the creation of four wards.

Submission 1:

"4 Wards should be created which comprise entire suburbs. Residents already identify with suburbs and neighbouring suburbs have more in common with each other. Albany is made up of very divers suburbs with different needs. This is why I feel it is inappropriate for the Ward system to be abolished.

The ARCGIS mapping on the City's website needs to be more user friendly so that residents can easily see the boundaries of their suburbs. As this is not possible within the limitations of the current online maps I am unable to propose accurately which suburbs which should be included in which Wards. Therefore, I propose that the 4 Wards are created adhering strictly to the current suburb boundaries but as closely as possible to distribute population and land use types as evenly as possible across the 4 Wards. 2 councillors should be elected for each Ward.

The discussion paper proposes only 2 Wards as a matter of laziness, not as a matter of proper representation of a diverse resident population's needs and wants. More Wards mean more administration and consideration of individual needs. We are only bound to reduce the number of councillors, not the number of Wards."

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Submission 2:

"I think 4 wards would be better. I believe it is important to have a representative that is familiar with or even lives in that area and as a result has a rapport and working relationship with its residents."

Summary / Analysis:

- Preliminary modelling has been undertaken for a four-ward system, taking into account the submitters' suggestions for suburb boundaries to form ward boundaries, and including suburbs with similar land uses and neighbourhoods.
- Four wards grouped by suburbs and commonalities in land use and communities of interest means suburb boundaries may not be clearly defined by topographical or manmade features such as roads or waterways. To provide more defined boundaries, it may mean splitting suburbs.
- Each ward for this option, while grouped to meet the suburb and land use criteria, will still have a variety of land uses and demographics due to the nature of changing land use over the years, for example land which was formerly used for agriculture being subdivided for urban / residential growth.
- A four ward option may not provide enough flexibility to accommodate the phased reduction in elected member representation over the 2023 and 2025 elections, particularly in 2023 with 10 elected members, while maintaining the councillor to elector ratio.

Note: The following electors numbers are extracted from the City's GIS data, not from the Electoral Commission data.

Ward 1: Suburbs included in proposed Ward 1:

BIG GROVE	CUTHBERT	ORANA
ELLEKER	TORNDIRRUP	VANCOUVER PENINSULA
MARBELUP	GLEDHOW	
ROBINSON	MT ELPHINSTONE	
LITTLE GROVE	LOCKYER	10 m
TOTAL ELECTORS	60	092

Ward 2: Suburbs included in proposed Ward 2:

ALBANY	CENTENNIAL PARK
PORT ALBANY	MIDDLETON BEACH
MT MELVILLE	SEPPINGS
SPENCER PARK	MIRA MAR
MT CLARENCE	YAKAMIA
TOTAL ELECTORS	9679

Ward 3: Suburbs included in proposed Ward 3:

BAYONET HEAD	COLLINGWOOD HEIGHTS	LANGE
LOWER KING	KALGAN	WILLYUNG
EMU POINT	GREEN RANGE	WALMSLEY
CHEYNES	GNOWELLEN	LANGE
WELLSTEAD	SOUTH STIRLING	WILLYUNG
PALMDALE	KOJANEERUP SOUTH	WALMSLEY
MANYPEAKS	METTLER	
NANARUP	NAPIER	
TOTAL ELECTORS	6	832

Ward 4: Suburbs included in proposed Ward 4:

BORNHOLM	NULLAKI	
KRONKUP	REDMOND	
LOWLANDS	REDMOND WEST	
YOUNG SIDING	TORBAY	
DROME	ORANA	
MILPARA	MCKAIL	
GREEN VALLEY	KING RIVER	
TOTAL ELECTORS	6318	

Four (4) Wards: Representation and Distribution Options post the 2023 LG Election

Ward WARD 1	No. Electors	No. Councillors	Councillor : Elector Ratio 1:3046	%Ratio Deviation -5.32%
WARD 3	6832	2	1:2277	21.26%
WARD 4	6318	2	1:3159	-9.23%
Total	28,921	10		

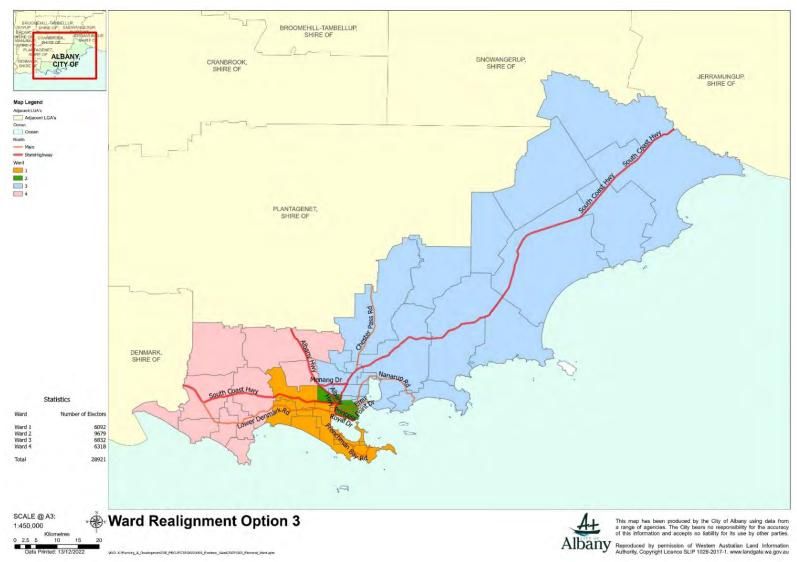
^{*}This option is unlikely to be supported by the Local Government Advisory Board as it does not provide balanced representation.

Four (4) Wards: Representation and Distribution Options post the 2025 LG Election

Ward	No. Electors	No. Councillors	Councillor : Elector Ratio	%Ratio Deviation
WARD 1	6092	2	1:3046	15.74%
WARD 2	9679	2	1:4840	-33.87%
WARD 3	6832	2	1:3416	5.51%
WARD 4	6318	2	1:3159	12.62%
Total	28,921	8		

^{*}This option is unlikely to be supported by the Local Government Advisory Board as it does not provide balanced representation.

OPTION 3 – FOUR (4) WARDS BY SUBURB GROUPING



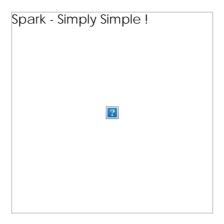
Attachment | Page 12

From: <u>City of Albany</u>
To: Records

Subject: EF22476109 - CR.COC.82 - Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Form Response

Date: Saturday, 12 November 2022 10:18:41 AM



The following form was filled out on the City of Albany website.

Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Full Name



Suburb of Residence

Kojaneerup South

The total number of Elected Members on City of Albany Council.

8 Elected Representatives

Representation should be designated by

Wards (Option 1A or 1B in the Discussion Paper

Please select one of the following options

Option 2 - Alternative Suggestions (ie; a different ward system than suggested above or ward name changes)

Other (please comment)

There is a need for rural representation. Need to have at least two rural wards, one west of the city and one east of the city as these have very different issues. Representation within the actual city is already great, and there is no need for internal wards there. The regions are generally forgotten about by the city, and need focus. The city of albany is a port city, and an agricultural service city, servicing many shires, the economy is driven by agriculture. Having strong regions will mean a strong city.

Submitted:

12/11/2022 10:18:15 AM

IP:

1.126.111.36

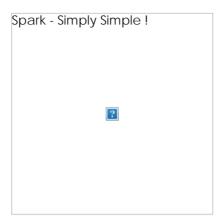
Reference Id:

05998

Subject: EF22474759 - CR.COC.82 - Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Form Response

Date: Wednesday, 2 November 2022 10:22:32 AM



The following form was filled out on the City of Albany website.

Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Full Name



Suburb of Residence

Port Albany

Or a number of Elected Members between 5 and 7.

4

Representation should be designated by

Wards (Option 1A or 1B in the Discussion Paper

Please select one of the following options

Option 1A - Two Wards that are delineated by Albany Highway and York Street (refer to map 1A)

Submitted:

2/11/2022 10:22:09 AM

IP:

1.146.187.14

Reference Id:

05923

Subject: EF22474761 - CR.COC.82 - Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Form Response

Date: Wednesday, 2 November 2022 10:23:29 AM



The following form was filled out on the City of Albany website.

Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

The total number of Elected Members on City of Albany Council.

8 Elected Representatives

Representation should be designated by

No Wards (Option 2 in the Discussion Paper)

Please select one of the following options

Option 1A - Two Wards that are delineated by Albany Highway and York Street (refer to map 1A)

Submitted:

2/11/2022 10:23:09 AM

IP:

45.248.78.195

Reference Id:

05924

From: <u>City of Albany</u>
To: Records

Subject: EF22474952 - CR.COC.82 - Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Form Response

Date: Thursday, 3 November 2022 10:04:27 AM



The following form was filled out on the City of Albany website.

Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Full Name



Suburb of Residence

King River

The total number of Elected Members on City of Albany Council.

8 Elected Representatives

Representation should be designated by

No Wards (Option 2 in the Discussion Paper)

Other (please comment)

I would support a no wards system being introduced. The reasons are: Councilors do not necessarily live in the ward they represent at present, so ward representation is a mute point. Once elected the City of Albany projects, budgets and staff do not appear to take ward boundaries into consideration so in essence a person is elected as a representative of Albany and not a specific ward. It would allow for a higher caliber of councilor to be elected. If a number of high quality candidates were to run in one ward, currently only one of those could be elected.

Submitted:

3/11/2022 10:04:04 AM

IP:

202.90.245.166

Reference Id:

05933

Subject: EF22475087 - CR.COC.82 - Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Form Response

Date: Thursday, 3 November 2022 8:43:05 PM



The following form was filled out on the City of Albany website.

Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

The total number of Elected Members on City of Albany Council.

4 Elected Representatives

Representation should be designated by

Wards (Option 1A or 1B in the Discussion Paper

Please select one of the following options

Option 1B - Two Wards that are delineated by Albany Highway, Chesterpass Road and York Street (refer to map 1B)

Submitted:

3/11/2022 8:42:43 PM

IP:

106.68.125.40

Reference Id:

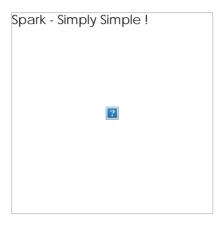
05943

From: <u>City of Albany</u>
To: <u>Records</u>

Subject: EF22476134 - CR.COC.82 - Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Form Response

Date: Sunday, 13 November 2022 1:24:01 PM



The following form was filled out on the City of Albany website.

Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Full Name



Suburb of Residence

Warrenup

The total number of Elected Members on City of Albany Council.

8 Elected Representatives

Or a number of Elected Members between 5 and 7.

8

Representation should be designated by

Wards (Option 1A or 1B in the Discussion Paper

Please select one of the following options

Option 1B - Two Wards that are delineated by Albany Highway, Chesterpass Road and York Street (refer to map 1B)

Submitted:

13/11/2022 1:23:38 PM

IP:

120.149.67.23

Reference Id:

06004

Subject: EF22476210 - CR.COC.82 - Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Form Response

Date: Monday, 14 November 2022 2:31:36 PM



The following form was filled out on the City of Albany website.

Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Full Name



Suburb of Residence



, Mount Melville, Albany WA 6330

The total number of Elected Members on City of Albany Council.

8 Elected Representatives

Representation should be designated by

No Wards (Option 2 in the Discussion Paper)

Please select one of the following options

Option 2 - Alternative Suggestions (ie; a different ward system than suggested above or ward name changes)

Submitted:

14/11/2022 2:31:14 PM

IP:

139.130.147.249

Reference Id:

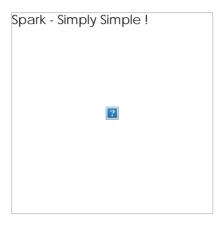
06011

From: <u>City of Albany</u>
To: <u>Records</u>

Subject: EF22476277 - CR.COC.82 - Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Form Response

Date: Tuesday, 15 November 2022 8:57:03 AM



The following form was filled out on the City of Albany website.

Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Full Name



Suburb of Residence

Mira Mar

The total number of Elected Members on City of Albany Council.

8 Elected Representatives

Representation should be designated by

No Wards (Option 2 in the Discussion Paper)

Please select one of the following options

Option 2 - Alternative Suggestions (ie; a different ward system than suggested above or ward name changes)

Other (please comment)

No wards

Submitted:

15/11/2022 8:56:39 AM

IP:

139.130.147.249

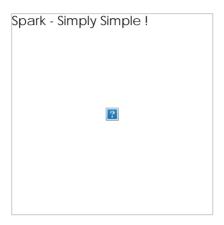
Reference Id:

06018

Subject: EF22476309 - CR.COC.82 - Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Form Response

Date: Tuesday, 15 November 2022 10:00:52 AM



The following form was filled out on the City of Albany website.

Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Full Name



Suburb of Residence

Willyung

The total number of Elected Members on City of Albany Council.

8 Elected Representatives

Representation should be designated by

No Wards (Option 2 in the Discussion Paper)

Submitted:

15/11/2022 10:00:32 AM

IP:

202.90.245.166

Reference Id:

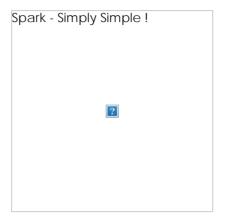
06019

From: <u>City of Albany</u>
To: <u>Records</u>

Subject: EF22476465 - CR.COC.82 - Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Form Response

Date: Tuesday, 15 November 2022 9:29:24 PM



The following form was filled out on the City of Albany website.

Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Full Name



Suburb of Residence

Mckail

The total number of Elected Members on City of Albany Council.

8 Elected Representatives

Or a number of Elected Members between 5 and 7.

8

Representation should be designated by

Wards (Option 1A or 1B in the Discussion Paper

Please select one of the following options

Option 1B - Two Wards that are delineated by Albany Highway, Chesterpass Road and York Street (refer to map 1B)

Submitted:

15/11/2022 9:28:59 PM

IP:

121.221.93.112

Reference Id:

06026

Subject: EF22476565 - CR.COC.82 - Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Form Response

Date: Wednesday, 16 November 2022 4:08:43 PM



The following form was filled out on the City of Albany website.

Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Full Name



Suburb of Residence

Milpara

The total number of Elected Members on City of Albany Council.

8 Elected Representatives

Representation should be designated by

No Wards (Option 2 in the Discussion Paper)

Please select one of the following options

Option 2 - Alternative Suggestions (ie; a different ward system than suggested above or ward name changes)

Submitted:

16/11/2022 4:08:20 PM

IP:

139.130.147.249

Reference Id:

06034

Subject: EF22476730 - CR.COC.82 - Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Form Response

Date: Thursday, 17 November 2022 9:42:45 PM



The following form was filled out on the City of Albany website.

Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Full Name



Suburb of Residence

MILPARA

Or a number of Elected Members between 5 and 7.

6

Representation should be designated by

No Wards (Option 2 in the Discussion Paper)

Submitted:

17/11/2022 9:42:21 PM

IP:

159.196.135.23

Reference Id:

06042

From: <u>City of Albany</u>
To: Records

Subject: EF22477838 - CR.COC.82 - Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Form Response

Date: Friday, 25 November 2022 1:21:50 PM



The following form was filled out on the City of Albany website.

Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Full Name



Suburb of Residence

Robinson

The total number of Elected Members on City of Albany Council.

8 Elected Representatives

Representation should be designated by

Wards (Option 1A or 1B in the Discussion Paper

Please select one of the following options

Option 2 - Alternative Suggestions (ie; a different ward system than suggested above or ward name changes)

Other (please comment)

4 Wards should be created which comprise entire suburbs. Residents already identify with suburbs and neighbouring suburbs have more in common with each other. Albany is made of up of very diverse suburbs with different needs. This is why I feel it is inappropriate for the Ward system to be abolished.

The ARCGIS mapping on the Citys website needs to be more user friendly so that residents can easily see the boundaries of their suburbs. As this is not possible within the limitations of the current online maps I am unable to propose accurately which suburbs should be included in which Wards.

Therefore I propose that the 4 Wards are created adhering strictly to the current suburb boundaries but as closely as possible to distribute population and land use types as evenly as possible across the 4 Wards. 2 councillors should be elected for each Ward. The discussion paper proposes only 2 Wards as a matter of laziness, not as a matter of proper representation of a diverse resident population's needs and wants. More Wards mean more administration and consideration of individual needs. We are only bound to reduce the number of councillors, not the number of Wards.

Submitted:

25/11/2022 1:21:25 PM

IP:

180.222.169.214

Reference Id:

06086

From: <u>City of Albany</u>
To: <u>Records</u>

Subject: EF22478323 - CR.COC.82 - Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Form Response

Date: Wednesday, 30 November 2022 11:34:21 AM



The following form was filled out on the City of Albany website.

Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Full Name



Suburb of Residence

Albany, Western Australia

The total number of Elected Members on City of Albany Council.

8 Elected Representatives

Or a number of Elected Members between 5 and 7.

8

Representation should be designated by

No Wards (Option 2 in the Discussion Paper)

Please select one of the following options

Option 2 - Alternative Suggestions (ie; a different ward system than suggested above or ward name changes)

Submitted:

30/11/2022 11:33:56 AM

IP:

139.130.147.249

Reference Id:

06113

Subject: EF22478519 - CR.COC.82 - Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Form Response

Date: Thursday, 1 December 2022 7:20:05 PM



The following form was filled out on the City of Albany website.

Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Full Name



Suburb of Residence

Mount Melville

The total number of Elected Members on City of Albany Council.

8 Elected Representatives

Other (please comment)

This questionnaire does not make sense to me.

Submitted:

1/12/2022 7:19:44 PM

IP:

203.59.180.100

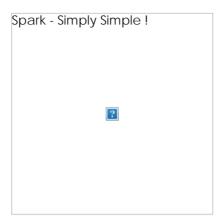
Reference Id:

06128

Subject: EF22478677 - CR.COC.82 - Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Form Response

Date: Saturday, 3 December 2022 4:54:29 PM



The following form was filled out on the City of Albany website.

Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Full Name



Suburb of Residence

Little Grove WA 6330

The total number of Elected Members on City of Albany Council.

8 Elected Representatives

Representation should be designated by

Wards (Option 1A or 1B in the Discussion Paper

Please select one of the following options

Option 1B - Two Wards that are delineated by Albany Highway, Chesterpass Road and York Street (refer to map 1B)

Submitted:

3/12/2022 4:54:05 PM

IP:

182.161.44.241

Reference Id:

06143

Subject: EF22478869 - CR.COC.82 - Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Form Response

Date: Monday, 5 December 2022 6:52:57 PM



The following form was filled out on the City of Albany website.

Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Full Name



Suburb of Residence

YAKAMIA

The total number of Elected Members on City of Albany Council.

8 Elected Representatives

Representation should be designated by

No Wards (Option 2 in the Discussion Paper)

Other (please comment)

Currently I don't feel any particular sense of connection to the councillors for Yakamia Ward. I also don't see that councillors now have a particular focus on issues specific to their ward, since the wards as currently defined aren't cohesive areas. A two-ward system would only worsen this, with larger wards further diluting any sense of ward identity and increasing the number of issues relevant to each ward. Therefore I think the simpler option of abolishing wards altogether is preferable.

Submitted:

5/12/2022 6:52:35 PM

IP:

124.169.229.150

Reference Id:

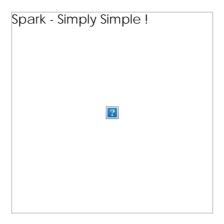
06151

From: <u>City of Albany</u>
To: Records

Subject: EF22478947 - CR.COC.82 - Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Form Response

Date: Tuesday, 6 December 2022 1:36:47 PM



The following form was filled out on the City of Albany website.

Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Full Name



Suburb of Residence

ALBANY DC

Or a number of Elected Members between 5 and 7.

7

Representation should be designated by

No Wards (Option 2 in the Discussion Paper)

Please select one of the following options

Option 2 - Alternative Suggestions (ie; a different ward system than suggested above or ward name changes)

Other (please comment)

City Councillors should be across all City issues, irrespective of wards, and given most are, then why not a system like Tasmania and the Senate, the Hare Clark.

In such a system, councillors would be elected by a proportion of the votes they get from across the city.

For example, if there are 7 seats around the chamber, then the candidates who finish in the top 7 each get a seat.

The would give a a much clearer represenation of the citizenry's attitudes, philophies and skill sets.

Submitted:

6/12/2022 1:36:26 PM

IP:

106.68.117.222

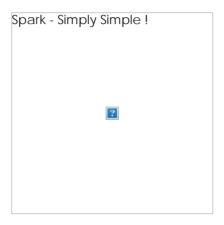
Reference Id:

06155

Subject: EF22479016 - CR.COC.82 - Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Form Response

Date: Wednesday, 7 December 2022 7:14:40 AM



The following form was filled out on the City of Albany website.

Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Full Name



Suburb of Residence

GOODE BEACH

The total number of Elected Members on City of Albany Council.

8 Elected Representatives

Representation should be designated by

No Wards (Option 2 in the Discussion Paper)

Other (please comment)

I don't see any advantage of 2 Wards compared with No Wards. I also don't see the disadvantages of a No Ward System spelled out in the discussion paper as raising any red flags.

Submitted:

7/12/2022 7:14:15 AM

IP:

1.146.132.24

Reference Id:

06157

From: City of Albany
To: Records

Subject: EF22479067 - CR.COC.82 - Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Form Response

Date: Wednesday, 7 December 2022 9:59:32 AM



The following form was filled out on the City of Albany website.

Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Full Name



Suburb of Residence

Bayonet Head

The total number of Elected Members on City of Albany Council.

8 Elected Representatives

Representation should be designated by

Wards (Option 1A or 1B in the Discussion Paper

Please select one of the following options

Option 1B - Two Wards that are delineated by Albany Highway, Chesterpass Road and York Street (refer to map 1B)

Submitted:

7/12/2022 9:59:11 AM

IP:

139.130.147.249

Reference Id:

06158

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From: <u>City of Albany</u>
To: Records

Subject: EF22479122 - CR.COC.82 - Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Form Response

Date: Wednesday, 7 December 2022 1:41:54 PM



The following form was filled out on the City of Albany website.

Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Full Name



Suburb of Residence

Lower king

The total number of Elected Members on City of Albany Council.

8 Elected Representatives

Representation should be designated by

Wards (Option 1A or 1B in the Discussion Paper

Please select one of the following options

Option 2 - Alternative Suggestions (ie; a different ward system than suggested above or ward name changes)

Other (please comment)

I think 4 wards would be better

I believe it is important to have a representative that is familiar with or even lives in that area and as a result has a rapport and working relationship with its residents

Submitted:

7/12/2022 1:41:34 PM

IP:

1.127.111.144

Reference Id:

06159

REPORT	ITEM	SCM029	REFERS
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From: City of Albany
To: Records

Subject: EF22479172 - CR.COC.82 - Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Form Response

Date: Thursday, 8 December 2022 8:57:00 AM



The following form was filled out on the City of Albany website.

Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Full Name



Suburb of Residence

Mount Melville

The total number of Elected Members on City of Albany Council.

8 Elected Representatives

Representation should be designated by

No Wards (Option 2 in the Discussion Paper)

Please select one of the following options

Option 1B - Two Wards that are delineated by Albany Highway, Chesterpass Road and York Street (refer to map 1B)

Submitted:

8/12/2022 8:56:40 AM

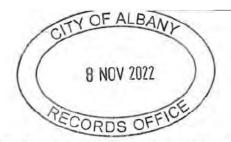
IP:

1.146.140.235

Reference Id:

06165

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Doc No. File Date Officer

ICR22475468 CR COC 82 08 NOV 2022 ASTRCL

Box Vol

Attach Box+Vol Disposal

Mayor Wellington and Councilors of the City of Albany P.O. Box 484 Albany WA 6330

Dear Ladies and Gentlemen,

In response to the discussion paper regarding the "Review of Ward Names, Boundaries and Councilor Representation Levels".

No legislation has been passed regarding this 'redesign of local government', so there is no call for such a "request".

At the moment it is to be "VOLUNTARY" on the part of local councils, so why is this "Review" stating this as a GIVEN, insinuating that we must choose one of these alternatives for reducing councilor numbers? I strenuously object to any reduction of Councilor numbers

Claims that it will reduce costs and provide efficiency, due to fewer people needing to discuss matters, are just a cute cover for the main aim of eliminating local government all together.

Albany people did not want the Entertainment Centre to be built on the foreshore. The directive came from Perth that that is where it would go!

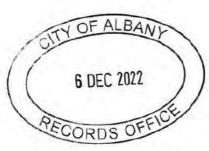
This is a sterling example of what centralized State government would be like.

It is madness to voluntarily give away our democratic right to representation at the local level!

Think long and hard about this before making any changes to local representation.

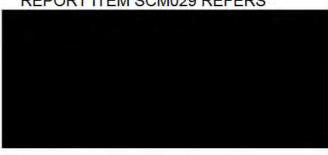
Thank you for your attention.





Mr. A Sharke City chief amoutive

Re City review of Words.





Doc No File: Date

Officer

City of Albany Records ICR22478928 CR.COC 82 06 DEC 2022

Attach
Box:
Vol
Box+Vol:
Disposal:

as I was elected in ward and open system in the Lown of all ony and as Coronal and may of 11 years I can say thropen system was much better I was relected of first in the word system thereform system.

In working for the whole of allong was much better.

Those that will be what the Cuty chooses.

your sincery

REPORT ITEM SCM029 REFERS

Albany City of Albany Customer Service Item Rece	eipt
Date: 06 / 1/20 22. Time: 12: 10 AM/PM No 11709	
Customer:	
Description: ENVELOP SEAL(EAD	
Deliver to REC Customer Service Officer: N	xA



City of Albany - Review of Ward Boundaries and Representation 2022

Public Submission Form

Bas	Based on my knowledge and opinion support:					
(a)	a) Number of Councillors: 4 Elected Representatives 8 Elected Representatives A number between 4 and 8, please ent		Ways to submit your comments: - Collect, print form and put in comments box at North Road, Administration Building - print and mail to: PO Box 484, Albany 6330 - print, scan and small to: staff@albany.wa.gov.au or complete online survey on the City's website: www.albany.wa.gov.au ter amount:			
(b)	Representation design	ated by:				
	☑ Wards ☐ No Wards					
(c)	Please select one of th	e following options	s, if you have chosen Ward Representation*:			
	Option 1A	Two Wards (Delin map 1A).	eated by Albany Highway and York Street, refer			
	Option 1B	Two Wards (Delinand York Street, re	eated by Albany Highway, Chesterpass Road efer map 1B).			
	Option 2	NO WARDS				
	☐ Other	As described in	the comments section.			
	*Description maps deta	ailed at annexures to	the discussion paper.			
(d)	Comments: The City seeks your views, for example: reason for support, suggested ward names. Please include any arguments supporting your comments - continue on additional sheets if necessary. I like the chief of Naming the two wards (a bove) after people who made a concerted effort to bring the Menang and European (peoples) groups together, initially The live most prominent would appear to have been Mokare and Dr Alexander Collie (Surgeon). They worked closely together, until Mokare's death (in Collie's home!).					
	by belonging to (1) is my pres however option easily manage population egy 15 a	a ward & op ferred: It's (B) maybe d, because vality. Either voral voice having some this is more	the final decision. Submissions close on 07 December 2022. All submissions will be presented to the LGAB. All rect For more information contact: Jennifer Williamson staff@albany.wa.gov.au			

Annexure A - Discussion Paper -- Page 1

REPORT ITEM SCM030 REFERS



Naming statement

In 2019, The City of Albany and the Menang Noongar community embarked upon the *Restoring Menang Noongar Place Names* project to "preserve and reawaken local language through place naming". Research undertaken during this project indicated that there are many Menang place names that have been recorded as referring to the Albany area. These include but are not limited to:

King-ya-nup Kincannup Kinncinnup Kin-gil-yilling
King-gou-rup Ken-yellup Kinjarling Ken-Gortch

Albany is often referred to as Kinjarling. However during the *Restoring Menang Noongar Place Names* project no agreement was reached by the Menang community on a preferred Menang name for the city. Noting this, this report does not preference a Menang name for Albany.

Document ID: /Volumes/Graphics/2022/22-025 - Albany, Bicentenary Community Engagement Consultant/06 Graphic Design/01 InDesign Report/01 Draft/00 InDesign/22-025 City of Albany Bicentenary Strategic Plan D3 221129 Folder/22-025 City of Albany Bicentenary Strategic Plan D11 221215.indd

Issue	Date	Status	Prepared by	Approved by	Graphics	File
	15.12.22	Final	Hayley Sellman, Suzie Zuber, Carmel Given, Cath Blake-Powell, Louise Paterson, Bethany Findlay, Francesca van der Horst	Cath Blake-Powell	MS	D11

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Prepared by

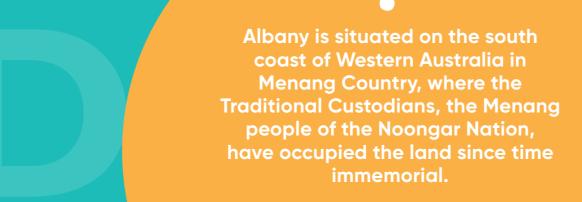


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Noongar recognition statement

Noonakoort moort nitja burranginge noongar boodja
Noonakoort moort kwomba
Djinunge nitja mungarrt — koorah
Noonakoort moort yirra yarkinje kwomba noongar boodja
Koorah — nitja — boordahwan
Noonakoort moort yarkinje noongar boodja
Nyidiung koorah barminje noonakoort moort
Wierrnbirt domberrinje
Noonakoort moort koort boodja
Nitja gnulla moorditj karrl boodja

All our Noongar people stand here on Noongar land.

Past, present and future.

We stand strong on our land.

The mungart tree symbolises our strength and survival.

All of our people stand firm on our land.

Our people are here to stay – we will always be.

We, the Noongar people, are the Traditional Owners of South West Western Australia, and have been since before time immemorial. As the First Peoples of South West Western Australia, we continue to practise the laws and customs of our culture. Through this culture, we continue to hold rights, responsibilities and obligations in relation to our people, traditional lands and waters.

We, the Noongar people, are the largest single Aboriginal cultural bloc on the Australian continent. We belong to one of the oldest surviving living cultures on this earth. As a people, we have a common ancestral language, and a similar history and spirituality. We know that our traditional country is south and west of a line that stretches from Geraldton in the north to Cape Arid in the South-East, and that the spirit of this place can never be conquered.

Noongar culture, spirit and economy have always depended on the resources of Noongar boodja. Families still return to the Biddi (paths) of our ancestors. Our people continue to refer to natural landmarks, especially hills and waterways when describing which families belong to different areas of Noongar boodja. Although barriers may exist, it is still in our hearts, in our blood, it is still our country.

Our living culture, which is long and continuing in this part of the world, begins with Noongar people. This is the opportunity for all Western Australians to experience the ancient tradition of respect, relationships and reciprocity with Noongar people. We have survived.

Cited from Noongar (Koorah, Nitja, Boordahwan) (Past, Present, Future) Recognition Act, 2016. Government of Western Australia. Vision statement

Showcase Albany by reflecting honestly on our past, celebrating our community today and creating a future where anything is possible.

Mission statement

Advance Albany as a nationally significant regional cultural centre by showcasing and involving its diverse and unique people, Aboriginal culture, environment and produce, to recognise our shared past and look forward to our future.

The events, programs and products will support tourism and provide significant social and economic development and benefits to the Albany community.

This will be done through the Albany Approach: Menang First, co-designed and co-decided with the Albany community.











In 2026 Albany will host Western Australia's first Bicentenary.

Albany was the first place where Menang Noongar and British commenced living together on the western side of Australia. Albany became the gateway for the economic and social development of the land that would become known as Western Australia.

The Bicentenary is an opportunity to tell the story of this place. From the ancient Menang Noongar history to the arrival of other cultures, Albany's strategic importance as the site of the first port in WA, the city's connection to the Anzac story and other moments through time have developed the thriving multicultural community of today.

As Western Australia's first Bicentenary, the City of Albany is committed to ensuring Albany's Bicentenary commemorations and celebrations are co-designed and co-decided with the community, with Reconciliation at the centre.

Working together with our Menang Elders, we are prioritising the elevation of local Menang Noongar culture. It is central to our planning for this occasion and representative of the Menang First approach. Taking this approach enables our whole community to reflect authentically on Albany's deep history, celebrate the thriving, multicultural community it has become and establish a strong foundation for Albany's future.

Place anniversaries such as these have not previously provided an avenue to acknowledge the complex histories which have been the experience of our nation.

When cultures collide and are forced to find ways through these experiences, it affects every aspect of our community. It is important that this is acknowledged and is a key component of the story that

must be told in the lead up to, and as part of, Albany 2026.

Offering an open platform for everyone to be involved is a key pillar in the City's planning for the 2026 Bicentenary.

Unlike many place anniversaries throughout history, 2026 will not mark a specific date or action of history, but will be curated to reflect the journey through time which has produced the thriving community we know today – allowing a space for all components of that history to be told, upheld and celebrated.

The City of Albany, with support from Menang Noongar Elders, local, regional, Federal and State partners, and the community of Albany, has facilitated the preparation of this Strategic Plan



to guide the operational planning phases in the lead up to and during the Bicentenary.

From March to October 2022, the Bicentenary Project Team engaged with the community using multiple methods and tools to envision possibilities, develop ideas, and contribute to the early planning phases of this significant opportunity for Albany.

More than 1,000 ideas were generated. Opportunities identified included small-scale local events and commemorative items, through to legacy focused initiatives and significant events that will attract national and international audiences. Albany and Western Australia will be on show as a place that recognises and acknowledges its deep Menang Noongar history, celebrates all cultures and pursues unity.

Our community-developed vision for this Bicentenary is to:

Showcase Albany by reflecting honestly on our past, celebrating our community today and creating a future where anything is possible.

Leveraging the vision, a number of topic areas (pillars referenced in the figure above) emerged as important to the community, and these underpin the ideas generated from the engagement.

With such a significant number of ideas to consider, the development of selection criteria forms a central tool to refine the areas in which the City and its partners will focus its efforts. A renewed Bicentenary governance structure will play a central role in ensuring an integrated and collaborative approach to the operational planning and delivery phases.

The inclusion of Ambassadors, Local Champions, a Menang Noongar Advisory Group, a dedicated youth group and Bicentenary volunteers provides a bottom up and fully representative approach that is fundamental to ensuring the vision is realised.

Community and stakeholders have proposed events and activities that span a whole year.

Through the community engagement, there was a clear recognition that the arrival of Europeans to Menang Country is not cause for celebration for everyone.

As such, the Bicentenary will focus on a year of activity that is sensitively curated to tell the history of place and people associated with the community we now know as Albany, from the deep past to recent decades.

We will establish a new foundation as we walk together through 2026 and into a future where anything is possible.

2. Introduction

As a world leading contemporary place anniversary, Albany's Bicentenary will set the benchmark for reconciliation across WA and Australia.

Albany was the first place in Western Australia where the Menang Noongar and Europeans commenced living together, sharing knowledge, and building the community we know today.

Working together with our Menang* Noongar Elders, we are elevating our Menang Noongar culture, and it is central to our planning for this occasion.

This will enable us as a whole community to reflect authentically on Albany's deep history, celebrate the thriving, multicultural community it has become and establish the foundation for Albany's future.

Albany's Bicentenary is a transformational opportunity at the nexus of economy, culture and creativity, which will create a legacy for the region.

It will act as a key driver of future investment and growth, tourism, cultural experience and liveability allowing Albany to realise its potential as a cultural centre of regional Australia.

Albany has a deeply rooted Aboriginal heritage, proud military history, strong music and arts sector, uniquely beautiful and diverse landscapes and coastlines, and historically significant streetscapes and architecture. This Bicentenary Strategic Plan (herein referred to as the 'Plan') has been prepared by Element Advisory (element) in collaboration with the City of Albany and acts as a blueprint for decision-making and guidance in the lead up to the 2026 Bicentenary.

The Plan is intended as a guide only with built-in flexibility for the City to adapt where necessary as more updated and relevant information comes to light over the upcoming three years of planning.

Concurrent to the preparation of The Plan,
Paramount Projects was contracted to undertake
direct engagement with Albany's Menang Noongar
reference group and community. An outcomes report
was prepared and, where relevant, key dialogue,
engagement findings and recommendations have
informed the Plan.

A recurring view expressed by members of the Menang community is that the Bicentenary presents an opportunity to show Australia and the world that Menang people are strong, resilient and dedicated to the continued preservation and protection of culture, land and language.

^{*} Note that the name and spelling 'Menang' has widespread use and is used here. The name has also been recorded in various other ways including Mineng, Minang, Mirnong and Meananger.

2.1 Objectives

Objectives for the Bicentenary Strategic Plan are a set of goals that communicate what the community has identified as important for the delivery of a successful Bicentenary.

The following 10 objectives should be regularly referred to as this project progresses:

- Accurately reflect the ideas, goals and aspirations of the community – for the community, by the community.
- Present a strong vision for 2026, which considers comparative advantage and unifies sectors towards a common goal.
- Create opportunities to increase the visibility and preservation of Menang Noongar culture.
- Recognise community diversity, respond to challenges and ensure equitable access.
- Develop curatorial themes to inform implementation and marketing.
- Identify opportunities for development of legacy assets which reflect the community's aspirations and provide lasting benefits to the community.

- Complement the City of Albany's pursuit of holistic development towards becoming recognised as a cultural centre of regional Australia.
- Identify opportunities for a year-long marketing and destination program, including 'flagship' programs across sectors which support the financial response.
- Consider Albany's broader context and integrate learnings from comparable bicentenaries to challenge the brief of place anniversaries in contemporary Australia.
- Leave a legacy through consolidating Albany's reputation as the birthplace of the state of Western Australia.

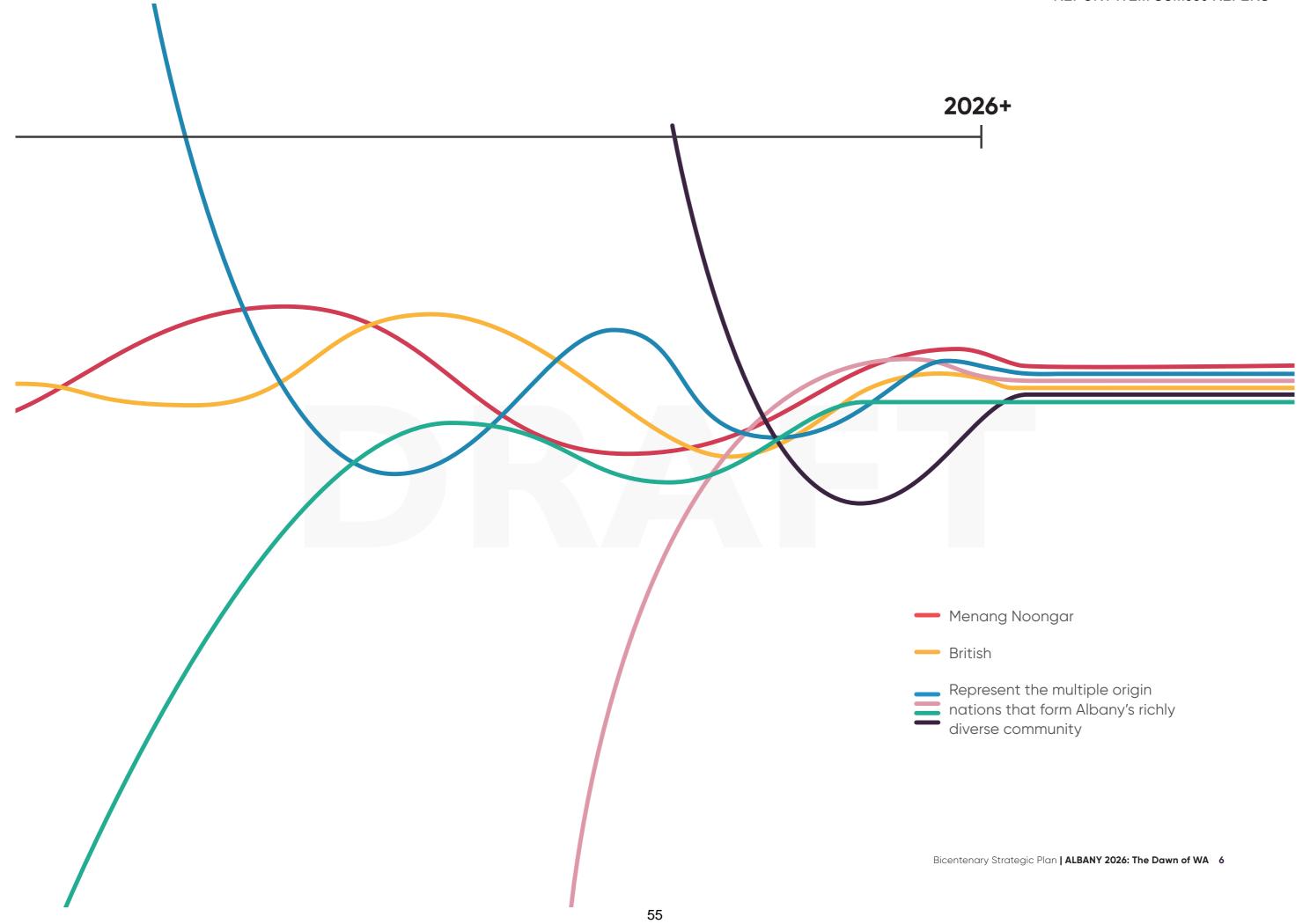
Menang Noongar

2.2 Our stories

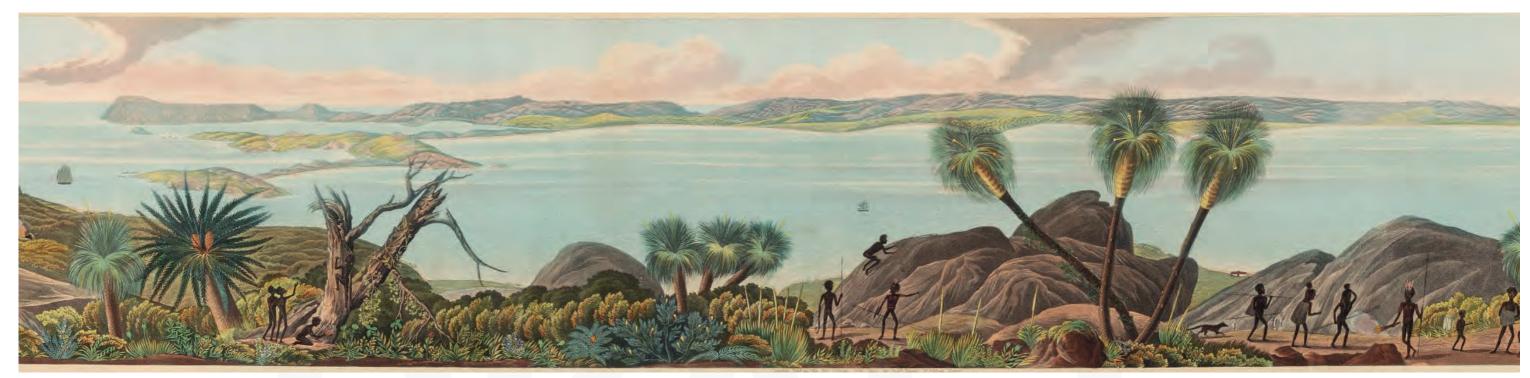
We have adopted the overarching narrative of 'Our stories' to highlight the whole of community approach to this Bicentenary campaign. 'Our stories' acknowledge that Albany has a past that extends beyond just 200 years. It has existed for millennia to the Menang and continues to the present day.

Along that journey, Albany has welcomed many different cultures and peoples to the town, who have each brought rich layers of cultural and social character that are woven into the fabric and identity of modern Albany. Since the first British colony was established in 1826, Albany has welcomed people from across the globe.

The accompanying diagram is a representation of the many different cultures living in Albany over time. There are countless ethnicities that have made Albany their home and they should all be celebrated for what they contribute to making Albany a rich and diverse community. Section 2.4 provides a snapshot of the current demographics in the City of Albany based on the 2021 census data.



2.3 Building on 'Our stories', the following are moments in time that provide a glimpse into Albany's history and key milestones that have helped to shape this place.



Panoramic View of King George's Sound, part of the Colony of Swan River' painted by Robert Havell in 1834 based on sketches by Robert Dale - Image National Gallery of Victoria.

Original inhabitants

Menang Country encompasses approximately 13,000 sq. km. from King George Sound on the south coast of Western Australia, northwards to the Stirling Range. The landscape formed around 45 million years ago when Antarctica separated from Australia, and sculpted unique coastal rock formations, including the Natural Bridge and The Gap.

Menang Noongar connection to Country began long before the last Ice Age (about 10,000 years ago) when rising sea levels formed islands off the coast of Western Australia. Archaeological excavations near the Kalgan River prove continued human habitation for more than 20,000 years, and Menang oral memory significantly predates this period.

Exploration and settlement

Dutch explorers, working for the Dutch East India Company, sailed along the south coast of Western Australia in 1627, without landing. They drew rudimentary charts of the coastline, and the British and French followed late in the 18th century.

The British asserted their claim to the southern land (then known as New Holland) ahead of the French.

Major Edmund Lockyer anchored at Princess Royal Harbour in the brig Amity on 25 December 1826. He established a foothold with an army garrison to guard the 23 convicts who were expected to build a settlement, the first on the western side of the Australian continent.

Ensign Robert Dale's Panoramic View of King George's Sound captures an early impression of the British colony and its friendly interactions with the local Menang people. The good relations were partly founded on Lockyer's rescue of Aboriginal women kidnapped by sealers on offshore islands.

A close bond developed between Menang man Mokaré and settlers Isaac Scott Nind, Captain Collet Barker and Alexander Collie. Mokaré and some of his countrymen assisted the British in their inland expeditions, where they were clearly seeking good farming land.

Albany was originally a military outpost of New South Wales, but became part of the Swan River Colony in 1831, under Governor Sir James Stirling who named the new capital Perth. The original convicts were returned to Sydney, and Albany (so christened in 1831 by Stirling) became a port for free settlement.



Development and labour

However the new outpost struggled. A lack of good agricultural land, poor communication links and a shortage of labour all conspired to limit the potential of the tiny township. The establishment of the Government Farm at Barmup / Strawberry Hill in 1831 went only a short way towards providing a reliable food supply.

To resolve the labour shortages, the British Government agreed to fund the transportation of convicts to the colony of Western Australia from 1850. Ticket-of-leave convicts were sent to Albany and the Convict Hiring Depot was built in 1858. This convict labour supported the slow growth of the local economy – the prisoners worked on farms and on civil engineering projects before their release.

Transport and communication

Albany's sheltered location on King George Sound enabled it to become a key strategic point for Australia and the British Empire. It served for over 50 years as the principal port for the mail service, and for ships travelling between Europe and the Eastern colonies.

In the 1880s and 1890s, Albany port served as a gateway to the Coolgardie and Kalgoorlie goldfields for hopeful prospectors. However, some of this newfound prosperity was lost when Fremantle Harbour was built in 1897, a move engineered to direct more shipping traffic to the capital city.

In 1889, the Great Southern Railway opened with great fanfare, facilitating the rapid transport of mail, freight and passengers between Albany and Perth. This supported the growth of regional hinterland towns, and an expansion of wheat and sheep farming. The last passenger train ran to Albany in 1978. Freight trains still operate, primarily carrying grain and woodchips into Albany's port for export.

By the end of World War II, the port's infrastructure of jetties and steam cranes was increasingly outmoded. The Tydeman Report (1948) recommended the construction of land-backed wharves, bulk-handling grain silos, and improved road and rail access. By the mid-1950s, the port had been revolutionised, and further improvements have taken the facility into the 21st century and well able to handle cargo and passenger cruise ships alike.







American Navy Ships of the Great White Fleet in Princess Royal Harbour 1908 - Photo Albany History Collection.

Defence

When war between Britain and Russia threatened in the 1880s, King George Sound was recognised as an internationally strategic location for a defensive position. The Princess Royal Fortress (Albany Forts) was completed in 1893, with inter-colonial financial contributions. This is arguably the first example of federal co-operation, eight years before Australian federation took place.

In the late 19th century, many Australian soldiers left from Albany to join British troops fighting the Boer War in South Africa. By 1914, ships were once again assembled in the harbour to carry troops, horses and supplies to join Allied forces fighting World War I in the Middle East and Europe.

Over 40,000 Australians and New Zealanders left King George Sound bound for the Great War, many of whom never returned. Their memory is honoured in the National Anzac Centre on Irerup / Mount Adelaide, and at the annual Dawn Service on 25 April, Anzac Day.

Whaling and fishing

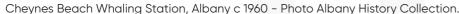
Whales form a key part of Albany's story. The Mamang (whale) is central to one of the Menang creation tales. Whales and seals drew British, French and American sailors to the Sound (Mamang Koort – Heart of the Whale), visiting Albany for supplies on their globecircling voyages, which could last for up to four years.

Whaling was the colony's first industry. The ships Elligood and Kingston hunted whales off Albany's coastline as early as 1800. Commercial whaling operations ran in Albany between 1912 and 1916, and again from 1948 until 1978, when poor economic returns and an environmental outcry forced the company's closure. The site of the Cheynes Beach Whaling Company at Frenchman Bay is now a museum.

The first European explorers were also intrigued by the use of fish-trap technology by the Menang inhabitants. Using rocks and branches, plus the rise and fall of the tides, the inhabitants were able to ingeniously trap fish on shorelines that then became a substantial part of their diet. Examples of these fish-traps exist today.

The fish population also unwittingly contributed to an internationally-significant art collection created by British public servant, Robert Neill. Using fish brought to him by the local inhabitants, he painted life-sized images of marine species that provide us with a unique snapshot into the Albany world of 1841. Neill listed the fish that he painted with their colloquial, biological and Menang names, and the whole collection was later repatriated to museums in London and Scotland.







A military parade through Stirling Terrace, Albany, c.1918 (SLWA 088643PD)

Menang-European relationships

After initial friendly interactions between the Menang and the settlers, the original inhabitants were increasingly disadvantaged. Dispossessed of their lands and traditional hunting grounds by the advances of agriculture, the Menang and their neighbouring tribes, the Goreng and the Bibbulmun, were struggling for survival.

The 1905 Aborigines Act, while aiming to 'make provision for the better protection and care of the Aboriginal inhabitants of Western Australia', arguably had the opposite effect. Some of the conditions imposed by the Act had a significant negative impact on Noongar people causing lasting intergenerational trauma.

Carrolup Mission was established near Katanning in 1915 as a government-run 'native settlement', and was used until 1951 to rehome children taken from Aboriginal families into government care. The Commonwealth Electoral Act (1962), Native Welfare Act (1963) and the 1967 Referendum question, which allowed Aboriginal people to be counted in the national census, all aimed to somewhat redress the balance.

Perhaps ironically, the Carrolup Mission spawned an international art movement. Several of the children who were housed there were encouraged to draw their surroundings in pastels and crayons. Their talents were recognised by international collectors and, today, the foundation of the Carrolup School is recognised as one of the key points in the timeline of Australian Indigenous art.

Present and future

In Albany, the town's growth continued, attracting tourists as well as permanent residents. The population reached 25,000 by 1991, and over 40,000 by 2021. In 1998, the Town and Shire of Albany amalgamated to form a combined municipal government, the City of Albany.

The City has led Western Australia in sustainable climate-conscious initiatives since adopting its Carbon Footprint Reduction Strategy in 2014. It is a leader in reconciliation, signing the City of Albany's Aboriginal Accord in 2003, and continues to recognise the history, culture and achievements of the Menang Noongar people.

In 2026, Albany will mark 200 years since European and Aboriginal communities first lived together on Western Australian soil, and will look to a future where the two communities live together in mutual respect.



Grasmere and Albany wind farms, 2011 (NLA 15766/2)

Further reading:

Arnold, Murray, A journey travelled: *Aboriginal-European* relations at Albany and the surrounding region from first contact to 1926. Crawley, W.A., UWA Publishing, 2015.

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Mamang: an old story, retold by Kim Scott, Iris Woods and the Wirlomin Noongar Language and Stories Project. Crawley, W.A., UWA Publishing, 2011.

Marshall, Gordon de L., *Maritime Albany remembered:* Les Douglas et al. Kalamunda, W.A., Tangee Publications, 2001.

Sellick, Douglas R. G. First impressions: Albany 1791-1901: travellers' tales. Perth, W.A, Western Australian Museum, 1997.

Traill, Malcolm & Harry Freemantle (eds.), *Albany: an Antipodean Arcadia*, in Studies in Western Australian History, vol. 33, Centre for Western Australian History, University of Western Australia, 2020.

2.4 Albany residents today*



With two-thirds of the **Great Southern region's** population living in the City of Albany, Albany is the **hub of the region** and the only city on the south coast of WA.



As a **growing regional city**, Albany has all the facilities and services of a regional city, while still having a strong sense of community and the convenience of country living, making it a very attractive place to live, work and holiday.



Construction, agriculture and **health care are key** industries, with the City's economy playing a vital role in supporting the community.

*ABS Data 2021

40,115

People living in the City of Albany



29.7% households have a mortgage



30,401 eligible voters 18+

45

Median age



Residents are employed



24% of the population are volunteers



3.8% of the population are **Aboriginal** or **Torres Strait** Islander



Albany has **strong Western European ancestry.** English – 47.1%. Australian – 39.8%. Scottish - 10.1%. Irish - 8.6%. German - 3.8%



Strong English migrant base, growing numbers of New Zealand, Philippines, South African, and Scottish populations.



19.2% of residents were **born overseas**

2.5 Tourism profile

Unsurprisingly, COVID-19 and state border closures had a substantial effect on Albany's tourism sector across 2020-2021, leading to a distorted view of the current visitor profile.

Albany had a 19.6% decrease in visitor numbers during 2020–2021 compared to the three-year rolling average across 2017–2019.

The overnight visitor summary for Albany pre-COVID-19 and across 2017-2019 provides a more accurate representation of the typical visitor profile. The three-year rolling average across this period indicates that Albany's main visitors come from Western Australia (78%), followed by interstate visitors (12%) and then international visitors (10%). International visitors stay longer, for an average of five nights, while domestic visitors stay for an average of three nights.

Interestingly, domestic visitors are inclined to spend more than international visitors.

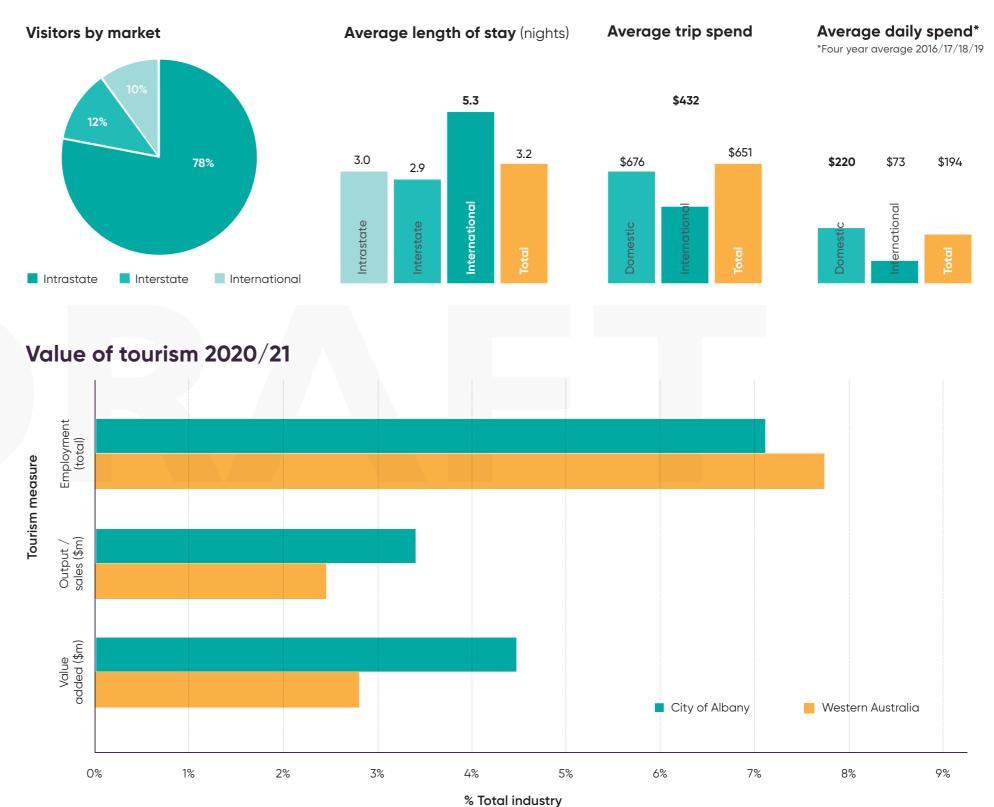
For domestic visitors, just over half come for a holiday (54%), whilst others come to visit friends or family (27%), and 18% come for business.

90% of international visitors come for a holiday and 8% come to visit friends or family.

The Bicentenary has the potential to attract both interstate and international visitors.

Based on past trends it is still anticipated that most visitors will be from Western Australia.

2017-2019





Regional strategic context

Approximately 62% of the Great Southern region's population resides in Albany. Transport within the broader region, connections to Perth and internationally, enable easy access for tourism, business, leisure and recreation.

The strategic context of Albany as the major hub of the region facilitates a high degree of synergy and interconnectivity that results in broad regional appeal. Similarly, strategic planning for the Great Southern region aims to maximise social and economic benefits that position this emerging region as one of the state's most appealing places to live, work and visit.

Several strategies prepared in recent years inform and complement the vision for the Bicentenary Strategic Plan. These plans will underpin the delivery of a yearlong series of activations and opportunities.

The Bicentenary will provide an international platform that promotes and enables the achievement of tourism, arts and cultural objectives identified in the wider strategic documents prepared by various organisations.

The following strategies and action plans provide a foundation for the ongoing operational planning and development of partnerships for the Bicentenary project.

INFORMING STRATEGIES	OBJECTIVES
WA State Tourism Strategy 2020	With a focus on maximising increased trips, by intrastate, interstate, and international visitors, pillars for growth include: • Enhanced brand positioning
	Indigenous tourism
	 Support infrastructure, access from Asian markets, business and regional travel improvements and positioning WA as a recognised event destination
Tourism Western Australia –	This action plan places a strong focus on:
Jina: WA Aboriginal Tourism Action	Aboriginal participation in the tourism industry
Plan 2021 - 2025	Developing new Aboriginal tourism experiences
	Recommending key improvements to critical support systems
The Great Southern Development	Maps out initiatives across key focus areas of strong and diverse economy, liveability and communities.
Commission – GSDC Strategic Plan	Key priorities include:
2022-23 to 2024-25	Growing mining and related industries
	Growing new and emerging industries
	Improving regional living standards
	Aboriginal economic development and organisational excellence
	 Enhance the region's significant heritage and cultural assets as important drawcards for visitation by promoting the region as a heritage and cultural hub of activity
Department Local Government,	The strategy establishes defined cultural hubs and centres that are networked, resilient and enterprising.
Sport and Cultural Industries –	Regional priorities address:
Great Southern Arts, Culture and	 Cultural identity
Heritage Strategy	Experiences, capacity and investment
City of Albany - Strategic Community	Outlines five key pillars to focus on over the next 10 years, being: People, Planet, Place, Prosperity and Leadership.
Plan 2032	Key outcomes include:
	A diverse and inclusive community
	 A happy, healthy and resilient community
	A safe community
City of Albany Arts, Culture and	Concurrent to the DLGSCI strategy of the same, key focus areas include:
Heritage Plan	 Albany is nationally recognised for its inspiring and diverse creative and cultural experiences and attractions
	 Albany has a reputation as a location of choice for creative talent and enterprise
	 Arts, culture and heritage are central to Albany's identity, liveability and prosperity
	The City is a leader in building arts, culture and heritage (ACH)
	Capacity and capability, with ACH stakeholders
	 People actively engage with Albany's diverse heritage, which is widely shared and boldly expressed
	A strong, sustainable foundation for a renowned cultural capital



This strategy has been prepared through considerable community and stakeholder engagement, following the 'Albany approach' to understand the direction on the vision, mission and strategic objectives.

It has also been informed by a comparative analysis and review of relevant literature to guide best practice for milestone celebrations in contemporary Australia.

The Albany Approach to delivering Bicentenary projects or initiatives within the city is referenced in the mission statement. It aims to involve and elevate recognition of Albany's First Nations people and traditional custodians - the Menang Noongar community - while codesigning and co-deciding the Bicentenary approach with the Albany community.

Engagement methodology

The purpose of the engagement was to include a wide cross-section of the community in drafting the Plan, so that the Plan will be 'for the community, by the community'.

As part of this, a range of stakeholders and community members were engaged via a series of activities designed to build awareness of the Bicentenary, encourage involvement and lay the groundwork for a collaborative Albany approach.

4.1.1 Community and stakeholder engagement approach

Community and stakeholder engagement has been a key component of drafting this Bicentenary Strategic Plan, with engagement starting in March 2022 and ending in October 2022.

The engagement approach is detailed on the following page and outlines the key components of the methodology including Menang engagement led by Paramount Projects.

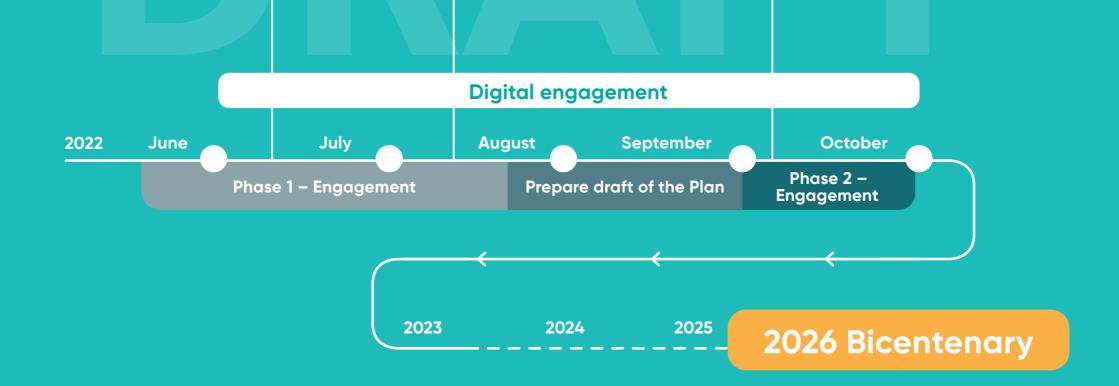
Engagement activities

Engagement Week

- 5 X themed community workshops
- Aboriginal Heritage Reference Group meetings
- Community and Industry Reference Group meetings
- Open Menang community meetings
- 2 X pop-up information sessions
- Online
 - + Tell us your big idea
 - + Photo competition
- Presentation at Art After Dark

- 1 X community workshop
- 1X youth symposium
- Aboriginal Heritage Reference Group meetings
- Open Menang community meetings
- Aboriginal survey

- Aboriginal Heritage Reference Group meeting
- Community and Industry Reference Group meetings
- Open Menang Community meetings
- Public comment period (November 2022) for draft Bicentenary Strategic Plan



4.1.2 Engagement themes

It is often difficult for engagement participants to envision new possibilities from a blank canvas. To assist with the creative process of ideas generation, element initially prepared five key themes to focus the interest and energy of stakeholders.

This aimed to help participants organise their thoughts and provide structure for discussions about Albany's challenges and opportunities, identifying Albany's unique characteristics and brainstorming ideas for the Bicentenary.

Based on preliminary engagement with the Albany Bicentenary Advisory Group and various reference groups, five broad themes were developed:

Albany Social and **Environment** Place and The and landscape community culture arts Identifying all Celebrating How the built Capturing Encompassing forms of visual the lifestyle the landscape environment the culture and and performing identity impacts of Albany, heritage of the arts that could of Albany, the ways in examining what Menana people, tap into and makes the social the natural which people colonial history and living contribute to the fabric 'tick', use places and migrant environment, and spaces, Bicentenary. showcasing the cultures. importance of conservation exploring future and preservation economic community. for the future. growth.

As a range of ideas emerged from the engagement process, these themes were then revised and re-organised to become specific to the Albany Bicentenary. This involved classifying ideas into event typologies and topic areas that were recurrent, and have now been incorporated into the strategic themes of this plan.

4.1.3 Who did we involve?

A key feature of creating the Plan was that it should broadly involve the community and key stakeholders from a range of sectors, including Federal Government, State Government, and peak bodies (represented in the Albany Bicentenary Advisory Group), Menang Elders and community, the youth of Albany and the broader community.



4.1.4 Menang focused engagement

In line with the City's commitment to Reconciliation, the City of Albany has laid emphasis on the importance of cultural recognition and appreciation being a core purpose of Albany's Bicentenary. Widespread Menang awareness and involvement in developing the City's Bicentenary Strategic Plan and Prospectus is fundamental in ensuring the Albany Bicentenary represents the entire Albany community, including its First Nations people.

Engagement with the Aboriginal community was facilitated by Paramount Projects with the support of the Albany Heritage Reference Group Aboriginal Corporation (AHRGAC) to act as the Menang Noongar Reference Group for the Albany Bicentenary. Five separate meetings were held in June, July, August and September of 2022.

A further two open invitation meetings were also held along with an Aboriginal adult and young people survey. Where required additional one-on-one meetings were also undertaken. More detail can be found in a separate report produced by Paramount Projects.

4.1.5 Additional key stakeholder engagement

Following the primary engagement activities in June, July and August of 2022, it was observed that we had not heard from a number of key stakeholders that were viewed as important to this stage of the project. More direct communication was undertaken and invitations were issued to either contact the project team if there was interest, join a roundtable discussion or make direct contact by video conference or via phone to share thoughts and ideas.

4.1.6 Albany youth engagement

Albany's youth was identified as an important voice in the shaping of the Albany Bicentenary. The City reached out to all the primary and secondary schools in Albany to attend a Youth Symposium. Over 100 students attended the half-day workshop, coming up with ideas for how the Albany Bicentenary should be celebrated. Over 500 individual ideas were generated by the students, with 13 expanded on in detail.



4.1.7 Typologies that have emerged

Through analysing all of the Bicentenary initiatives that have been recorded during the stakeholder and community engagement process, there were clear recurrent typologies. These are summarised below.

















		* *		•	•			
	Large scale events	Small scale events	Commemorative items	Community collaboration projects	Permanent features and activities	Installations / Exhibitions	Guided and self-guided activities	Collecting, recording and displaying deep history
High frequency mentions	Festival Light show Music show			Tree planting Native planting	Botanic garden	Light projections on buildings		Menang creation and connection story telling
Medium frequency mentions	Concert Dance Theatre Performance Art and craft fair	Long table lunch Boat race Workshops	Plaque	Collaborative arts/craft project Verge planting Weed eradication	Dual naming Renewable energy program Walkways/Mounts Masterplan Cultural heritage park Conservation reserve	Photography exhibition Artwork Street banners Drone show Light show Sculpture Displays	Walking trail Informational signage Tours Signage (general) Walks	Audio recordings
Low frequency mentions	Parade Fair Opera Sculpture by the sea	Open garden Picnic Street party Yarning Sporting event	Food dish Performance Song Coin	Time capsule Community Garden	Boardwalk Cultural centre Brig Amity restoration Entry statement Fenced dog park Staircase walk	Pavement art Art timeline Beacon lights Imagining wall	Art trail Sculpture trail Mural trail Drive trail QR codes to information	Videos Anthology Interviews Memoirs

4.1.8 Content topic areas

The below content topic areas, which are reflected in the strategic themes, have come from the Menang and broader community, stakeholders and youth who had collectively submitted more than 1,000 individual ideas for the Bicentenary.

They demonstrate the community desire to celebrate more than the past 200 years of Albany, utilising the Bicentenary as a platform for holistic celebration of all of Albany's culture, and deepen reconciliation with the Menang Noongar and First Nations people.

Reflecting Authentically on the Past







Toast the Present

What makes Albany unique

Who, and what, are residents proud of

Albany's diverse community

A Future Where Anything is Possible

Acknowledging what could be improved

What future do residents want for Albany

Living together in harmony

4.2 Gaps

Whilst a large proportion of the community and key stakeholders was involved in the engagement process, it appears that some groups were under-represented or did not engage fully for a range of reasons.

Albany's older generation was particularly involved in the community workshops, whilst other demographic groups were lacking such as parents with younger children, young adults, people with disabilities and minority ethnic groups. It was also noted that some key interest groups, community groups and local businesses could have been better represented. This is likely a result of lack of awareness, time constraints and competing priorities. However, this does mean that there could be gaps in proposed activities that appeal to, or involve these harder-to-reach groups.

It would be pertinent to offer further opportunities for people to contribute to Albany's Bicentenary as planning progresses, particularly as interest and enthusiasm grows and more ideas come to the fore of people's imaginations.

A formalised process with regards to funding may also encourage community members with creative concepts to fully develop their ideas.

4.3 Place milestone events

Place anniversaries are an important milestones for a city and its community to commemorate. They mark a time for the community to reflect on what has been, acknowledge where it is now, and also provide an opportunity to collectively be inspired about a new direction and legacy for the community.

While anniversaries are typically seen as a time of celebration, in contemporary Australia we acknowledge that celebration is not always appropriate and a milestone anniversary can enable a community and its visitors to be open and honest about past events, for healing and reconciliation.

This place milestone event is in celebration of Albany as a significant place to many groups of people. Place can be defined as "space that is special to someone. The personal meanings that turn space into 'place' become embedded in people's memories and in community stories. They can be associated with both positive and negative feelings."*

Listening to the community of Albany in 2022, there are many stories that we can collectively associate with Albany and thus attach that sense of significance.

4.3.1 Comparative analysis

Similar place milestone events of national and international significance, and anticipated to be of the same scale as this Bicentenary, were analysed. A summary and considerations are presented adjacent.

^{*}Vanclay, F., Higgins, M. & Blackshaw, A. (eds) 2008 Making Sense of Place, Canberra: National Museum of Australia Press.

SUMMARY OF COMPARATIVE MILESTONE EVENTS

BICENTENARY CONSIDERATIONS

1. Canberra 100 (2013)

In 2013 Canberra celebrated its 100-year anniversary with a range of activities throughout the year and an emphasis on their First Nations people, similar to Albany's emphasis on the Menang Noongar. The festivities throughout the year incorporated a range of events such as: art shows; theatre performances, festivals, design competitions, fashion shows, monthly dance events and more. The celebrations also included large scale events such as one-day international games, Patricia Piccinini's Sky Whale, and the creation of the Centenary Bike Trail.

Attracting nationally and internationally known artists that have connection to Albany, holding significant sporting events or developing similar legacy infrastructure are all areas to explore.

2. Australia's Bicentenary (1988)

Australia marked 200-years since the British first settled in NSW with celebrations around the nation, centred in Sydney on 26 January 1988, as the day of the first fleet arriving in Sydney Harbour 200 years prior.

These celebrations saw national backlash from many Australians, sparking a protest of more than 40,000 Aboriginal people and non-Indigenous supporters. The protest was a challenge to the First Fleet and what it represented, especially for Aboriginal Australians.

The Bicentenary was attended by the Prince and Princess of Wales and included re-enactments, Tall Ships in the harbour and fireworks at night. The events were broadcast on national television.

The national Bicentenary in 1988 received fierce criticism for whitewashing Australia's history and excluding our First Nations people and culture. The backlash from Australians as a result of this event still exists in today's society. We have learnt from this that place milestone events in Australia are not a celebration for all and should be treated sensitively and with respect.

3. Queen Elizabeth II Platinum Jubilee (2022)

Celebrations for Queen Elizabeth II's Platinum Jubilee extended across the globe. Like the Bicentenary, the jubilee celebrates a moment in history, looking both to the past and to the future. Some key initiatives that could serve as benchmark ideas for the Albany Bicentenary include:

- Beacons were lit across the Commonwealth. In the UK these were lit by service personnel and representatives of charities.
- Events took place throughout the month of June including: a flotilla, community long table lunches, service of thanksgiving, air display, military salute, music concert.
- · Legacy tributes include: permanent artwork, commemorative public park, Jubilee woodlands, commemorative coin, renaming of physical structures (gate/tower etc).

Consider a range of initiatives differing in scale and community reach from events to legacy infrastructure projects.

4. Albany 150 years Sesquicentenary (1977)

The Albany Sesquicentenary was celebrated in 1977 and created lasted memories for residents. The initiatives included reenactments and other colonial memorabilia. The schools were heavily involved and there was a strong youth involvement which is still remembered today.

Colonial celebration has already been marked in previous Albany place milestone events, so it is recommended the 2026 initiatives step away from this narrative to something more inclusive to the Traditional Custodians and newer community members. Youth involvement is a positive feature that the 2026 event can carry forward.

5. Singapore Bicentenary 2019 (SG200)

Singapore has a similar history to Albany in that it was colonised 200 years ago and previously occupied by other cultures. In 2019 Singapore marked its 200-year anniversary since Stamford Raffles colonised the city. The Singapore Bicentenary organisers insisted that the Bicentenary was a commemoration of history, not a celebration of colonialism, yet it was still criticised as a glorification of colonialism. One initiative of the commemorations was the painting of the statue of Sir Stamford Raffles to fade into the background of the grey buildings of the financial district.

Similar to the Albany Sesquicentennial celebrated in 1977, it is recommended the Albany 2026 initiatives move towards a more inclusive narrative that begins with Menang culture.

4.3.2 Ingredients for a place milestone event

Through a comparative analysis and review of relevant literature on milestone events, a range of key ingredients to create a place milestone celebration has been established as follows:

Looking back on the past

Traditionally, this has been through the gaze of white, male Australians, however in contemporary Australia we recognise history from a diverse point of view. Firstly, from our Traditional Custodians and their deep history and connection to place; and secondly, recent migrants from the last 200 years.

Recognising our current community

The successes, achievements, losses and missed opportunities.

Paving a shared direction for the future

Creating a new path and aspirations for the future of the community.

Can be marked tangibly and intangibly

With events and memorabilia or through establishing programs or legacy infrastructure that will leave a mark.

For the community, by the community

Collaboration, direction and involvement with and from the community and key stakeholders.

Necessary logistics

A milestone event requires a whole suite of logistical tools such as volunteerism, resources, governance, political support and tourism benefits.

Place-based approach

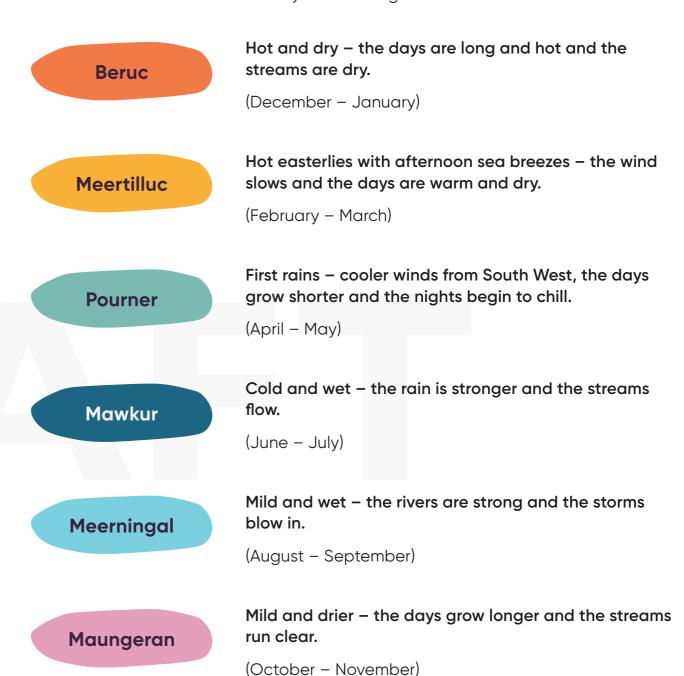
Providing a focused approach to place-based activities, for example, places of community connection, cultural and historical significance and natural beauty and ecological value.

Ranging from local, national, to international scale

The Bicentenary is not only for the community of Albany and surrounds. It is also for Australia to commemorate and international visitors to share the Albany experience.

4.3.3 The notion of place and time

Places have various functions and attractions at different times of the year. Albany, located in the Great Southern region of Western Australia, is situated in a temperate zone. Its climate is best described by the Menang Six Seasons as shown below.



REPORT ITEM SCM030 REFERS

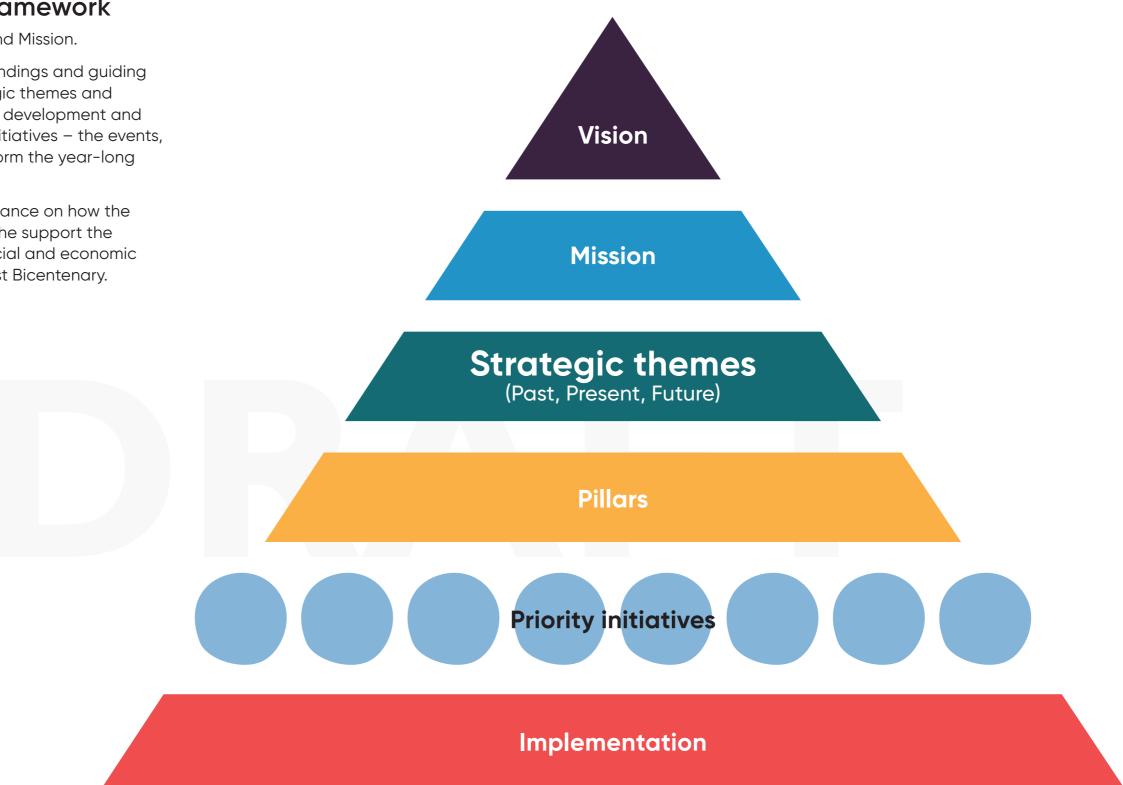


5.1 Strategic Plan framework

The Plan is guided by the vision and Mission.

Emerging from the engagement findings and guiding the rest of the Plan are the strategic themes and underlying pillars. These guide the development and organisation of the Bicentenary initiatives – the events, programs and products that will form the year-long Bicentenary program.

The implementation provides guidance on how the initiatives will be carried out and the support the City will need to realise the full social and economic potential of Western Australia's first Bicentenary.



5.2 Vision – where and what we want to be

The vision for the Bicentenary has been created with direct community and stakeholder involvement.

A first set of possible vision 'themes' was drafted based on the qualitative feedback received from the community and stakeholders in early engagement activities. These draft vision statement themes were then presented to the Albany Bicentenary Advisory Group (ABAG) and the community in July and August 2022 for further feedback. We asked the community to vote for the top three statements that were most important to them.

As such, the vision statement captures the vision as emphasised by the community in 2022.

Showcase Albany by reflecting honestly on our past, celebrating our community today and creating a future where anything is possible.

Advance Albany as a nationally significant regional cultural centre by showcasing and involving its diverse and unique people, Aboriginal culture, environment and produce, to recognise our shared past and look forward to our future.

The events, programs and products will support tourism and provide significant social and economic development and benefits to the Albany community.

This will be done through the Albany Approach: Menang First, co-designed and co-decided with the Albany community.

5.3 Mission – how we will do this

While the vision informs the overall goal of what the Bicentenary will be, the mission statement provides more guidance on how the City will achieve its vision.

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5.4 Strategic themes

The high-level strategic themes have been informed by the findings of the engagement process. The types of ideas submitted by the community and stakeholders could be broadly summarised into three themes, forming the strategic objectives for the Bicentenary. These are outlined in the table below:

STRATEGIC THEME	AIM	PILLARS		
Reflect authentically	The Bicentenary should reflect authentically on the past,	Menang Noongar culture and history		
on the past	including knowledge sharing of Menang culture, sharing key historical events and highlighting	Historical events and locations		
	prominent Albany figures.	Past Albany residents and their way of life		
Toast the	The Bicentenary should show	What makes Albany unique?		
present	pride in Albany's present. Albany residents are proud of the town they live in and see this as a	Who, and what, are residents proud of?		
	reason to celebrate their diverse and connected people, culture, environment and produce.	Albany's diverse community		
A future where anything is	The Bicentenary is an opportunity to focus on the future and create	Acknowledging what could be improved		
possible	a legacy for the next 200 years by acknowledging what could be improved, understanding the	What future do residents want for Albany?		
	desires of Albany residents and creating a city where residents can continue to live together in harmony.	Living together in harmony		

5.5 Bicentenary timeline

The focus for the 2026 Bicentenary is not just on one date as it is about multiple cultures coming together and living together over many years. In this way, the Bicentenary is moving away from activities on a notional date but rather a year-long acknowledgement to mark a point in time.

It is important to recognise the significance of 1826 to the Menang community. The date marks the beginning of marginalisation and suffering for many Menang Noongar people and the disconnection from Country that they had lived on for thousands of years.

Following the direction of the strategic objectives, the community and stakeholders of Albany noted that a Bicentenary in Australia is not always about celebration and should be treated with sensitivity.

It is recommended that the Bicentenary year commence on New Year's Eve 2025 with a celebration of Menang culture, followed by a year of initiatives that each reflect truth-telling, reconciliation, commemoration and celebration, finishing the year on New Year's Eve 2026.



2026



Beruc	Meertilluc	Pourner	Mawkur	Meerningal	Maungeran	Beruc
Summer	Autu	mn	Winter	Spri	ng	Summer
	Truth telli	ng and reconciliation	Commen	noration	Celebration	

5.6 Selection criteria

The following set of criteria has been created through engagement with the Advisory Group, Menang Reference Group, Community and Industry Reference groups and from broader community engagement. The draft selection criteria were then presented to the community for final input in August 2022.

The selection criteria have been used to formulate the top tier recommendations as derived from all engagement and will ultimately be used to test the success of the Bicentenary initiatives.

The development of these criteria will also enable some flexibility for additional events that come through over the years preceding the Bicentenary. The criteria should help to assess whether the proposal is in line with the overall vision for the Bicentenary, noting that there are two streams the initiatives can fall under: local or international/national initiatives.

There may also be a range of initiatives or events that community, business or other stakeholders wish to pursue outside of the Plan. The City and its partners will seek to encourage alignment with the Bicentenary selection criteria and Bicentenary guidelines that have been developed to maximise success for all Bicentenary participants.

Stream 1 – Locally focused initiatives

Locally focused initiatives must demonstrate they achieve the compulsory criterion and at least one other of the following selection criteria. This will ensure that initiatives for the Bicentenary achieve the vision and mission. The initiatives that achieve more of the criteria are more likely to succeed.

	SELECTION CRITERIA	ТІСК						
C*	Must align with the sision and mission of the Bicentenary project.*							
1	Showcases Albany's people, Aboriginal culture, environment or produce.							
2	Demonstrates a benefit to the wider community and/or targeted audience.							
3	Acknowledges and talks authentically about our past.							
4	Showcases Albany's unique characteristics.							
5	Attracts investment that results in legacy: socially, economically, environmentally and across generations.							
6	Contributes to Menang Noongar community growth, reconciliation and strength as a people.							
7	Enables existing plans with community support to come to fruition.							
8	Fosters the participation of inclusive and diverse communities.							
9	Exhibits unique qualities or is an innovative idea.							
10	Positions Albany as a nationally significant regional cultural centre.							
11	Commemorates Albany's rich cultural heritage.							

Stream 2 – International and national focus criteria

Initiatives with an international or national focus should generally be economically uplifting and boost tourism within Albany, satisfying the compulsory criterion and at least one other. Initiatives will be considered by the following criteria, in line with the vision and mission.

	SELECTION CRITERIA	TICK
С	Must align with the vision and mission of the Bicentenary project.*	
1	Boosts the tourism offering in Albany.	
2	Promotes Albany as a nationally significant regional cultural centre.	
3	Elevates Albany on a national and international scale.	
4	Has strong economic uplift.	
5	Presents an opportunity that has universal appeal and is cohesive for the community.	

^{* (}C=compulsory)

5.7 **Evaluation framework**

More than 1,000 ideas were put forward by the community and key stakeholders over the engagement period in 2022.

'In order to objectively address these ideas, they have been reviewed through an evaluation framework, based on the selection criteria which was created through community engagement.

The purpose of the framework is to evaluate which Bicentenary initiatives have a stronger connection and fulfilment of the selection criteria and align with the vision and mission of the Bicentenary.

An example of the evaluation framework and how it has been used is presented in the adjacent table. Initiatives that satisfied over five selection criteria are highlighted. Section 5.9 captures the key initiatives that arose through engagement and were assessed against the selection criteria.



STRATEGIC	EVENT						SEL	ECTIC	N CR	ITERI <i>A</i>	A (LOC	CAL)				TOTAL
OBJECTIVE	TYPE	PILLAR	INITIATIVE	С	#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10	#11	CRITERIA SATISFIED
Reflect authentically on the past	Large scale event	Historical events and locations	Heritage and harvest festival	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	N	N	Υ	N	7



5.8 Measures of success

How will we know if our initiatives (events, activities, and legacy items) have been a success? Key objectives of the Bicentenary govern the ways we will measure success. It is recommended that regular review of all activities be undertaken to enable the City and its partners to adjust approach, resourcing and content if required. See measures of success table below:

MEASURE OF SUCCESS	DETAIL	EXAMPLE TOOLS
Reconciliation	Were we able to promote reconciliation through this initiative?	Feedback through Albany Heritage Reference Group Aboriginal Corporation and all Aboriginal groups.
	Were we able to further reconciliation through this initiative?	Survey of employment and participation in the Bicentenary
	 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people participate equally and equitably in the delivery and enjoyment of the Bicentenary initiatives. 	program of events.
	+ A lasting social and generational impact.	
	+ Skill development.	
	+ Inclusive involvement.	
	Greater understanding of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people's history, experiences and culture.	Survey the schools.
	 Opportunities for young people to learn and be increasingly involved in Menang culture in the lead up and delivery of the 2026 program. 	Survey the community. Analysis of events.
	+ Cultural history of the Menang people taught in the primary and secondary schools.	
	+ Opportunities for the non-indigenous community to learn about Aboriginal history.	
	+ Creation and connection stories forming a focal point of the Bicentenary.	
	+ Celebrate the Menang people, traditions and culture 'in the beginning'.	
	Improved cultural harmony.	Feedback through the local Menang Noongar and Torres Strait Islander population.
Patronage numbers	Did we reach a significant number of people through this initiative?	Mobile phone data.
		Ticket sales/numbers (non-monetary).
		Accommodation numbers.
		Tourism WA data (visitation/accommodation data).
		Visitor Centre tracking.
Patronage satisfaction	Were the people who we reached through the initiative satisfied? If they were satisfied, to what level?	Survey via intercept or QR Code including indication of events attended.
Increased revenue for	If relevant, how much revenue did we raise through this initiative?	Economic impact analysis based on visitation and spend
local business	What financial uplift occurred for local business?	Quarterly survey with business owners.
Diverse community	Did the event, initiative or activity attract a cross section of ethnicities, ages, disabilities and genders?	Collection of detailed demographic and profiling data via surveys.
involvement and accessibility		
	Record how many youth involved in any initiatives.	Collection of detailed demographic and profiling data via surveys

MEASURE OF SUCCESS	DETAIL	EXAMPLE TOOLS
Increasing tourism	Additional or temporary accommodation available.	In conjunction with Tourism WA, track visitation numbers over time.
numbers		Quarterly survey with accommodation providers.
		Mobile phone data.
		Tourist centre visitor survey distributed via major hotels and accommodation points.
		Collect data on hotel and short stay accommodation vacancies.
Anticipated social	Increased social interaction.	Interviews with key stakeholders, business and key community
benefit	Increased social inclusion.	groups.
	Acquisition of skills through participation in planning, delivery or involvement in the event.	
	Increased sense of community.	
Anticipated economic	Additional revenue generated for local businesses.	Quarterly survey with business owners.
uplift	Increased tourist spend.	Private sector investment growth.
		Economic impact assessment based on actual data.





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5.9 Key initiatives

From the more than 1,000 ideas generated by stakeholders and members of the Albany community, the following section reflects the priority initiatives proposed through community engagement for events, programs or products for the Bicentenary that meet some or all of the selection criteria listed in section 5.6.

These ideas are included as examples of initiatives the community of Albany would like to see realised through the Bicentenary year. Further ideas are being developed by key stakeholders, and additional ideas will be proposed by the community in subsequent stages of the project. Any project pursued would be subject to funding and resourcing, and further development with delivery partners.

5.9.1 Initiatives proposed by the Menang community

Many participants in the Menang community engagement activities identified the Albany Bicentenary as an opportunity to tell the Menang Noongar story over a whole year, providing opportunity for others to learn their history, heritage and culture.

Through showcasing art and stories, the wider community can gain more information about how Menang Noongar people sustainably thrived in the region, and the Aboriginal beliefs and values that informed the life prior to colonisation. These ideas have been assessed against the selection criteria and the evaluation framework.





Through the engagement period the following initiatives were proposed by the Menang community:

NO.	INITIATIVE	DETAIL	SELECTION CRITERIA MET /11	INDICATIVE TIMING	EVENT TYPOLOGY	STRATEGIC THEMES
1. Mei	nang					
1.1	Menang Cultural language keeping place	A central hub where all facets of Menang life and culture can be shared with local Aboriginal people and the wider community (where appropriate).	9	To be officially opened during 2026. Opportunity for use throughout the year.	Permanent features and activities.	Reflect authentically on the past.
1.2	Menang creation and connection stories	Collect, record and re-tell the Menang connection and dreaming stories, developing cultural products and strengthening language recovery.	10	Throughout the year as appropriate.	Large scale events.	Reflect authentically on the past.
1.3	Light show with music and images of Menang culture, stories and history	Illuminations with music and images of Menang culture, stories and history.	10	Large scale display to occur during peak tourist season(s).	Large scale events.	Reflect authentically on the past. Toast the present.
1.4	Youth concert/ festival	Celebrating Aboriginal talent.	8	Option for peak or off-peak time.	Small community events.	Toast the present.
1.5	Dale Panorama as centrepiece for 2026	Integration of the hand-coloured print published in 1834 depicting Menang life through British colonial eyes.	8	Throughout the year as appropriate.	Installations/ exhibitions.	Reflect authentically on the past.
1.6	Menang Albany community calendar 2026	Sharing and scheduling important Menang-focused and other complementary events that will occur throughout the Bicentenary.	10	Throughout the year as appropriate.	Installations/ exhibitions.	A future where anything is possible.
1.7	Bicentenary film festival (via CinefestOZ Albany)	Working with the Menang community and schools to commission film projects.	8	To commence prior to 2026, with films shown during the Bicentenary year as appropriate.	Large scale events.	A future where anything is possible.
1.8	Menang sculptures or statues	A range of outdoor statues or sculptures, focused on Menang themes.	9	To be installed in the early part of 2026.	Installations/ exhibitions.	Reflect authentically on the past.
						Toast the present.
1.9	Menang Boodja travel points and interpretation sites	Installation of travel points and interpretation sites in the Albany area emphasising Menang history and connection to Country.	9	To be installed in the early part of 2026 and use encouraged throughout the year.	Installations/ exhibitions.	Reflect authentically on the past.
1.10	Menang Noongar timeline creation and presentation	A physical installation of a Menang Noongar timeline showing the immense time period that elapsed before colonisation.	9	To be installed as part of the opening of the Bicentenary.	Installations/ exhibitions.	Reflect authentically on the past.
1.11	Menang craft days and fairs	Such events could include Menang art, artefacts, food, weaving, jewellery and pottery exhibited at displays, stalls and in workshops.	8	Throughout the year as appropriate.	Small community events.	Toast the present.

5.9.2 Initiatives proposed by the community

Numerous ideas for the Bicentenary were proposed through the community workshops and online engagement platform. These ideas have been assessed against the selection criteria and the evaluation framework.

NO.	INITIATIVE	DETAIL	SELECTION CRITERIA MET /11	INDICATIVE TIMING	EVENT TYPOLOGY	STRATEGIC THEMES
2. Co	mmunity workshops o	and online ideas				
2.1	Festival	A large-scale festival that features a range of activities, music, performances and has broad-scale appeal. Specific festivals were mentioned based on; heritage & harvest, Menang/Noongar seasons, maritime and arts.	8	Summer holiday period to maximise attendance. Possibility of a smaller winter-based festival.	Large scale events.	Reflect authentically on the past. Toast the present. A future where anything is possible.
2.2	Musical event	Small or large musical events that might feature bands, opera, choir with a variety of music genres.	5	Large events to occur in the Summer or school holiday periods. Small events can occur throughout the year.	Large scale events/ small community events.	Toast the present.
2.3	Botanical garden	The creation of a botanical garden (as part of the Mounts Masterplan) open to the public. This could include bush tucker and heritage plants.	7	To be officially opened during 2026. Opportunity for additional Spring-based event.	Permanent features and activities.	Toast the present. A future where anything is possible.
2.4	Story telling	Sharing stories with the community that focus on learning about Albany's history, Menang culture and understanding its diverse backgrounds. These related to communicating about the past and sharing memories via interviews, recordings and Q&A sessions.	9	Small events to occur throughout the year. Menang stories to feature at the beginning of the year.	Collecting and recording history.	Reflect authentically on the past. Toast the present.
2.5	Tree planting	Increasing the number of trees in and around Albany as a combined community effort – possibly 200 trees.	5	Autumn planting.	Community collaboration projects.	A future where anything is possible.
2.6	Walking trail	Improving and adding walking trails in and around Albany that allow people to appreciate the unique landscape, flora, fauna, connection to Menang culture and history. This may include educational/information signage.	9	To be officially opened during 2026. To be available for peak tourism season(s) if possible.	Self-guided experiences.	Toast the present.
2.7	Signage	Providing signage promoting or informing/educating about Albany and/or signposting unique features or locations.	6	To be officially in place from the beginning of the Bicentenary celebrations.	Installations/ exhibitions.	Toast the present.
2.8	Lightshow projected onto buildings	Projections on the built environment which may be informative and aesthetic. This may cover Menang dreamtime, history, art or a modern movie.	9	Large scale installations to be in place during peak tourist season(s). Smaller installations to occur at other times in the year. Alternatively, one installation with changing themes over the entire year.	Installations/ exhibitions.	Reflect authentically on the past. Toast the present.

NO.	INITIATIVE	DETAIL	SELECTION CRITERIA MET /11	INDICATIVE TIMING	EVENT TYPOLOGY	STRATEGIC THEMES
2.9	Performance	Theatre, play or other performance-based events which could cover a broad range of themes from Menang culture, historical events and reconciliation, through to plays by local playwrights and performers or in local language.	8	Off-peak times.	Small community events.	Reflect authentically on the past. Toast the present. A future where anything is possible.
2.10	Commemorative items	A collectable item or something created in celebration of the Bicentenary.	5	Collectibles to be available from the beginning of the Bicentenary and throughout the year.	Commemorative item.	Toast the present. A future where anything is possible.
2.11	Planting native vegetation	Increasing endemic plants in and around Albany as a combined community effort – possibly on verges.	5	Autumn planting.	Community collaboration projects.	A future where anything is possible.
2.12	Lighting / lightshow	Illuminating Albany with lights and projections involving beacons, lighthouses and other light sources.	9	Large scale installations to be in place during peak tourist season(s). Smaller installations to occur at other times in the year. Alternatively, one installation with changing themes over the entire year.	Installations/ exhibitions.	Reflect authentically on the past. Toast the present.
2.13	Street banners	Banners throughout the area that promote the event and contribute to the atmosphere of the Bicentenary. These might accompany events or change themes over the year.	3	Throughout the year as appropriate.	Installations/ exhibitions.	Toast the present.
2.14	Community long- table lunch or picnic	Community based lunches that bring a diverse range of people together as a one-off or regular event over the year.	7	Dry seasons (summer, early autumn, late spring).	Small community events.	Toast the present.
2.15	Heritage and harvest festival	Celebrating the produce of the area and appreciating the heritage of the region by bringing the community together.	7	Peak holiday period(s) dependent on produce availability to maximise attendance to showcase Albany.		Reflect authentically on the past. Toast the present. A future where anything is possible.

5.9.3 Initiatives proposed at the youth symposium

Young people are an important voice in shaping the Bicentenary. This milestone in Albany's history will form lasting memories and is an opportunity to shape the younger community's understanding of Albany's depth of cultural history.

The youth symposium was attended by students from Year 6 through to Year 11. After an inspiring presentation and discussion about the significance of the Bicentenary to Albany and its community, the students collectively recorded over 500 ideas for Bicentenary events and activities. Each school group then worked on one idea in detail to plan how it could be delivered and contribute to a rich fabric of Bicentenary events in 2026.

Students also commented that young people should be involved in the opening and running of events, and should be given the opportunity to have fun, contribute and learn something new. They suggested reaching out to the wider community through the Albany newspaper, Instagram and Facebook.

The following table is a summary of the key initiatives that came up with high frequency or were planned out in depth by the class groups.

NO.	INITIATIVE	DETAIL	SELECTION CRITERIA MET /11	INDICATIVE TIMING	EVENT TYPOLOGY	STRATEGIC THEMES
3. Yo	uth – Group Initiative	s				
3.1	Night markets with VR rxperience	Streets lined with multicultural food stalls, also include a VR experience for anyone stopping by eg. Menang Noongar, bush tucker, Italian, Asian, African, European, Australian. The place has lights so you are able to see.	6	Peak tourism holiday period to maximise attendance.	Small community events.	Toast the present.
3.2	The Mamang Trail (The Whale Trail)	Different community groups (schools, sporting clubs etc.) decorating sculptural whales placed in the community garden in and around Lawley Park; a 'metal' whale in the water with blow holes. Tell the associated dreamtime stories through plaques, and information signs. In community garden: plant native flora, poppies depicting the ANZACS. Drone, light show at the opening event. Elders story on handprints decorated by students, placed around trail. Undercover areas, seats, BBQ's benches.	6	To be officially opened or created during 2026. Opportunity for additional Spring-based event.	Community collaboration projects.	Reflect authentically on the past. Toast the present.
3.3	Albany cultural food feast	Have a market place with stands that have Albany's cultural foods, sample sizes for people to taste. A big undercover area, picnic tables, fairy lights, bouncy castle.	4	Dry seasons (summer, early autumn, late spring).	Small community events.	Toast the present.
3.4	Bandicoot hunt	Have each school in Albany create some bandicoot sculptures to hide along a discovery trail. Have participants pick up instructions at the visitors centre and take a photo of each stage for a reward after returning to the visitors centre when completed (earn an Albany themed collectable eg. a coin with an inscription of a bandicoot, whale, the <i>Brig Amity</i> etc.)	4	To be created during early 2026 and continued during the remainder of the year. It can remain in part or full as a legacy feature after.	Installations/ exhibitions.	Toast the present.
3.5	Noongar Cultural centre	This will be a place that is calming and has educational benefits to learn about Noongar and Aboriginal culture. It will include a six seasons garden with bush tucker, paint a rock and put it in the garden project, read aloud earphones, get free badge on exit, glass dome on the roof and a cafe in the garden area.	10	To be officially opened during 2026. Opportunity for events throughout the year.	Permanent features and activities.	Reflect authentically on the past. Toast the present. A future where anything is possible.
3.6	Paint the wind	Each windmill painted will feature a design: 1 schools, 2 dreamtime stories, 3 Aboriginal, 4 whales, 5 <i>Brig Amity</i> , 6 Major Lockyer, 7 farming, 8 ANZAC, 9 Albany 200, 10 birds – scrub birds, 11 animals, 12 plants – native, 13 flags, 14 rivers/harbour, 15 competition to design one, 16 Misery Beach, 17 mountain ranges.	5	To be ongoing throughout the year, culminating in a legacy art trail.	Installations/ exhibitions.	Reflect authentically on the past. Toast the present.

NO.	INITIATIVE	DETAIL	SELECTION CRITERIA MET /11	INDICATIVE TIMING	EVENT TYPOLOGY	STRATEGIC THEMES
3.7	Binalup Bicentenary beach blast	A massive beach party which includes multicultural food trucks/vans, light or drone show, band/music, boardwalk/whale watching pods in the side of the cliff/hill. The festival will include beach games, surf comp, fishing comp, sand sculpture competition and/or sculptures. Culture tours along the boardwalk to learn about Noongar language, animals and plants, and what is special about the area. Large blow up pontoon with trampolines on it. Nature trail (boardwalk) with QR codes - Noongar names info about plants and animals.	5	Peak tourism holiday period to maximise attendance.	Large scale events.	Toast the present.
3.8	Path to the past	Three main murals, a path to each mural with elevated viewing platform, a timeline of the path to the past of Albany - Education of the past, present and future in the murals and information booths.	7	To be created for the beginning of the Bicentenary.	Installations/ exhibitions.	Reflect authentically on the past. Toast the present. A future where anything is possible.
3.9	Music on the point	Mix of big artists and local artists (Waifs, Birds of Tokyo). Collaboration on song about Bicentenary themes through workshops in schools. Logo/posters designed by students across Albany. Multi-cultural markets on grassed area at Emu Point. Stage on the water. Games developed by Mens Shed/students that reflect Albany icons (students design the icons) – local artists run workshops with youth to design logos and posters.	6	Peak tourism holiday period to maximise attendance.	Large scale events.	Toast the present.
3.10	Two hundred flavours gelato shop	Bush tucker ice cream, watch a band, big stage to dance on. Noongar art, Aboriginal designed gelato, water feature falls down front of second storey and hits door frame and falls into fish pond and on top story through a garden river flows, big story with big garden, project movies. Slogan is 'Two Hundred Flavours for 200 Years'. Fairy lights on top storey, people with wheelchairs have lift to top storey, basement is a night club, bathroom on first floor.	5	Peak tourism holiday period to maximise attendance.	Large scale events.	Toast the present.
3.11	Albany Bicentenary festival	An event with an option of being able to have large groups performing dance, singing, acting, cooking and professional players of sport from Albany for an exhibition match. There would be food trucks showcasing traditional foods.	3	Peak tourism holiday period to maximise attendance.	Large scale events.	Toast the present.
3.12	BINA (meaning 'light')	Two day festival of lights, showcasing Albany's history in the form of an interactive pilgrimage. This festival will be aided by lights projected from the Binalup / Middleton Beach boardwalk to the water. This festival will take place at Binalup / Middleton Beach, with live performances including opera and dance, Dreamtime stories and incorporating Aboriginal and migrant cultures. Opening of the festival will be on an outdoor stage and will be an opera production written and sung in Noongar.	8	Peak tourism holiday period to maximise attendance.	Large scale events.	Reflect authentically on the past. Toast the present.

NO.	INITIATIVE	DETAIL	SELECTION CRITERIA MET /11	INDICATIVE TIMING	EVENT TYPOLOGY	STRATEGIC THEMES
3.13	Museum of Aboriginal life	A mobile museum about Menang culture, history, seasons, Menang lifestyle, as well as the contemporary culture of the Aboriginal people.	9	Peak tourism holiday period to maximise attendance.	Permanent features and activities.	Reflect authentically on the past. Toast the present. A future where anything is possible.
4. You	uth – Individual Ideas					
4.1	Games/rides	Games/rides Playing games and going on rides including treasure hunts, team games and fun things for youth to do.		Peak tourism holiday period to maximise involvement continuing throughout the year.	Small community events.	Toast the present.
4.2	Lighting / lightshow	Illuminating Albany with lights and projections in the built or natural environment such as trees, water or boulders. These could be static, interactive or performance based.	8	Large scale installations to be in place during peak tourist season(s). Smaller installations to occur at other times in the year. Alternatively, one installation	Installations/ exhibitions.	Toast the present.
				with changing themes over the entire year.		
4.3	Commemorative item	Fun items to remember the Bicentenary including badges, coins, compass, necklace, stickers etc.	5	Collectibles to be available from the beginning of the Bicentenary celebrations throughout the year.	Commemorative item.	Toast the present.
4.4	Festival	A large-scale festival that features a range of activities, music, performers, food and has broad-scale appeal. In particular, this includes a film festival, food festival and pride festival.	8	Peak tourism holiday period to maximise attendance.	Large scale events.	Toast the present.
4.5	Workshops/ classes/displays	Educational and learning opportunities particularly in relation to Menang culture & traditions, plants, cooking, arts.	10	Throughout the year as appropriate.	Small community events.	Reflect authentically on the past. Toast the present. A future where anything is possible.
4.6	Sporting event	A variety of sporting team and individual events including skating, surfing, interschool carnivals.	3	Throughout the year as appropriate.	Small community events.	Toast the present.
4.7	Food stalls/ or food based event	Food-based events that includes a range of foods from different cultures including Menang.	3	Dry seasons (summer, early autumn, late spring).	Small community events.	Toast the present.
4.8	Parade	A variety of parades including floats, costumes and representing a diversity of cultures and people.	6	Dry seasons (summer, early autumn, late spring).	Small community events.	Toast the present.

NO.	INITIATIVE	DETAIL	SELECTION CRITERIA MET /11	INDICATIVE TIMING	EVENT TYPOLOGY	STRATEGIC THEMES
4.9	Musical event	Small or large musical events feature famous bands and singers or local and varied.	5	Large events to occur in the Summer or school holiday periods. Small events can occur throughout the year.	Large scale events/ small community events.	Toast the present.
4.10	Sculpture/statue	A range of outdoor statues or sculptures, particularly of Major Lockyer or a native animal. It could also be a collaborative school project.	10	To be installed in the early part of 2026.	Installations/ exhibitions.	Reflect authentically on the past. Toast the present. A future where anything is possible.
4.11	Public art	A significant artwork located in the public realm. This would most likely be a mural or series of murals that could adorn the silos, building walls, boulders, trees or the pavement.	10	-	Installations/ exhibitions.	Reflect authentically on the past. Toast the present. A future where anything is possible.
4.12	Walking trail	Improving and adding walking trails in and around Albany with lookouts that showcases the area and its history. This may include educational/information signage or artwork.	9	To be officially opened during 2026. Usage encouraged throughout the year.	Self guided experiences.	Reflect authentically on the past. Toast the present. A future where anything is possible.
4.13	Fireworks	A firework show in a public location that is easily viewed and accessible for all.	2	Larger event to occur in the Summer or school holiday periods.	Installations/ exhibitions.	Toast the present.
4.14	Collaborative artpiece	A work of art created by the community or schools.	10	Throughout the year as appropriate.	Community collaboration projects.	Reflect authentically on the past. Toast the present. A future where anything is possible.

5.9.4 Initiatives proposed by key stakeholders

Many of the key stakeholders are already planning for the Bicentenary and are exploring ways in which they can contribute to the recognition of Albany's deep-rooted history, embedding the Menang culture into their 2026 activities and legacy projects. Priority projects identified in the key stakeholder engagement include:

NO.	INITIATIVE	DETAIL (IF PROVIDED)	ORGANISATION	EVENT TYPOLOGY	STRATEGIC THEMES	
5.1	Significant arts & culture event	A signature arts and culture event focusing on the Menang history held in the lead up to the Bicentenary to raise awareness and establish Albany as a major tourism destination for 2026.	Great Southern Development Commission.	Large scale events.	Reflect authentically on the past. A Future where anything is possible.	
5.2	Legacy Infrastructure A legacy infrastructure project that activates the Albany waterfront precinct, connecting the town to the waterfront and bringing activity to the State-owned assets, underutilised land, Southern Ports and the Albany Entertainment Centre. This could be a cultural asset like a cultural playground.		Great Southern Development Commission.	Permanent features and activities.	Toast the Present. A Future where anything is possible.	
5.3	Keeping place A 'keeping place' that could concurrently be a meeting place for the Menang community, co-sponsor events and activities.		Potential partner – WA Museum.	Permanent features and activities.	Reflect authentically on the past.	
5.4	Historical Advisory and promotional support for curation of historical storytelling.		State Library of WA.	Collecting and recording history.	Reflect authentically on the past.	
5.5	Menang mia mia A traditional Aboriginal dwelling to be used as a meeting place and educational storytelling tool.		Museum of Great Southern.	Permanent features and activities.	Reflect authentically on the past.	



6.1 Infrastructure and implementation considerations

In order to support and facilitate a year-long campaign of marketing, events and products, the City will need to consider additional key resourcing, project infrastructure requirements and implementation tools. The following outlines the baseline needs:

INFRASTRUCTURE & IMPLEMENTATION	DESCRIPTION	OPTIONS/RECOMMENDATIONS
Hard items		
Bicentenary office	A dedicated office or space for City staff and other key user groups to use during the lead up to and year of the Bicentenary. The space should be centrally located on York Street near the Albany Visitor Centre for visibility and to encourage passive engagement with the community and visitors. This could be an existing commercial space that can be vacated after the Bicentenary. Should there be a legacy goal with the space/building, consideration should be given to utilisation beyond the Bicentenary by community and other groups. The space/building would be branded and provide both active and passive spaces and equipment to maximise its use. A competition could be held to name the office by the proposed Bicentenary Youth Group. A local artist could be employed to produce a mural or piece of art that depicts what the Bicentenary could look like as inspiration.	 Preliminary investigations indicate commercial space is available along York Street. Undertake to partner with a key stakeholder within the town centre to share a space.
Additional City resource for Bicentenary project implementation	Currently the City has one dedicated FTE for this project. The Manager Community Relations provides additional support and oversees the planning process. For a project of this scale alongside the current program of events currently being managed by the City, curation of the Bicentenary will require additional resources to assist with the implementation of the initiatives, supporting the Manager Community Relations and the Bicentenary Coordinator (FTE) roles. It is acknowledged that staff resourcing is difficult across WA currently. Consider looking locally for skill sets such as project management, event management, communications, administration and customer service to fill gaps in resourcing. It is recommended that both internal and external resources be considered to ensure sustainability beyond the Bicentenary.	 Procure two additional FTE to the Bicentenary Team. Provide additional staffing support to the Manager Community Relations to enable prioritisation of Bicentenary and associated Aboriginal engagement and reconciliation responsibilities by Manager Community Relations. Engage a part time external resource that has access to skill sets that are not currently available to the City. Identify within the City personnel necessary skills sets required and back fill these under contract, particularly for those positions that are more readily employable under the current market.
Soft items		
Website (separate to City)	A separate website for the Bicentenary to promote the initiatives and events throughout the year, with regular updates on key highlights. This will act as a digital repository to promote and document the Bicentenary and will be particularly useful for visitors to Albany. It is also recommended that key governance groups be provided with secure access to parts of the project website. This will enhance project communications and the free flow of information.	 Build a dedicated project page within the City's current web platform with enhanced capabilities such as external access functionality, enhanced engagement tools, calendar tools etc. Build a standalone website separate to the City of Albany website, with enhanced capability. Link back to key project partners including the City of Albany.
Marketing and branding	Build brand recognition in the lead up to 2026 to generate awareness and anticipation. A cohesive branding campaign can be used to link all events together for the Bicentenary year.	 Put in place a project brand that is shared across the preceding planning years as well as utilised in the Bicentenary. Develop a guide for how and when the brand can be used. Develop a guide for how external organisations can use the brand for an endorsed Bicentenary project.
Tourism and accommodation strategy	Once the events calendar has been confirmed, a tourism and accommodation strategy will be required to manage needs of increased visitation.	Develop a strategy that includes engaging with TourismWA, local business and local accommodation providers.

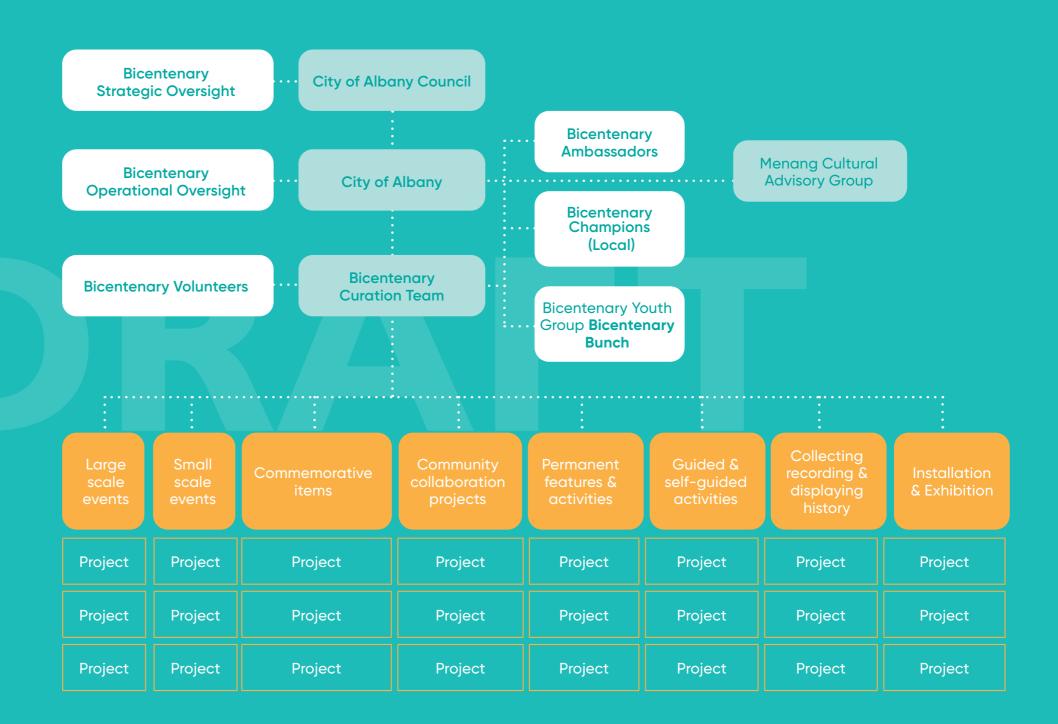
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Governance

Key to the success of the Albany Bicentenary is how the City of Albany and its partners will work collaboratively to ensure success. Through an evaluation of the existing project governance and considering its next key project milestones the following governance structure is proposed.

The rationale for reviewing and evolving the existing approach is to:

- Maximise access to resourcing;
- Ensure key stakeholders and project partners and their roles are clearly understood and communicated;
- Establish clear lines of enquiry and decision making;
- Provide various opportunities to participate and get involved;
- Provide clear level of accountability; and
- Ensure there is sufficient expertise to support the ongoing preimplementation and eventual Bicentenary year including event development, marketing and engagement.



The following describes each group within the governance structure along with its core role. Detailed terms of reference should be developed following the endorsement of the Plan.

STAKEHOLDER

City of Albany

ROLE

The City has taken on the lead role to facilitate the Albany Bicentenary (2026). Council has strategic oversight of the Bicentenary, supported by the Senior Executive, Managers and staff, who will all have a role to play. The role of the City is to:

- · Be the primary decision maker;
- Source primary Bicentenary resourcing (financial and personnel);
- Source key event assets and venues;
- · Advocate for the Bicentenary in a proactive and respectful manner; and
- · Assist external individuals or organisations to contribute to the project.

Bicentenary operational oversight group

Moving from the planning phase toward implementation, this group has the potential to evolve to take on a more active role as key stakeholders and in some cases project partners. Organisations such as Tourism WA, Great Southern Development Commission, State and Local Members/Politicians, Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries, WA Museum, State Library of Western Australia, Southern Ports, National Trust, and other key organisations all have a key role to play.

It is recommended that a core group of key stakeholders be established to play an active role in the ongoing planning and implementation as required. The core group might comprise the Local Member, Tourism WA, Great Southern Development Commission and WA Museum, together with City representatives.

The role of this group will move from primary advisory towards a support and proactive role such as:

- Assisting to source funding;
- Providing advisory assistance from their organisation's perspective;
- Supporting the City with advocating for the Bicentenary;
- · Using their networks to assist with events, initiatives and activities; and
- · Communicating the benefits and where able offer in-kind resources.

Private sector project sponsors could be helpful with assisting with funding. Some relationship with Albany is recommended.

The City currently has one dedicated FTE who is primarily facilitating the development of this Strategic Plan. Once endorsed it will be their role to bolster existing resources to ensure all key skill-sets are included (either in-house or via external specialists). The curation team will be the pivot point and delegated group to manage the pre-Bicentenary years as well as throughout 2026.

The role of the Bicentenary Curation Team will be to:

Bicentenary curation team

- · Implement the Strategic Plan;
- Facilitate endorsed events, initiatives and activities;
- · Source resourcing to assist with implementation;
- Be the primary interface with key stakeholders and the community;
- Administer the Governance arrangements with all key groups identified within the Governance structure;
- · Record and communicate all key actions and project milestones;
- · Keep digital and other communication tools up to date and report regularly; and
- Facilitate all key media and other promotional activities.

STAKEHOLDER

ROLE

The Bicentenary has the potential to attract national and international level individuals who can assist with contributing to attracting visitors and participants from all over the state, nationally and internationally. To ensure authenticity with the vision and aims of the Bicentenary, each ambassador will be invited based on their 'connection' with Albany as a place and strategic networks. These ambassadors would come from a variety of backgrounds such as musicians, actors, artists, sporting stars, film, authors or other well-known people.

Bicentenary ambassadors

When thinking about who should be an Ambassador, consideration should be given to availability and how each can assist with promoting and advocating for the Bicentenary. It is recommended participation within this group be by invitation by the City, in consultation with the Bicentenary Operational Oversight Group. The role would be to:

- the Vision and Aims of the Bicentenary.
- Increase awareness of Albany and the Bicentenary at a local, state, national and international level.
- · Support the development of strategic partnerships.
- Where possible, attend lead-in events and other opportunities as invited by the City of Albany.
- Present keynote addresses as invited by the City of Albany.
- · Participate in conversations around the Bicentenary, including media opportunities.

Bicentenary champions (local)

Already there are individuals within the local Albany community who have voluntarily played a proactive role in contributing to the Bicentenary project, some through the existing reference groups. Local champions will play a highly active role locally and therefore are those that will be committed to volunteering their time and energy for the next three years. It is recommended that this group be formed by a combination of invitation and EOI process. The role of a local champions will be to:

- Advocate the vision and aims of the Bicentenary to all;
- · Increase awareness of Albany and the Bicentenary at a local level;
- · Champion key events, initiatives, or activities;
- · Where possible, attend lead in events and other opportunities as invited by the City of Albany; and
- Use their local networks to promote and recruit participation.
- Participate in conversations around the Bicentenary, including media opportunities as invited by the City of Albany.

This group is likely to give up a good deal of time in both the planning and implementation of the Bicentenary. To date some local leaders have already been dedicating full days to assist with this project. It is therefore appropriate that some form of financial stipend be considered for members of the champions group. Making this project visible will be important. One way will be to provide the Bicentenary champions with branded jackets or similar that can be worn in the lead up to and during the Bicentenary year.

Bicentenary youth group

Stemming from the success of the youth symposium in August, it is proposed to form a dedicated youth-focused group which can contribute directly to the ongoing preparation and youth-based events, initiatives or activities. Young people are typically difficult to engage with, however in this instance participants were highly energised and motivated. Ideas generated were diverse and creative. The formation of the group will attract more young people to the activities throughout the Bicentenary.

The role of a Bicentenary youth group will be to:

- Advocate the vision and aims of the Bicentenary to all;
- · Increase awareness of Albany and the Bicentenary, particularly with their aligned age groups;
- · Meet regularly to contribute to the planning and implementation of the Bicentenary;
- · Contribute to key youth-related events, initiatives, or activities; and
- Participate in conversations around the Bicentenary, including media opportunities as invited by the City of Albany.

Making this project visible will be important. One way will be to provide them with branded t-shirts that can be worn in the lead up to and during the Bicentenary year.

STAKEHOLDER

ROLE

Consultation with the Aboriginal Heritage Reference Group and broader Aboriginal community occurred throughout the engagement phases of this project. Ongoing engagement with the Menang and wider Noongar community (including Elders, families and young people) is required. A dedicated Albany Menang cultural advisory committee is proposed that will enable and facilitate ongoing dialogue and direct participation in the preparation and delivery stages of the Bicentenary. This group has the potential for a dual role being both Bicentenary and general Menang Noongar engagement required by the City of Albany. The importance of this group is significant and could potentially take a lead role in not only the Bicentenary, but as an ongoing committee of Council.

The role of a Menang cultural advisory committee is to:

Menang cultural advisory committee

- · Advocate the vision and aims of the Bicentenary to all;
- Increase awareness of Albany and the Bicentenary at a local level;
- Collaborate on developing and planning for the Implementation;
- · Lead and contribute to key events, initiatives, or activities, with an emphasis on those initiatives that are Menang focused;
- · Work towards a unified Bicentenary that includes all Menang viewpoints; an
- Establish a young Menang group to assist with contributing to events.

A direct council related role could include:

- · Assist the City with any reconciliation actions and provide cultural advice; and
- Encourage participation by the wider Menang community.

Bicentenary volunteers

Like any major milestone event, volunteers form a critical component of the delivery stages. Often these events are a once-in-a-lifetime opportunity and if the nature of the event or activity aligns with their interests,, people will often give up many hours to contribute to making the event a success. A register will be established for people to sign on. Each volunteer will be highly visible through the use of branded clothing and wherever possible volunteers will be allocated based on their skills, interests, and availability.

The role of Albany Bicentenary colunteers is to:

- Advocate the vision and aims of the Bicentenary to all;
- · Increase awareness of Albany and the Bicentenary at a local level;
- · Register their interests, once events are more fully defined; and
- · Assist with some preparation activities.

7. Potential economic impact

7.1 The impact of events

Events and festivals can attract significant visitor numbers in regions that traditionally have limited seasonal appeal.

The fixed length of events and festivals encourages visitors to attend, often attracting new visitors that would otherwise not visit a particular region. This extra exposure acts as an indirect form of marketing for the region, offering an opportunity to reach a previously untapped market.

These visitors bring with them new money, further diversifying the economy and subsequently increasing both real and potential revenue generation. It is also important to recognise that events and festivals are attractions that have both drawing power and holding power. They bring in new visitors and assist to keep visitors in the region longer.

7.2 Event categorisation

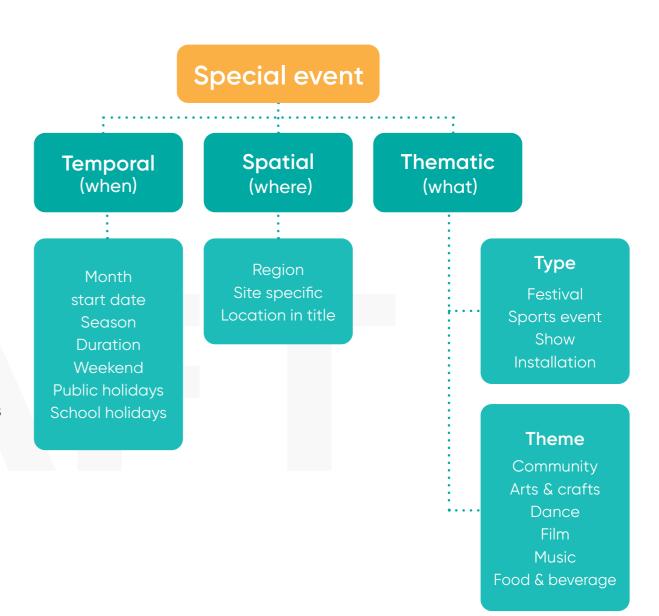
Events can range from a one, or two-day sporting event to a month-long festival, or a year-round installation. The types of visitors to these events vary greatly.

Research suggests that participant-based events (e.g. runners week) may yield greater expenditure per person than spectator-based events (e.g. jazz festival). Therefore, the economic impact of events may differ due to the type of event, and the market attracted to that event.

The scale of an event has a direct relationship with the scale of the impacts resulting from the event. The scale of impacts such as attendance, media profile, infrastructure, costs and benefits increase along with the scale of the event.

The nature of events can also differ due to the number of venues used during the event. Events can be all-inclusive at one venue or held at many venues throughout a region (e.g. Olympic Games). Multiple-venue events are more difficult to evaluate or assess as boundaries become blurred.

A framework for the categorisation of events is useful to classify events in order to assess economic performance against criteria such as the timing of the event, its location, or its themes. The identification of each of these aspects is important when considering the overall value of an event to the host community.



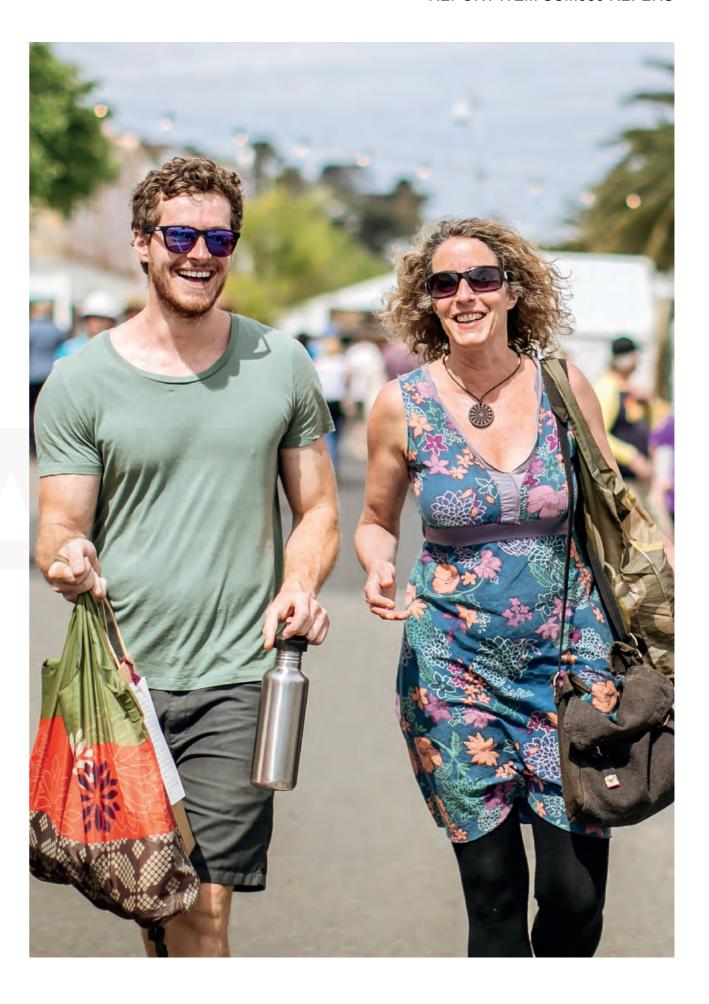
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7.3 Event impact types

When reviewing an event, direct and indirect economic impacts are only some of the benefits to be considered. Secondary benefits such as the media attention gained by the host region as a direct result of the event/festival can reap far greater economic rewards in the future.

Possible impacts resulting from events include:

TYPE O	F IMPACT	IMPACT
	ECONOMIC	Increased expenditure.Creation of employment.Increase in labour supply.Increased liveability.
TOURISM/ COMMERCIAL		 Increased awareness of the region as a tourism destination. Increased knowledge of the potential for investment and commercial activity in the region. Creation of new tourist attractions. Increase in accessibility.
	PHYSICAL/ ENVIRONMENTAL	 Construction of new facilities. Improvement of local infrastructure. Preservation of heritage.
	SOCIAL/CULTURAL	 Increase in permanent level of local interest and participation in types of activity associated with event. Strengthening of regional values and traditions.
PSYCHOLOGICAL		Increased local pride and community spirit.Enhanced community connectedness.
(* <u>0</u>)	POLITICAL/ ADMINISTRATIVE	Enhanced recognition of region.Development of skills among planners.



7.4 Event economic impact methodology

There are direct and indirect impacts that events have on the macro-economy of a region. The direct impact of the event is derived from:

- · Audience expenditure;
- · Accommodation expenditure;
- Artist & crew expenditure; and
- Organisational expenditure.

In addition to the direct benefits there are significant flow-on economic implications for the region from hosting the proposed activities. These are generally referred to as 'supply-chain effects' and include multiple rounds of flow-on effects, as servicing sectors increase their own output and demand for local goods and services in response to the direct change to the economy.

The increase in direct and indirect output would typically correspond to the creation of jobs in the economy. Corresponding to this change in employment would be an increase in the total wages and salaries paid to residents. A proportion of these wages and salaries are typically spent on consumption and a proportion of this expenditure is captured in the local economy. This is referred to as 'the consumption effect'.

Together, supply chain effects and consumption effects constitute the indirect impact.

Albany Bicentenary economic impact potential

With a view to providing 'order of magnitude' economic impact guidance in relation to the year-long series of events for the Bicentenary, the economic impact of several events of different scopes and scales were analysed.

As the event schedule for the Bicentenary is yet to be agreed, it is difficult to estimate the overall economic impact that might be expected for Albany. The impact noted for each of the event types provides a guide of the anticipated outcome, given adequate marketing and sufficient tourism infrastructure and accommodation availability.

The types of events that were considered included:

- A hallmark event (six days) with significant interstate and moderate international appeal;
- A major festival (three days) with significant intrastate and moderate interstate/international appeal;
- A medium sized event (two days) with moderate intra-state appeal;
- · A small, localised event (one day) with limited regional appeal;
- · A significant art installation and associated side events over an extended time period with significant intra-state, moderate inter-state and limited international appeal; and
- A small immersive art installation (two days) with limited intra-state appeal.

The summary of the economic impact for each of these events is shown on Section 7.7.

7.6 Additional considerations

Whilst each event type on its own represents an input to the economy, the closer events are to each other the more the economic impact is diluted and distributed between the events. This suggests that in order to maximise the economic impact of major and hallmark events they should be sufficiently separated to draw a different pool of visitors, rather than attract the same visitors several times in the same timeframe.

While large events will have significant interstate and some international attraction potential the need to distribute smaller and community-based events and/ or those events that occur within off-peak periods remains, as there is risk of 'attendance fatigue'.

The notion of 'attendance fatigue' is less likely during peak holiday periods when a series of smaller events allows for greater choice and creates an atmosphere of festivity, as well as having the potential to extend a visitor's length of stay and spend in Albany.

7.7 Potential economic impact

SCALE OF EVENT	SCALE OF EVENT TYPE OF EVENT		DIRECT IMPACT	TOTAL IMPACT
Major event	Festival (minimum three days)	20,000 - 25,000	\$17M - \$18M	\$30M - \$35M
Medium event	Market & performances (two days)	10,000 - 15,000	\$450K - \$550K	\$900K - \$1M
Small event	Performance (one day)	2,000 - 3,000	\$150K - \$200K	\$275K - \$400K
Small installation	Immersive art (one day)	1,000 - 1,500	\$70K - \$75K	\$175K – 185K
Major installation	Art installation & events (seven months)	185,000+	\$24M - \$25M	\$43M - \$45M





Next Steps

1. Thank you communications

Following the adoption of the Plan, communicate with all 'active' participants as well as passive contributors with a formal thank you as a minimum to the Albany Advisory Group members, Reference Group participants, key stakeholders, schools and youth and community more broadly.

2. Prepare a communications plan

Prepare a communications campaign plan as a lead up to the Bicentenary year.

3. Milestone communications

At key stages in the planning program, communicate with all 'active' participants as well as passive contributors, to acknowledge participation, advise of project progress, raise further awareness of the Bicentenary project and advertise 'call to action'. Leverage social media, local community networks (including schools), local print media and national media.

4. Update project governance

The project is moving into detailed design and operational stages, therefore adapting the current governance structure is required to ensure the right project partners, stakeholders and community are part of these activities. The Plan outlines a recommended approach and role, however more formal terms of reference should be prepared to assist with guiding the development of each group. It is also recommended that the composition of each of these groups is a combination of direct invitation and a call for expressions of interest.

5. Resourcing

Critical to the success of this project is enhancing the current resources available to the City to move forward. Additional resources will be required beyond these currently in place. A resourcing brief with identified skill sets is recommended to be prepared alongside sourcing funding. This will include options for both internal and external resourcing.

6. Prospectus and implementation plan

Following the adoption of the Plan the City will prepare a Bicentenary Prospectus to communicate the project vision to targeted high-level stakeholders such as Federal and State Government and funding bodies. The Prospectus will identify the City's anchor events and key infrastructure plans within the Bicentenary program that need to be secured early to ensure delivery within the proposed timeframe. A Bicentenary Implementation Plan should follow the Prospectus to set out the roadmap to delivery, including the governance structure, partnership opportunities, priority projects, delivery timeframes, risk management and the project schedule.

7. Funding

The Strategic Plan and Prospectus will be used to attract funding. A number of approaches will need to be considered, however in the first instance the Prospectus will focus on directing funding toward key events, activities or initiatives as agreed to by the City. Given the complexity around the ongoing programming and operational planning, the first option would be to seek funding via the State Government, Lotterywest, Federal Government and private sector. A partnership approach to sourcing funding is proposed alongside key potential project partners. Willingness exists with some stakeholders to contribute to and support funding submissions.

The City should consider establishing a separate Bicentenary Grant Fund to support the delivery of community initiatives that meet the Bicentenary assessment criteria. A formal application process would be developed to gain access to the grants.

8. Continued engagement

A good level of momentum was gained through the Strategic Plan engagement that should be maintained through to 2026. There are a number of gaps identified as part of the engagement findings. It is recommended that further engagement with the Menang Elders and community, minority ethnic groups and young people be undertaken.

9. Development of a bicentenary youth group

To facilitate the ongoing involvement of young people, early liaison with schools to 'build' into the school curriculum is recommended, with group meetings with the Bicentenary curation team to be held once a term each year until the Bicentenary.







	City of Albany Bicentenary Strategic Plan: Feedback						
	Name	Source	Ref		Comment	Action/s Taken	
1	Cr Chris Thomson	Councillor	EF22155580	Summary of detailed feedback provided			
				1	Concern over use of 60,000 figure when referencing Menang Noongar presense in Albany.	Page 3 will be edited to use the term 'since time immemorial'	
					Concern about competative nature of Mission statement. Suggest replacing 'Promote Albany as the cultural capital of regional Australia' with 'Advance Albany as a nationally significant centre of culture'.	Replace with "Advance Albany as a nationally significant regional cultural centre"	
				3	Suggested using 'first colonial settlement' for greater accuracy rather than 'first place' in executive summary where it outlines Albany as being the first place where two cultures, Menang Noongar and European, commenced living together on the Western Side of Australia.	Replace with "Albany was the first place where Menang Noongar and Europeans commenced living together on the Western side of Australia"	
					Concern about wording of 'Albany the birthplace of the state of Western Australia'. Believes it is a shorthand way of describing things, but incorrect and parochial. Suggestion to reword.	Noted, this objective is about recognizing that Albany played an inaugural and critical role in the development of the state now known as Western Australia.	
				5	Suggested to remove 'Our stories' diagram given limited inclusion of cultures present in Albany.	This diagram depicts 'in principle' the many cultures coming together to what we now know as Albany today. Recommend including a new statement "The following diagram is a sample representation of the many different cultures living in Albany over time. There are many ethnicities that have made Albany their home and they should all be celebrated for what they contribute to making Albany a rich and diverse community"	
					Concern over lack of Menang Noongar representation in historical context section. Concern lack of inclusion reinforces the myth of Indigenous culture being a thing of the past.	The panels are grouped as per main activities in Albany since 1826 i.e. whaling, port development, development of a city, two cultures living together. The inclusion of these panels were to give context to funding bodies etc who may not be familiar with Albany as to the history over the last 200 years. Menang people are reflected in two of four columns. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical timeline section.	
				7	Concern over wording in 2.3 Diagram. 'Albany has all the facilities and services expected in a major city'.	Reword to "Albany has all the facilities and services of a regional city."	
					Concern document does not explain rationale for acknowledging 2026 rather than Lockyer's proclamation in January 2027 which informed past place anniversaries such as the sesquicentenary.	This is stated on page 6 and page 31.	
				9	Suggested change reference throughout from 'BSP' to 'the plan'.	Will replace BSP with 'the Plan'	
					Raised inclusion of acknowledgement of Federal funding for the project via Building Better Regions grant	Actioned, placement of logo approved by funding body.	
				11	Concern over use of 'Menang First', suggestion to change to 'walking together'or similar.	The reference to Menang First arose from the community consultation and represents a number of outcomes from the community engagement, firstly recognising who were the original inhabitants – who was here first, a move away from a colonial perspective that is highly divisive today and growing more so every year – and the overriding view from community that this Bicentenary should present Menang culture and centralise it as a significant reconciliation opportunity. Recommend no change.	
2	Cr Thomas Brough	Councillor	EF22155580	Summary of detailed feedback provided			
					Concern regarding mission statement and inclusion of 'This will be done through the Albany Approach: Menang First, co-designed and co-decided with the Albany community'. Concern 'the Albany Approach' suggests engaging with local people, both indigenous and non-indigenous, and incorporating their ideas into a public multifaceted event is unique to Albany. Does not believe this process is unique to Albany but rather a standard model for community engagement in the development of events such as these.	Based on community and stakeholder engagement outcomes and sentiment, we propose the Menang First be retained within the Mission statement. Please reference below for rationale. The Albany Approach is a unique approach. Whilst community and stakeholder engagement has more recently included engaging with Aboriginal or first nations people, it is rare for this to be a focus. The level of engagement with Menang people was comparable to all other engagement activities for this stage of the overall project. The project brief requirements, as well as sentiment expressed by community throughout the engagement indicated strongly for Menang culture to be at the heart of the Bicentenary. Elevating Menang culture and engagement in the context of a Bicentenary is unique, thus the Albany Approach will set a standard for all subsequent Bicentenary events	

				3	Concern regarding use of 'Menang First', that the term is ambiguous, and its potential to convey that Menang identiy should be prioritised above other identity groups and therefore, the project approach not being egalitarian. Concern the term divides the community down racial lines, or could be construed to do so. Concern prioritising any group first in a public, inclusive community event does not achieve the desired inclusivity. Suggested to change 'co-designed and co-decided with the Albany community'. to 'co-designed and co-decided by the Albany community' and subsequent change to misison statement. Changing the 'with' to 'by' in the sentence "co-designed and co-decided with the Albany community" validates the consultation process and puts the community into the design and decision process.** An alternative to this sentence could be: 'Central to the development of this program is the Albany community, who will co-design and co-decide the approach.' Suggested to amend vision statement component 'reflecting honestly on our past'; suggested to remove honestly as conveys an emotive tone that our community might otherwise reflect dishonestly. Amend 'reflecting authentically on the past'; suggested to remove authentically as conveys an emotive tone that our community might otherwise reflect inauthentically.	**Support the inclusion of this text as supporting the rationale behind the Mission statement.
3	Cr Traill	Councillor	EF22155580	Summar	y of detailed feedback provided	
				1	Suggested removal of 'Our Stories' diagram due to additional cultures not present.	This diagram depicts 'in principle' the many cultures coming together to what we now know as Albany today. Recommend including a new statement "The following diagram represents the many different cultures living in Albany over time. There are many ethnicities that have made Albany their home and they should all be celebrated for what they contribute to making Albany a rich and diverse community"
				2	Suggest changing historical timeline visit of Phillip Parker King on the Mermaid in 1818 to visit in 1822.	Replace 1822, with 1818
				3	Concern about competative nature of Mission statement, suggest amendment to phrase 'regional cultural capital of Australia'.	Replace with "Advance Albany as a nationally significant regional cultural centre"
				4	Suggested to make Naming Statement more prominent in document.	Will aim to emphasize this statement visually.
				5	Suggested removal of repeat of King-ya-nup in naming statement.	Will remove one.
				6	Concern economic and visitor forecasts are not clearly earmarked as estimates.	Will correct by adding an additional title and words like 'Potential Economic Impact Scenarios'
				7	Expressed desire to capture momentum on project with dedicated website.	Noted, supported
				8	Typos	Noted, the Plan will go through a final edit prior to advertising.
				9	Concern over use of 60,000 figure when referencing Menang Noongar presense in Albany.	Page 3 will be edited to use the term 'since time immemorial
				10	Suggested replacing Menang names for the six seasons with more well known Noongar names.	Menang have strongly referenced use of their own language and Menang Noongar words and spelling and not Whadjuk Noongar words. They have expressed offence when Whadjuk words are used when Menang ones exist.
				11	Suggested to engage with various state based agencies on project and potential involvement.	Noted, key stakeholders have been and will continue to be encouraged to participate.
4	Cr Sandie Smith	Councillor	DP222374	Summar	ry of detailed feedback provided	
				1	Suggested removal of 'Our Stories' diagram due to additional cultures not present.	This diagram depicts 'in principle' the many cultures coming together to what we now know as Albany today. Recommend including a new statement "The following diagram represents the many different cultures living in Albany over time. There are many ethnicities that have made Albany their home and they should all be celebrated for what they contribute to making Albany a rich and diverse community"
				2	Concern about use of 'Menang First', suggested using 'starting' with the Menang stories of place.	The reference to Menang First arose from the community consultation and represents a number of outcomes from the community engagement, firstly recognising who were the original inhabitants – who was here first, a move away from a colonial perspective that is highly divisive today and growing more so every year – and the overriding view from community that this Bicentenary should present Menang culture and centralise it as a significant reconciliation opportunity. Recommend no change.

				3	Concern about negative connotation on 'reflecting honestly' per other elected members feedback.	The word 'honestly' stems directly from community and stakeholder conversations to ensure that truth telling occurs and is not 'glossed over' as is so often done in similar contexts. Similarly, the use of the word 'authentically' has been sourced from community and stakeholder conversations to ensure a particular outcome is achieved. Recommend no change.
				4	Concern about aspirational nature of Mission statement, suggest amending phrase 'cultural capital of regional Australia'.	Replace with "Advance Albany as a nationally significant regional cultural centre"
				5	Concern about the 'Albany Approach' per other elected members feedback.	Based on community and stakeholder engagement outcomes and sentiment, we propose the Menang First be retained within the Mission statement. Please reference below for rationale. The Albany Approach is a unique approach. Whilst community and stakeholder engagement has more recently included engaging with Aboriginal or first nations people, it is rare for this to be a focus. The level of engagement with Menang people was comparable to all other engagement activities for this stage of the overall project. The project brief requirements, as well as sentiment expressed by community throughout the engagement indicated strongly for Menang culture to be at the heart of the Bicentenary. Elevating Menang culture and engagement in the context of a Bicentenary is unique, thus the Albany Approach will set a standard for all subsequent Bicentenary events
				_	Tunas	Natad the Dies will as through a final adit prior to advertising
				7	Typos Suggested expansion of Menang components in historical timeline section.	Noted, the Plan will go through a final edit prior to advertising. Will enquire with Paramount and continue to engage with Menang community to source additional references. Paramount and element have worked on this document inclusive of heritage and Aboriginal anthropological expertise. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical timeline section.
	Councillor Matt Benson-Lidholm JP	Councillor	EF22155962	1	Supports replacement of 'Menang First' to 'Walking Together'	The reference to Menang First arose from the community consultation and represents a number of outcomes from the community engagement, firstly recognising who were the original inhabitants — who was here first, a move away from a colonial perspective that is highly divisive today and growing more so every year — and the overriding view from community that this Bicentenary should present Menang culture and centralise it as a significant reconciliation opportunity. Recommend no change.
				2	Supports removal of words 'authentically' and 'honestly' from mission statement	The word 'honestly' stems directly from community and stakeholder conversations to ensure that truth telling occurs and is not 'glossed over' as is so often done in similar contexts. Similarly, the use of the word 'authentically' has been sourced from community and stakeholder conversations to ensure a particular outcome is achieved. Recommend no change.
				3	Supports removal of 60,000 years in favour of 'from time imemorial'	Page 3 will be edited to use the term 'since time immemorial'
6	Anne Sorenson	CRG	EF22273861	1	Asked if langauage used around seasons was Menang, as she was more familiar with the Noongar words.	Confirmed, yes these are the Menang Noongar words and spelling.
7	Dr. Steffan Silcox	CRG	EF22475121	Summa	ry of detailed feedback provided	
				1	Initial comments relate to the history timeline and a number of inaccuracies it contains. 1: The Panoramic View of King Georges Sound is an engraving not a painting. The engraving was hand coloured at a later stage. 2. First paragraph Menang Noongar. First line I would suggest the following The district known as Albany - rather than the lands	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.
				2	Exploration 1627 Dutch explorers noted the coastline on their maps but did not chart it. That was done later by the likes of Baudin. 1791 Include HMS Investigator. The HMS was significant. The same for 1818 with the HMS Bathurst. 1826 Rework the last section after L'Astrolabe as the L'Astrolabe, and camped at Point possession for eighteen days.	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.
				3	Two Cultures Living Together. 1827 January 21, formal settlement with the establishment of a Cantonment at King George the Third Sound. There was no proclamation made by Major Lockyer. <i>Dr. Silcox provided historical accuracy and references.</i>	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.
				4	1832 King Georges Sound renamed Albany removed the word to	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.

			5	Convicts and Labour - 1851 Ticket of Leave convicts sent from the Swan River Colony to Albany. Change from Fremantle. 1852-1855 Capitalise Imperial not lower case. Also, the major problem that was encountered was the fact that the convicts on the whole were not skilled.	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.
			6	Main Port of Call - 1851 Albany declared Western Australia's Royal Mail and passenger port. The first Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company [P&O] Royal Mail, passenger and freight ships arrived. 1889 Great Southern Railway opened facilitating the transport of the Royal mail, passengers and freight from Albany to Perth.	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.
			7	War and Defence - 1893 Princess Royal Fortress completed.	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.
			8	Boer War troop ship sailed from Albany. [Only one ship so remove the s]	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.
			9	1914 First and second WW1convoys [There were two of them.]	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.
			10	1930 Reword for accuracy: First ANZAC dawn service held in Albany. See Appendix 2 for full	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.
			11	Whaling - 1820 to 1870's Sealers and whalers operated off the coast of Albany, French, American and British whalers often visited Albany for supplies. Suggest that the date be changed to 1800 to 1870's. 1865 Remove the whole section not important in timeline.	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.
			12	Road to a City - Should include 1851 Albany was Incorporated as a Municipal Town in 1851.	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.
			13	1861 Albany Road Board declared	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.
			14	1965 Albany Town Council built a new office and library facilities.	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.
			15	1977 Brig [remove italics for brig in document] Amity replica built [remove the word reproduction it is a replica]	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.
			16	PART 2 FEEDBACK - Our overall Aim should be focused on Conserving the Past While Preserving the Present in Preparation for the Future. Bicentennial Office - I fully Support the concept of a Bicentennial Office and I would hope that it would be expanded over time to become the Kinjarling -Albany Cultural, Ethnographical and Historical Centre	Noted
			17	A lasting tribute to mark the City's Bicentennial milestone. International and national experience would indicate that such centres promote significant interest in cultural and historical heritage. I have long advocated for the concept of such a centre to enhance and compliment extant central Albany historical precinct.	
			18	FTE I fully support the recruitment of further FTE to assist with the implementation	Noted
			19	Bicentennial Ambassadors - The concept of having Bicentennial Ambassadors was a good one, but they have not met since June as a group.	Reference Group meetings held in March, May, June, August (as part of Community Open House) and November with 12 month remit complete following adoption of the BSP. New governance arrangements to be implemented following adoption of BSP.
			20	As a final comment I would strongly argue that the document needs to be more inclusive and not be exclusive if we are to bring the community with us on this journey.	Noted
8	Director Regions, Jess Machin WA Museum	EF22474919	1	Cover page - I would be very careful of the subtitle - The Dawn of WA, as it could be misconstrued to be a very colonial statement. Albany existed before 1826 and in fact had thousands of years of history. It may be more appropriate to have a dual name for the plan.	Noted, no action. Dawn of WA arose through direct consultation with Menang Noongar community referencing the long and enduring heritage of Menang Noongar people as well as Albany's position as the place through which contemporary WA developed.
			2	Pg 7 – Can more of the migration culture groups be more inclusive (Italians, Karen First Nation)?	This diagram depicts 'in principle' the many cultures coming together to what we now know as Albany today. Recommend including a new statement "The following diagram represents the many different cultures living in Albany over time. There are many ethnicities that have made Albany their home and they should all be celebrated for what they contribute to making Albany a rich and diverse community"
			3	Pg 11- 12 In the Menang Noongar section, there must be a timeline from creation story through to the 1600's represented by key stories. These should be included.	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.

				5	P 13-14 There is no mention of Noongar History throughout these key milestones - these are all colonial milestones. The noongar milestones need to be woven into this timeline. Reconciliation and Truth telling - removal of children, establishment of missions, massacres, referendum, voting rights, native title. Pg 17-18 There needs to be an arts and cultural profile as well - which provides a summary of	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section. Noted
					the arts and cultural institutions and organisations as well as number of artists etc. Also, a summary of the language groups and Menang community who are they - give them visibility.	
				6	Align the Great Southern Arts, Culture and Heritage Strategy to the Bicentenary Strategy Pg 21-22 Missing the Culture response.	Addressed in 3. Regional Strategic Context - Informing Strategies. Comment relating to section previous version, resolved in future edits.
				8	Pg 23 -24 There is no mention of Menang legacy assets/infrastructure? Brig Amity is undergoing	Internal Museum WA project. Other than a cultural centre, capital projects did not arise as priority in Menang
					restoration works, however there will be a reinterpretation to add a Menang voice to the Brig Amity story.	engagement.
9	Lorna Wiggins	Resident	EF22476123	1	Obviously a lot of hard work has been done to achieve this Plan and I participated in 2 workshops. It seems the document is repetitive and takes a bit of tracking to see what's what.	Noted
				2	The City of Albany GIFT ALL remnant Forest and Bushland in Albany and Environs as a Bicentennial initiative to the Albany Community in perpetuity to protect Flora and Fauna for the future creating carbon offsets, and addressing climate change and showcasing our proactive City. *High tea for all the Community to celebrate the Bicentenary. *Opera and ballet in the Park attracting Local, State, National and International performers. *Concerts for all ages *Drama Art Competition *Sustainable buildings and gardens competition *ANZAC Story, music, bands, plays, tours *Indigenous corroboree, art, cultural displays. *Multicultural food and wine festival affordable for all. *Tourist Trails - drive/walk - history, food, wine, entertainment, wildflower, art, buildings, sea, mountains, rivers, mystery tours	Noted, opportunity for further ideas to be considered following adoption of BSP through curation process.
				3	Create something that is enjoyable, and leaves a legacy for future generations.	Noted, supported
10	Carly Le Cerf	Resident	EF22476131	1	Visual Arts Event idea - Working with historical records, photographs and/or historical paintings, letters, documents from Albany, artists respond to these items by making an artwork that in some way reflects aspects of the original in the new. *Art exhibition to be held at Town Hall, both floors and VAC as well. *Artists to submit EOI to be included. *It combines the collection with current artists from the Great Southern.	Noted, opportunity for further ideas to be considered following adoption of BSP through curation process.
11	Stephanie Leach	Past Resident	EF22274661	1	Formal acknowledgement of Mokare and Collie burial sites should be included.	Noted, opportunity for further ideas to be considered following adoption of BSP through curation process. Acknowledgement of Mokare burial site in progress.
12	Rev Stuart Bonnington	Resident	EF22274635	1	It looks like a very rich and diverse programme which I will look forward to supporting in due course. As a recent visitor interested in the religious history of Albany I was surprised that there seemed to be little local knowledge of or commemoration of the Octagon Church which I believe was the town's original place of Christian worship and the 'mother' congregation of several others that exist to this day. Has any thought been given to this important aspect of the heritage and history of Albany in terms of the Bicentenary?	Representatives from Albany's local churches have been invited to be part of the consultation on planning for the Bicentenary and several have attended. Opportunity for further ideas to be considered following adoption of BSP through curation process. The City is also planning for a publication on Albany to commemorate the Bicentenary, and the history of religion and the various heritage churches and sites has been identified as an important history to include.
13	David Steytler	CIRG	EF22476203	1	I think the strategic plan is excellent – I have had a read over it a couple of times and don't have a lot to add, I think it sets a great framework for implementation of the Bicentenary events.	Noted, no action required.
14	Sue Lefroy	City of Albany Staff	EF22156752	1	Page 9 - sp last paragraph "The following diagram m" P13 - Under 'War and defence' - suggest at 1914, an amendment to read "Two WWI convoys carrying Australian and New Zealand troops" etc etc. (They weren't ANZACs when they left our shores). P26 - Under 'Platinum Jubilee', yes indeed, QEII's Platinum Julbilee was celebrated in 2022 but the first sentence begins speaking about her 'Diamond Jubiliee" - which was in 2012. Confusing.	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section. Noted, to be corrected to 'Platinum Jubilee'

15	lan Clarke	Chair - CRG	AM22157191	1	The plan was easy to read and understand with opportunity to build on it, congratulated officers on the draft.	Noted, no action required.
16	Catherine Salmaggi	CRG	AM22157191	1	Expressed Museum WA through Jess Machin had provided feedback via email, B Findlay confirmed it had been received.	Feedback included within this public comment summary.
17	Elise van Gorp	CIRG	AM22157191	1	Seeing the feedback and ideas of each group had been useful.	Noted, no action required.
18	Paula Phillips	CRG	AM22157191	1	The draft gave an accurate summary of meetings and analysed a lot of information well, there were no obvious omissions. The plan provided a good, balanced overview and most involved in the project to date would see their voice reflected in it.	Noted, no action required.
19	Lenore Lyons	CIRG - Chair	AM22157191	1	Congratulated officers on the work to date, said the plan did well to identify the strategic themes and how the year would be curated with the diagram presenting this clearly.	Noted, no action required.
				2	Keen to see how the governance arrangements would link to active implementation including event development, support, marketing and engagement. Particularly given lessons learnt regarding engagement with the local business community for Anzac Albany.	Noted, to be actioned as part of curation and implementation process under revised Governance arrangements following adoption of BSP.
				3	Regarding the Key Initiatives section, suggested this be prefaced by an explanation of what the list represented, how projects would be progressed considering the local and international selection criteria, and how people could be involved in the implementation phase.	Preface to be actioned. Will also move Key Initiatives to section 5 of the Plan, Bicentenary Aspiration, rather than Implementation section as these ideas are not intended to be a definite program for the Bicentenary.
				4	Suggested that Reconciliation be moved higher under the Measures of Success table, and that this identify the more fundamental measure being a shift or change in how communities interact.	To be actioned
20	Steffan Silcox	CRG	AM22157191	1	Expressed he was disappointed with the plan and had sent through feedback via email regarding the historical context section.	Feedback received and recorded/actioned.
				2	S Silcox felt the plan lacked excitement. 'Big picture' ideas, which would have long term benefits and outcomes for Albany, were missing. Felt the plan should outline the aspirations, desired outcomes and action plans.	Noted, no action required.
				3	The plan should demonstrate how projects will be selected and actioned.	Noted, to be actioned as part of Preface to Key Initatives section.
21	Rob Mason	CIRG	AM22157191	1	Would like the plan to demonstrate what Albany ends up with following 2026 in terms of a legacy asset. Apart from the Botanic Garden this had not been identified in the plan.	Noted, other capital works not identified as community priority.
				2	Said the draft reflected the various groups in Albany well	Noted, no action required.
				3	Acknowledgement and recognition of the Menang Noongar people is well done. Plan leads the way in this and it is clear from the beginning that Reconciliation is an important outcome.	Noted, no action required.
				4	Said the vision statement was spot on.	Noted, no action required.
22	Annette Davis	CRG	AM22157191	1	The plan provided a good summary of the engagement but would also like to see the legacy projects and more information on how projects would be actioned.	Noted, to be actioned as part of Preface to Key Initatives section.
				2	Asked that the ability for initiatives to be included into the future be articulated in the plan.	Noted, to be actioned as part of Preface to Key Initatives section.
		Additional Feedback	EF22477007	1	The Museum of the Great Southern has been planning for the Bicentenary, with a proposed Menang Mia Mia as a meeting place along with upgrades to the Amity pond area. This is different to the Keeping Place listed in the document. I believe that the Museum's plans should be incorporated into this Strategic Plan.	Noted, action - Mia Mia to be included in 6.3.4, 5.5. Reference to 'keeping place' retained.
				2	I am pleased to see the listing of the Bicentenary Film Festival (via CinefestOZ Albany) as a key initiative and look forward to contributing to discussions to progress this via the CinefestOZ Albany Community Advisory Committee.	Noted, supported
				3	I'm also pleased to see the Story Telling initiative. As well as these events which will happen during the Bicentenary, I'd like to see an expanded program of oral history and video history recordings co-ordinated through the Local Studies Collection in the lead up to as well as during the Bicentenary.	Noted, opportunity for further ideas to be considered following adoption of BSP through curation process.

					Other exhibition options: 1.An exhibition from the State Art Collection (Art Gallery of WA) of artworks about Albany or from Albany, combined with items from the State Museum Collection relating to Albany. Or curate an exhibition of artworks about Albany from other collections. For example, the Shire of Collie has a beautiful painting of Mt Clarence by significant WA artist Guy Grey-Smith. 2.A curated exhibition of Noongar artists and non-Indigenous artists. Artists could come together to develop ideas/themes that they respond to or they respond to an artefact, historical item or location. Some works could be collaborations. 3.The Herbert Mayer Collection of Carrolup Art. I understand from Vernice Gillies that the Board at John Curtin Gallery that looks after this collection has approved that it can travel to Albany to be presented here for 6 months during the Bicentenary. This isn't listed anywhere as an initiative. Though the source of the artworks (Carrolup) is obviously not in Albany, this collection is widely acclaimed and very important in our State's cultural history. A venue with museum-standard facilities is required for the presentation of these artworks so the Town Hall Gallery is probably the only option, and that means that a 6 month presentation would not be feasible.	Noted, opportunity for further ideas to be considered following adoption of BSP through curation process.
23	Lester Coyne	AHRGAC	AM22157191		build from. Said the 'Our Stories' diagram was a good demonstration, and he hopes more Menang Noongar people will be involved in the next phases of the project.	Noted, no action required.
					Said the Reconciliation outcomes of the plan are extremely important. Australia is still known as a country which does not recognise First Nations people and the outcomes of the Bicentenary are an important vehicle to change this.	Noted, no action required.
				3	City of Albany Council should support the voice to parliament as other local governments have done.	Noted, for consideration by Council as separate matter.
24	Stephen Hopper	CIRG	AM22157191		Supported comments from previous members and said the plan was a reasonable start being mindful of the short time frame to the Bicentenary of only 3 years.	Noted, no action required.
				2		Noted, to be refined as part of the prospectus development.
				3	Regarding the Menang component, he was disappointed about this and would have liked to see something around a giving over of land to the Menang Noongar people.	Not identified as a priority from the Menang Noongar community, no action required.
						Noted, to be actioned as part of Preface to Key Initatives section.
				6	Suggested moving 'Next Steps' title to top of page for increased clarity.	Noted, to be actioned
					criteria.	Selection criteria had arisen directly from the priorities identified in the community engagement, that projects did not need to meet all of them and a minimum was yet to be defined. Having the two streams was important to allow room for high quality initiatives with significant international pull to be included should they arise between 2023-2025.
						Noted, order changed per recommendation. Reconcilliation measure to be updated.
25	Roger Guinery	Resident	IF22476924	1		Noted
	- ,				Graphic on p8 is not fully inclusive and excludes other peoples and cultures such as Thais, Indians, Sri Lankans and Koreans. If we are serious about Albany being a progressive, multicultural society now and into the future (where anything is possible) we need to address this. My suggestion is that an additional line be included (perhaps replacing the Filipinos) which covers people from the global community (a title which would include Asia, Africa, the Americas	Noted, action - Chinese/Filipino line or both renammed 'global community' or the like.
					and the Pacific). the plan seems to be weak on identifying external stakeholders, and the messages we wish to convey. Who do we want to communicate to outside Albany: a. Great Southern, WA, Australia, the world b. Tourists c. Investors d. Politicians, public servants, opinion formers, media?	To be actioned as part of prospectus
26	Joe Galantino	Resident	EF22476920		If there is a criticism I would raise with respect to Albany in general, it would be an inability to read the play and look beyond the obvious horizon of 2026. Where do we want to be beyond 2026? I am not sure the objectives in the draft plan are realistic.	Out of scope

				2	Albany airport does not allow for direct flights to other cities in Australia. Busselton has a	Out of scope
					smaller population but much more capability to drive growth and change.	
				3	What future events do we pitch for? What sporting events are scheduled to come up in the next	Out of scope
				_	20 years that Albany wants to tender for?	
				4	Noted lack of cultural experiences in Albany compared to other cities in Australia.	Out of scope
				5	Lack of planning and development on the Albany waterfronts.	Out of scope
				6	Traffic management issues and congestion in York St.	Out of scope
				7	Made various suggestions: repaint CBH Silos, Global Bicentenary Art Piece, Invite ships to sail into Albany, invite cruise ships.	Noted, opportunity for further ideas to be considered following adoption of BSP through curation process.
27	Adam Wolfe	Resident	EF22476925	1	The strategy is great in stating the important task of consulting with and promoting Aborginal	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.
					Noongar Menang people and truth telling. Also talks about natural environment and its	
					protection and enhancement. The rest seems insular, narrow, inward looking even lacking flair,	
					especially when taking into account the fact that from 1791 right up to until 1978 Albany had	
					international strategic economic and military significance.	
				2	There seems to be no mention of developing synergies and partnerships with others beyond	Noted.
					the boundaries of Albany and Western Australia, let alone considering the importance of any	
					existing sister city relationships that may add to the quality of planned processes and events.	
				3	Also, the important theme of the sea seems to be regarded as of less importance, and is even	Noted.
				3	trivialised. For the Aboriginal Noongar Menang people the sea was a critical and important	inoted.
					resource. For the non-Aboriginal peoples it was a critical lifeline. In our time Albany is a sea port	
					and part of our community and economny.	
				4	King Georges Settlement was originally established in 1826 as a military outpost of New South	Noted, opportunity for further ideas to be considered following adoption of BSP through curation process.
					Wales an attempt to thwart any desire by a foreign realm to lay claim to the Sound and the	
					adjoining coast. Given this history and connection, could their be an opportunity for the	
					strategy to discuss building processes and even events that connect with New South Wales, its	
					people and government- a shared journey?	
				5	One Albany lady married an American whaling Captain and went to live in New Bedford! Why	Noted, opportunity for further ideas to be considered following adoption of BSP through curation process.
					not explore the New Bedford Whaling Museum in Massachusetts in the United States about	
					possible synergies and opportunities.	
				6	Also, lacking is reference to academia and learning. Marking 200 years could be an opportunity	-Addressed in 6.2 Governance, Bicentenary Bunch and continued engagement with schools. Collaboration
					to launch education programs, set up learning and other partnerships, both local, intra and	with educational centres will be ongoing.
					interstate, and international all at a tertiary and secondary level.	
				7	In conclusion there is risk, given that we live in a 'global village', if you just focus on the land	Noted.
					namely soldiers (ANZACS) and local farmers, politicians, town and lands people, and ignore the	
					sea, then the strategy might be a bit ordinary and parochial, and miss the point that at a time	
					of great global challenge we all need, around the world, to be reaching out, connecting, and	
					talking to each other.	
				Histori	cal references were provided for the following:	
				8	P8 (PDF) P11 (Text)-'1627 Dutch explorers charted the coastline.' Perhaps this could be better	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.
					phrased in the singular, as in the 'Dutch explored the coast line'.	
				9	(Ibid)-'1791 British explorer Commander George Vancouver sailed into the sound on the	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.
					Discovery and named it after the reigning monarch, King George III.' - Perhaps best to use	
					Vancouver's correct, official rank, Captain George Vancouver (RN).	
				10	(Ibid)-'1803 French explorer Nicolas Baudin sailed into King George Sound as part of a scientific	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.
					expedition, charting the coast and discovering new species of flora and fauna.' - If you are going	
					to mention Baudin then you need to mention Louis-Claude de Freycinet who was in command	
					of the Casuarina and who accompanied Baudin who commanded the Naturaliste	

			11	(Ibid)-'1832 King George Sound renamed to Albany, after the Duke of York and Albany. The settlement became part of the Swan River Colony under Sir James Stirling' This is confusing sentence. King George Sound was not renamed Albany, today it is called King Georges Sound. Perhaps better to say 'The King George's Sound Settlement was renamed Albany'	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.
			12	(Ibid)-'1832 King George Sound renamed to Albany, after the Duke of York and Albany. The settlement became part of the Swan River Colony under Sir James Stirling' Incorrect date. The King Georges Sound settlement was handed over to the control of the Swan River colony on 7th March 1831!!!!	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.
			13	(Ibid)-'1850 to 1881 Expansion of the workforce and local economy, especially agriculture, supported by convict labour.' - This not quite correct. Transportation to Western Australia ceased in 1868.	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.
			14	Photo-'Albany Town and Princess Royal Harbour from Mt Melville c 1880 - Photo Albany History Collection' perhaps more correct citation of C 1890 would be relevant	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.
			15	P9 (PDF) P12 (Text)-'1880s to 1890s Albany became an important port for ships travelling from Europe to the Eastern states and for people travelling to the Western Australian goldfields' Albany-King Georges Sound was Western Australia's mail and coal port, and as such, was the colony's 'international port' from 1852 to until 1900	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.
			16	Why do you not mention the arrival in 1911 of the newly formed Royal Australian Navy (RAN). Albany was the first Australian port of call for the principle elements of the fleet before steaming to Sydney-an occasion as worthy as that of the departure of the two ANZAC convoys?	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.
			17	(Ibid)-'1914 The first WWI convoy, carrying ANZAC troops, horses and supplies, departs from Albany to join the Allied forces in Europe and Africa'. There were two ANZAC convoys in 1914 bound for the Middle East!	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.
			18	(Ibid)-'1820s-1870s Sealers and whalers operated off the coast of Albany. American whalers had often visited Albany for supplies' British, French, American and Australian (Tasmanian) whaling ships operated off the south coast from 1800 to 1888.	Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the historical section.
			19	By the way in the diagram on page g7 (PDF) 9 (text) you mention the Chinese and Filipinos people who have come to live in Albany. This begs the question: what about including the Portuguese (only a small number), the Dutch (a huge number especially after World War Two) and others?	Noted, action - Chinese/Filipino line or both renammed 'global community' or the like.
28	Stephen Hopper	Online comment	1	Hope that all the hard work on this key international attraction has not been lost as a major infrastructure development to celebrate the bicentenary	Comment regarding Botanic Garden, noted.
29	Sayah Drummond	Online comment	1	With all the events and infrastructure I am concerned about the sustainability. Please include a guide/ protocols for sustainable events. Incorporate sustainable purchasing and waste avoidance practices into event planning at the outset. Decrease landfill from an event. Decrease levels of litter being left. Decrease the contamination levels of collected materials	Noted, current City of Albany Event Guidelines and State regulations are followed at Events. External event organisers encouraged to ensure sustainable waste management.
			2	Need to improve trail designs to be more sustainable, would be great to include more heritage and environmental educational signs alongside the art installations for example upgrading the Luke Pen/ Kalgan walk.	Noted, supported through existing strategies & projects by City of Albany
30	Pia Metcalfe	Online comment	1	I love the idea of a permanent attraction being added to Albany's many delights. The idea of a botanic garden is excellent, encompassing Menang culture, sustainability, and an appreciation of our natural beauty. I would hope that children and families would be considered in the planning for this, to include a nature play and exploration space for children and families to enjoy and learn about Menang culture and biodiversity. It is such an opportunity to add a feature for local and visiting families and children, when there is an overall deficiency in central, well located options for families and children with other amenities like cafes, shops and toilets nearby. I wonder what location could be used? Such a great idea and opportunity for Albany.	Noted, supported as part of Mounts Master Plan for site.

1 The focus of the Bicentenary on acknowledging the past with regard to our First Peoples is apt and necessary. But rather than focus simply on showcasing indigenous culture and history, I would like to see the City consider the enshrinement of some kind of permanent, all-indigenous advisory board to provide advice on any Council decisions flagged as having a direct impact on the local indigenous community. I imagine a kind of local equivalent to the advisory function envisioned in the Uluru Statement. not a new chamber nor possessed of any kind of veto power, but for which there is a formal requirement to consult. This would take some work, not least the parameters in which it could operate consistent with the LG Act, but there are some four years to work it out so the first sitting coincides with the Bicentenary year. 1 National Trust WA EF22477233 1 National Trust support the City's efforts. What sort of role do you envisage us having? It is noted that NT is not listed as a key stakeholder in the document. We are keen to partner and are separately advocating for bicentenary funding. We will develop stories that are specifically pointed to the Bicentenary message and plan to facilitate a schedule	vork with Menang Elders throughout the
that NT is not listed as a key stakeholder in the document. 2 We are keen to partner and are separately advocating for bicentenary funding. We will develop Noted, partnerships are welcomed and essential to the success of the	J
of events in the form of festivals, new interpretation, a program of events and more.	he Bicentenary.
Strawberry Hill is an established cultural heritage site significant for both its Aboriginal and post- contact history. We are keen for the place to be considered and promoted as one of Albany's premier cultural heritage tourism offerings complementing the ANZAC Centre, museum and other places. The site offers a facility for events, markets, talks, cultural tourism product, education and learning opportunities etc.	
Regarding Dawn of WA: There is thousands of years of Menang occupation prior to 1826 that Noted, Dawn of WA arose through direct consultation with Menang should be recognised in this title which contemporary WA developed.	
Regarding opening paragraph of executive summary - suggests replacement of 'first place' with visettlement' Regarding opening paragraph of executive summary - suggests replacement of 'first place' with existing Menang settlements in the region.	ay from use of Settlement given pre-
Regarding last Objectives (2.1) - relevant to note here that Albany could pursue a serial national heritage listing Noted, City of Albany is investigating this opportunity post outcomes DIS293 at February OCM 2022.	es of Bicentenary consultations. Refer to
Regarding historical timeline - suggested addition of 1964 Strawberry Hill/Barmup vested in Noted. Further guidance will be sought from ABAG on changes to the National Trust - the State's first National Trust property.	ne historical section.
Regarding informing strategies, GSDC Strategic Plan - Relevant to the Bicentenary, GSDC Strategic Plan also states opportunity to "Enhance the region's significant heritage and cultural assets as important drawcards for visitation by promoting the region as a heritage and cultural hub of activity. Noted.	



BICENTENARY OF ALBANY ADVISORY GROUP MINUTES

Friday 25th November Civic Rooms, City of Albany or via Teams From 2:00pm

MEMBERS:

Dennis Wellington Mayor, City of Albany – Chair

Andrew Sharpe CEO, City of Albany Rebecca Stephens MLA Member for Albany

Natasha Monks CEO, Great Southern Development Commission

Alec Coles CEO WA Museum (Teams)

Lester Coyne Chair, Albany Heritage Reference Group Aboriginal Corporation

Ian Clarke Chair, Albany Bicentenary Community Reference Group

Lenore Lyons Chair, Albany Bicentenary Commercial and Industry Reference Group

Mark Sayers Representative, Rick Wilson MP

CITY OF ALBANY:

Nathan Watson City of Albany, Executive Director Community Services

Louise Paterson City of Albany, Manager Community Relations
Bethany Findlay City of Albany, Bicentenary Coordinator

GUESTS:

Cath Blake-Powell Element, Principal – Engagement (MS Teams)

Suzie Zuber Element, Associate – Place Cr Sandie Smith Deputy Mayor, City of Albany

Cr Malcolm Traill Councillor, City of Albany (MS Teams)

Cr Chris Thomson Councillor, City of Albany

APOLOGIES:

Advisory Group Members:

Hon. Alannah MacTiernan Minister for Regional Development; Agriculture and Food; Hydrogen Industry

Rick Wilson MP Federal Member for O'Connor

Renata Lowe Acting Executive Director Destination Development, Tourism WA

Shelagh Magadza Executive Director Culture and the Arts, Department of Local Government,

Sport and Cultural Industries

Guests:

Cr Benson-Lidholm Councillor, City of Albany

The Albany Bicentenary Advisory Group (ABAG) is responsible for:

- To lead a coordinated, high-level advocacy effort to support the design and delivery of Albany's Bicentenary.
- Ensure appropriate acknowledgement of Menang heritage and inclusion of the Noongar community in the Bicentenary project to achieve increased visibility and recognition.
- Delivery of a strategic plan with a comprehensive recommendation on a preferred 'response' to the Bicentenary of Albany by July 2022.

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- Delivery of an accompanying high quality prospectus summarising the preferred approach and its benefits, suitable for funding and project advocacy.
- Establishment of suitably qualified Implementation Group and plan following endorsement of strategic plan.
- Facilitate extensive community and stakeholder consultation in the development and modelling of options for the Bicentenary of Albany.

AGENDA ITEMS

No		Item	Owner				
	Welcome / declaration of o	pening					
	The Chair opened the meeting at 2:00pm, welcomed members and introduced guests: Cath Blake – Powell and Suzie Zuber from element, Cr Chris Thomson and Cr Malcolm Traill.						
	Visiting City of Albany Counc	cillors were provided the opportunity to address the meeting.					
1.	Cr Thomson said while he st Advisory Group well in their of	ill had some concerns regarding the document, he wished the deliberations.	Chair				
	Cr Traill said the project was proceeding to the next phase	heading in the right direction and noted the importance of e.					
	2:10pm Alec Coles joined to	the meeting via MS Teams.					
	Record apologies and leav	e of absence					
	Members:						
2.	Hon. Alannah MacTiernan Rick Wilson MP Shelagh Magadza	Minister for Regional Development; Agriculture and Food; Hydrogen Industry Federal Member for O'Connor Executive Director Culture and the Arts, Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries	Chair				
	Renata Lowe	Acting Executive Director Destination Development, Tourism WA Renata provided feedback and support for the recommendations via email.					
	Guests:						
	Cr Benson-Lidholm Councillor, City of Albany						
	•	rmanent Conflicts to be Noted)					
3.	 Members that have a potential conflict of interest to send information to minute secretary (Bethany) 						
	Nil recorded.						
4.	Confirmation of Previous M	linutes and Actions					
		efer to Minutes from 22 nd July 2022 – Attachment 1	Chair				
	o Moved: lan Cl	arke					

	Seconded: Natasha Monks	,					
	O Seconded. Inalastia Motins						
	Element: Presentation of Albany Bicentenary Strategic Plan						
	C Blake-Powell and S Zuber provided a presentation to members on the Albany Bicentenary Strategic Plan.						
	C Blake-Powell opened the item, introduced S Zuber and provided an overview of the project to date. C Blake-Powell acknowledged there were possibly different views about the Bicentenary within the community and noted the desire to find a collaborative approach to 2026. C Blake-Powell spoke to the number of passionate people who had been involved in the project and provided feedback and the importance of Albany's Bicentenary as a once in a lifetime opportunity for the community and key stakeholders and an opportunity to reflect inclusiveness.						
5.	S Zuber provided an overview of the detail of the draft Plan including the process on arriving at the vision and mission statements through community consultation. Other sections covered were the 'Our Stories' diagram, Community Engagement Program and initiatives from June – October 2022, the framework of the draft Plan, curatorial themes, selection criteria, how the year will be curated considering the various narratives of truth-telling and reconciliation, commemoration and celebration, transitioning the governance structure to focus on implementation, next steps and potential economic impact. Slides are attached for reference.	element					
	S Zuber provided an overview of the Public Comment period facilitated by City officers from 21 October – 21 November 2022. Stakeholders and those involved in the project were invited to comment via the feedback form, direct email to the Bicentenary Coordinator, or online. All participants and key stakeholders were emailed directly regarding the period of public comment and a combined reference group meeting was held with invitations to attend circulated to all members of the Menang Noongar, Community, and Commercial & Industry reference groups.						
	Further promotions of the public comment period were via local media, City e-newsletters and as part of the City display at the 2022 Albany Agricultural Show.						
	S Zuber noted the feedback and comments received were summarised for members in element's report along with the proposed response for ABAG's consideration.						
	Proposed Changes arising from Public Comment						
	S Zuber directed members to element's report outlining the key areas of the plan which received substantial feedback and proposed changes resulting.						
6.	Each item and associated recommendation were considered by ABAG.	Chair					
	 Generally: Typographic errors to be amended. 						
	Section 2.2 'Our Stories' a. Diagram						
	Comment identified a number of communities that were not represented in the						

diagram as shown.

Recommendation: Re-design the diagram to reflect a more diverse community with origins that span the globe. Lines will indicate general periods of immigration from non-specific countries of origin other than the British as the first settling immigrants in 1826.

R Stephens and A Sharp said they like the diagram and its intended purpose to demonstrate the number of different cultures creating the community today but agreed it should be more representative of cultures.

N Monks was supportive of the recommendation and noted the Thai communitys' influence in Albany.

D Wellington noted the significant contribution of the Italian and Dutch communities in Albany and that they should be included.

L Paterson suggested the addition of more lines to represent various communities but that these should not be allocated to cultures given the impossibility of listing them all and intent of the diagram to be symbolic.

D Wellington suggested moving the ABS culture information from section 2.3 to below the diagram for context.

A Sharpe said the reference to specific cultures should be removed other than Menang, European should be renamed to British for accuracy and the diagram should include more lines to demonstrate the diversity of Albany today.

N Watson said A Sharpe's suggestion would retain the integrity of the diagram while making it more nuanced. He suggested the words which accompany the diagram should be more descriptive rather than linked directly to each line.

The group was supportive of this approach.

A Coles said there was a similar map done at Boola Bardip which may be helpful.

Action: Changes to be made per the above with non-allocated lines added, wording updated to be more descriptive, cultural statistics moved to underneath the diagram.

b. Historical Timeline:

A number of comments offering corrections, clarifications and additions have been received. Main concerns are on the most important dates and events that should be included over others, and that contemporary Noongar history is not shown. The number of comments on this section raise a concern that it may be serving as a distraction to the main objective of the Plan.

Recommendation:

The comments could be addressed in a number of ways, for which we seek the ABAG's guidance:

- Leave the section as is (making essential minor corrections for accuracy).
- ii. Omit the historical timeline completely
- iii. Expand this section to include additional dates of significance.
- iv. Expand this section to include key events in contemporary Noongar history including: the 1905 Aboriginies Act, establishment of the first mission in the region, implementation of the White Australia Policy, the 1967 Referendum.

2:40pm Cr Sandie Smith arrived and joined the gallery.

N Watson provided an overview of the intent of the section being for those with limited context of Albany and that the reference to how long the Menang Noongar have been here has already been updated.

A Coles said the plan is about the Bicentenary, while timelines such as these can be useful if it is causing endless debate he questioned if it was necessary and supported option 2, omission.

M Sayers questioned its place in the document if it was diluting the core of the plan.

N Monks was supportive of removal if it was causing contention.

L Coyne preferences option 1, leave the section as is making essential minor corrections for accuracy.

L Lyons presented an alternative, noting the element of distraction and suggested changes be made for accuracy but changing the section to an appendix rather than removing all together. This would allow the section to be referenced for those seeking further information, historical context would still be provided but the section would not take attention away from the document as a whole.

R Stephens said the section was important and shouldn't be removed entirely, supported L Lyon's suggestion.

I Clarke supported making this section an appendix.

A Sharpe supported change to an appendix given it was causing distraction. However, he suggested the Dale Panorama should be retained within the body of the document given its significance.

A Coles expressed that given it was already causing distraction it risked people focusing on this rather than the strategy. Supportive of change to appendix as section is not critical to the plan.

C Blake-Powell said strategies need context which is the intent of this section. Element would take on board the comments regarding risk of distraction and that clarifying the key moments in time but providing references to further information might be useful.

S Zuber said element could reduce the section to generally summarising key moments in time in a storytelling format, retaining the panorama and directing readers to further external sources.

The group discussed was supportive of this approach.

C Thomson addressed the meeting with permission from the chair to say he had commented on this component of the plan and the need to include contemporary Noongar history to ensure the Menang Noongar culture was portrayed as a living culture. He thanked element for including this as an option for consideration by the group.

Action: Section to be condensed, Dale Panorama retained, text to be written in a storytelling format, including Noongar contemporary history, and footnoted. Section to be circulated for review electronically.

N Monks left the meeting at 3:00pm

3. Section 5.8 Measures of Success Table

Suggest that Reconciliation be moved higher up the table and identifies a more

fundamental measure of success such as a demonstrable shift in attitude and how communities interact.

Recommendation:

- I. Move Reconciliation to the top of the table.
- II. Add to detail: Increased awareness of Menang culture and history. Participation of non-indigenous people in Aboriginal focused events. Mixed cultural participation in events.
- III. Add example tool: corporate scorecard and post event surveys.

L Lyons was supportive of recommendation I, recognizing these measures had not originally been ranked but should be. Suggested recommendation II was on the right track but did not capture the measure fully.

L Coyne said the word Reconciliation referred to a broken marriage which was not the context it is being used in. He agreed it should be moved to the top and a more solid measure articulated. L Coyne said the City of Albany Council should support the voice to parliament as other local governments had done.

A Coles said it was important to ensure non-aboriginal people were involved in Aboriginal events.

C Blake-Powell suggested element review the section given the discussion and come back with some recommended detail. S Zuber said they would seek L Coyne's guidance on how best to articulate the measure.

Action: element to liaise with Lester Coyne on detail and wording, measure to be moved to top of table.

4. Section 6.2 Governance

Feedback requested clarity around the project governance structure to link to the active implementation of the Bicentenary initiatives.

Recommendation:

Expand the final bullet points to include: 'including event development, marketing and engagement'.

Recommendation was supported by the group.

5. Section 6.3 Key Initiatives

Feedback suggested the inclusion of a preface to this section, explaining what the list represents, how projects would be progressed considering the local and international selection criteria, and how people could be involved in the implementation phase. Also to clarify that there will be future opportunities for ideas to be considered and progressed during curation phase.

Recommendation

- I. Restructure section so that 6.3 Key Initiatives has higher priority in the document, re-locate to section 5. Bicentenary Aspiration including a photograph of the workshops to elevate its importance. Section 6.3.1 to sit below 6.3 with visual separation.
- II. Replace existing text (*The below initiatives have been generated through engagement with Stakeholders and members of the Albany community throughout 2022 and are the key priorities for events, programs or products for exercises.*

the Bicentenary roll out. It is acknowledged that community, stakeholder and Council priorities may shift over the lead up to the Bicentenary and planning should be flexible to allow for the release and capture of initiatives as they arise.) with the following:

Over 1,000 ideas have been generated through engagement with stakeholders and members of the Albany community at workshops and an online engagement platform hosted in 2022. The following section reflects the priority initiatives proposed through this community engagement for events, programs or products for the Bicentenary roll out that meeting some or all of the selection criteria listed in section 5.6.

These ideas are included as exampled of initiatives the community of Albany would like to see realized through the Bicentenary year. Further ideas are being developed by key stakeholders, and additional ideas will be proposed by the community in subsequent stages of the project. Any project pursued would be subject to funding and resourcing, and further development with delivery partners.

It is acknowledged that community, stakeholder and Council priorities may shift over the lead up to the Bicentenary and planning should be flexible to allow for the release and capture of initiatives as they arise. These opportunities will be explored in further detail in the Albany Bicentenary 2026 Implementation Plan and curation phase of the project. This will ensure that all future ideas proposed by the community and stakeholders are captured and considered for delivery as part of the Bicentenary program.

The above recommendation was supported by the group.

6. Section 8 Recommended Next Steps

Feedback requested clearer identification of the ten points on page 52 being Next Steps. Several questions were raised about how the ideas would be implemented.

Recommendations:

- I. Add 'Next Steps' title to page 52.
- II. Add the below description of the Prospectus and Implementation Plan to the Next Steps.

Prospectus and Implementation Plan

Following the adoption of this Strategic Plan the City will prepare a Bicentenary prospectus to communicate the project vision to targeted high level stakeholders such as Federal and State Government And funding bodies. The Prospectus will identify the City's anchor events and key infrastructure plans within the Bicentenary program that need to be secured early to ensure delivery within the proposed timeframe. The Bicentenary Implementation Plan will follow the Prospectus to set out the roadmap to delivery, including the governance structure, partnership opportunities, priority projects, delivery timeframes, risk management and the project schedule.

Regarding point 6. Annual Calendar of Events in Section 8 (Next Steps), R Stephens said Albany already has a calendar of events and is wary of setting up false expectations.

L Lyons suggested the removal of 6. Annual Calendar of Events and combine points 7. Funding and 8. Community driven events, activities, or initiatives for greater clarity.

The above recommendations were supported by the group.

Action: element to remove 6. Annual Calendar of Events, combine and reword 7. Funding and 8. Community driven events, activities or initiatives.

Following the deliberation of each recommendation, and direction from ABAG, element's report and response to feedback received was recommended for support by ABAG.

Recommendation:

That the proposed response and actions relating to feedback received during the period of public comment be SUPPORTED.

o Moved: Ian Clarke

o Seconded: Lenore Lyons

Endorsement of Albany Bicentenary Strategic Plan

As identified in the Terms of Reference, The Albany Bicentenary Advisory Group (ABAG) has the remit from City of Albany Council to deliver:

- 1. A strategic plan with a comprehensive recommendation on a preferred 'response' to the Bicentenary of Albany.
- Ensure appropriate acknowledgement of Menang heritage and inclusion of the Noongar community in the Bicentenary project to achieve increased visibility and recognition (throughout plan).
- 3. Establishment of suitably qualified Implementation Group and plan following endorsement of strategic plan (6.2).

Subject to any agreed alterations arising from the period of public comment, the Bicentenary Strategic Plan is proposed for endorsement by ABAG.

Chair

Recommendation:

That the Albany Bicentenary Strategic Plan be SUPPORTED and recommended to Council, subject to the proposed changes that have been agreed to by ABAG.

a. Moved: Ian Clarke

b. Seconded: Lenore Lyons

M Sayers, representative of Rick Wilson MP, abstained from the above vote.

8. Next Steps

7.

- 1. The Albany Bicentenary Strategic Plan will be presented to the City of Albany Council for formal consideration.
- 2. A high-level Prospectus, informed by the Strategic Plan, will be developed by element.

(As the prospectus will be finalised across the summer period, it will be circulated to the Bicentenary Advisory Group for comment and endorsement digitally).

REPORT ITEM SCM030 REFERS

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3.	Following endorsement of the Bicentenary Strategic Plan by Council, the City will review the	
	recommended Governance Arrangements (6.2) with a view to transitioning to a model that	
	focuses on implementation.	